# The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO THURSDAY NOVEMBER 26, 1896. XXXV—NO. 37



## BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

**ATTORNEYS.**

ROBERT H. FOLGER, Attorney at Law, U. S. Commissioner, Commissioner of Deeds for New York and Pennsylvania, and Notary Public Office second floor over Rudolph's jewelry store. South Erie street, Massillon, O. Will give strict attention to all business entrusted to his care in Stark and the adjoining counties.

**BANKS.**

UNION NATIONAL BANK, Massillon Ohio Jos. Coleman, President, J. H. Hunt, Cashier.

**PHYSICIANS:**

DR. W. H. KIKLAND, Homeopathic Practice. Office No. 55 East Main street, Massillon, Ohio. Office open day and night.

**HARDWARE.**

S. A. CONRAD & CO., Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Hardware, etc., Main street.

**MANUFACTORIES.**

RUSSELL & CO., manufacturers of Threshing Machines, Portable, Semi-Portable and Traction Engines, Horse powers, Saw Mills, &c.

MASSILLON ROLLING MILL, Jos. Corns & Son, Proprietors, manufacturers of a superior quality of Merchant Bar and Blacksmith Iron.

MASSILLON GLASS FACTORY, manufactures Green Glass Hollow Ware, Beer ottles, Flasks, &c.

MASSILLON IRON BRIDGE CO. Manufacturers of Bridges, Roofs and General Iron Structures.

**GROCERIES.**

D. ATWATER & SON. Established in 1852 Forwarding and Commission Merchant and dealer in all kinds of Country Produce. Ware house in Atwater's Block, Exchange street.

**JEWELERS.**

C. F. VON KANEL, East Side Jewelry Store East Main street.

JOSEPH COLEMAN dealer in Watches, Clocks Jewelry, Silverware, Musical Instruments, etc. No, 5 South Erie street.

B & B

This store always carries a big stock—this year we've more

**Dress Goods**

than ever before—greater variety, choicer styles, superb quality, better values—up to fine imported goods, $6.00 a yard—at the popular prices between 25c and $1.00 the assortment of styles and the values are simply wonderful.

48 inch plain colored Ladies' Cloth—yard-and-a-third wide—all wool—

25c a yard.

Stylish Bourette and Boucle Overplaid effects—full 40 inches wide—all wool—a magnificent assortment of color combinations—

35c a yard,

50 inch all wool Black French Serges—nice soft finish—think of the saving in cutting a dress from such wide goods,

35c a yard.

Black Serges 20c to the finest.

50 inch Broadcloth — 50c —genuine broadcloth finish—fine goods with a firm body—in all the wanted medium and dark shades. Broadcloths to $3.50—all less priced for the kinds—but none better value for the money than these at half a dollar.

Choice Novelty Woolens in the stylish weaves of the season—and rich Black goods,

50c., 75c., $1.00

—Prices so far under usual for such Fabrics that it's of personal concern to every woman reader to see about.

Write for samples and don't miss getting the new catalogue—either or both free when you write.

**BOGGS & BUHL,**

ALLEGHENY, PA.

**The New Hook Spoon Free To All.**

I read in the Christian Standard that Miss A. M. Fritz, Station A, St. Louis, Mo., would give an elegant plated hook spoon to anyone sending her ten 2 cent stamps. I sent for one and found it so useful that I showed it to my friend, and made $13.00 in two hours, taking orders for the spoon. The hook spoon is a household necessity. It cannot slip into the dish or cooking vessel. The spoon is something the housekeepers have needed ever since spoons were first invented. Anyone can get a sample spoon by sending ten two cent stamps to Miss Fritz. This is a splendid way to make money around home.

Very truly, Jeannette S.

**A Chance to Make Money.**

I have made $1,640 clear mony in 87 days and attended to my household duties besides, and I think this is doing splendid for a woman inexperienced in business. Anyone can sell what everyone wants to buy, and every family wants a Dish Washer. I don't canvass at all; people come or send for the washer, and every washer that goes out sells two or three more, as they do the work to perfection. You can wash and dry the dishes in two minutes. I am going to devote my whole time to this business now and I am sure I can clear $5,000 a year. My sister and brother have started business and are doing splendid. You can get complete instructions and hundreds of testimonials by addressing the Iron City Dish Washer Co., Station A, Pittsburg Pa., and if you don't make lots of money it's your own fault.

Mrs. W. H.

Sole and harness leather, shoemakers supplies and findings always on hand. A. J. Clementz, Canal street.


# DOUBT ABOUT WEYLER

## Reported That He May Take the Field Today.

### THE GENERAL'S WORDS REFUTE IT.

**He Intimated That He Might Not, In an Interview Before He Reached Havana. Said He Couldn't Force the Rebels Into a Fight.**

HAVANA, Nov. 25.—It is announced that Captain General Weyler will probably return today to Pinar del Rio to resume an active campaign against the insurgents under Antonio Maceo.

It is asserted, however, by some people that Weyler will return to Spain soon on some pretext or other. Officially this is denied.

On his way back to Havana, at Artemisa, Weyler gave an interview to La Lucha's correspondent, which indicates that Weyler did not, at that time, intend to take the field again, but he may be forced back by public anger here and in Spain over his failure to crush the rebels.

In this interview the captain general was asked for an expression of opinion as to the course of the campaign, and he said:

"I am contented with it. We entered Rubi, hoping to give battle to the combined insurgent forces, and you know the result. They went southward, much to our regret. Maceo himself went toward Mocurriyas, Mayari and Corojal da Yaniguas. Nevertheless, our columns, in two divisions, arrived without firing a single shot, and only saw a band of about 150 insurgents in the woods near San Luis."

The captain general was then asked if he knew the whereabouts of Antonio Maceo at present. He answered: "His whereabouts is not known. The truth is that the insurgents were not found in the mountains nor on the plains. Nevertheless they boast that our troops always fly before them."

Speaking of his operations since leaving Havana, the captain general explained that he had been all over the mountains and had camped several nights in the woods. From other sources it has been stated that he has frequently been without his regular meals and that he has slept on the ground in the rain.

The correspondent then asked the captain general how the Spanish soldiers had behaved and whether they had shown the right spirit. He said: "The men are contented and show themselves courageous at every opportunity for fighting against any odds. The result is most satisfactory, although we have not yet finished our work. But enough has been done until the end of the year. I am now going back to Havana."

"When will you return?" asked the correspondent.

The captain general smiled and said: "I can never say what I shall do. General Munoz will take charge of the division as soon as his health is re-established."

In insurgent circles, it is said that their leaders claim that the return of the captain general to Havana without bringing about an engagement with Maceo is equivalent to a defeat of the Spanish forces, for the latter have completely failed to carry out the program mapped out by the Spanish commander and he has returned here in every way unsuccessful. It is asserted that the plan of Antonio Maceo was to avoid a general engagement with the Spanish troops, as he feels confident that the wearisome campaign being conducted by the Cubans must ultimately exhaust the Spaniards and bring about the concession of all or nearly all the demands of the insurgents.

### NO SNAP TRIAL IN CUBA.

**General Lee Does Not Believe the Competitor Trial Story.**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—Consul General Lee has been at the state department again. When asked as to the report that the Competitor prisoners had been tried at Mora Castle contrary to a protest made by him before he left Havana, General Lee said:

"I do not believe any trial has occurred. If it had the facts would be speedily reported here by Vice Consul Springer. There have been some preliminary steps toward the trial, and the deposition of the prisoners were taken, but further than this nothing has been done so far as I know."

When General Lee was asked as to the protest referred to as having been made by him he said it probably referred to the representations made by him before the first trial of the Competitor prisoners, and renewed in the present instance that the men being taken on an American ship were entitled to a civil trial, rather than a trial by courtmartial, as provided in the treaty and protocol between the United States and Spain. The consul general referred to an open letter from a Fredericksburg, Va., editor to President Cleveland, urging the president to act on Cuba. Coming from a fellow-townsman and a close friend of General Lee some significance might attach to it, but General Lee said that he desired to have it understood that he knew nothing about the letter and had nothing to do with it.

### THE FLAGBURNING INCIDENT.

**Spain Decides to Ignore Delaware Soldiers' Action.**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—The Spanish flag burning in Delaware may be regarded as a closed incident. The Spanish officials in this country have not taken any notice of it. The matter has not been officially reported to the Spanish government and the Spanish government has not taken the matter up.

The Spanish minister will not present the matter to the state department. It is regarded as the foolish exhibition of men who had dined too heavily.

Francois I of France was designated Father of Letters on account of the encouragement he gave to the arts and literature.

### TWO GIRLS IN JAIL.

**They Are Accused of Shoplifting at Washington, C. H.**

WASHINGTON C. H., O., Nov. 25.—For some time past merchants here have been complaining of shoplifters, and some persons who hold high heads are on the list, but they generally escaped arrest.

Ida Redman and Nannie Smith, aged 16, were arrested and placed under $1,800 bonds for their appearance, charged with stealing two valuable fur capes, hats and other goods. The girls wore the capes and hats on the street Sunday. Miss Redman fainted dead away when brought into the mayor's office. They are in jail in default of bail.

**To Kill Off Small Manufacturers.**

CLEVELAND, Nov. 25.—As the result of the decision of the wire nail pool to cease paying subsidies to wire manufacturers to keep out of the nail market the base price of wire nails in this city went down to $1.75. A week ago it was $2.60. It is reiterated stronger than ever by Cleveland manufacturers opposed to the influence of the combination that the purpose of the pool is to kill off the small fry in the business.

**Epworth League Meeting.**

COLUMBUS, Nov. 25.—The convention of the Epworth League of the Fifth district, including the states of Ohio and Kentucky, will open here on Friday and continue through until Sunday evening. One thousand delegates will be present. The program includes an address of welcome by Governor Bushnell and installation address by Rev. Davis W. Clark, D. D., of Covington, Ky.

**Diphtheria In Butler County.**

COLUMBUS, Nov. 25.—Dr. Bryon Stanton of Cincinnati, member of the state board of health, has been requested to go to Somerville, Butler county, by Secreatary Probst, who received a telegram from Health Officer Abram Kapp of that village, calling for help. Mr. Kapp wired that an epidemic of diphtheria was raging and that the death rate was alarming.

**Badly Burned by an Explosion.**

MIDDLETOWN, O., Nov. 25.—While pouring some molten metal into a hole in a stone to secure some iron bolts, John Bell of this city was badly burned by an explosion, occasioned by the dampness. It was at first thought that his eyesight had been destroyed, but this, fortunately, proved not to be the case.

**Killed by His Teeth.**

MARYSVILLE, O., Nov. 25.—W. S. Smith, a well known business man and hotel proprietor of this place, has died as the result of swallowing a set of false teeth Aug. 30, 1893. He was taken with hemorrhages and lost over a gallon of blood. Mr. Smith was high in the Masonic and Knights of Pythias orders.

**Killed by a Policeman.**

BUCYRUS, O., Nov. 25.—George Sutherland, a veteran, while drunk and threatened with arrest at New Washington, resisted the officer. In the fight which ensued Sutherland was struck on the head and died shortly after.

**Accepted Captain Radcliffe's Resignation.**

COLUMBUS, Nov. 25.—Adjutant General Axline has accepted the resignation of Captain F. C. Radcliffe, Company M, Fourteenth infantry, of Circleville.

### WINDOWGLASS SCALE SIGNED.

**President Burns Refused, But the Workers Did So Independently.**

PITTSBURG, Nov. 25.—Every windowglass factory in the country will start blowing glass at last year's prices and rules on the evening of Dec. 14. This is the result of the wage conference held yesterday.

The scale settlement was not without its peculiarities. In the first place the president of the Windowglass Workers' association disapproves of the settlement to such an extent that he failed to sign the agreement, leaving the Monongahela House while that was in progress.

He is ex-officio member of the committee. The vote to accept the scale was unanimous among the workers, and the manufacturers placed no stumbling blocks in their way.

The scale under which the workers will resume is liable to revision during the year. If the Dingley bill becomes a law, which would advance the tariff on window glass 15 per cent, the workers will receive the advance of 10 per cent for single strength blowers and gatherers, and 5 per cent for double strength blowers and gatherers, as asked for by the workers.

If a tariff bill is passed increasing the tariff on window glass, the manufacturers will concede a further advance and the new wage scale will be formulated.

**Granted Amnesty to Rebels.**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—The state department is informed that the president of Nicaragua has granted amnesty to over 500 persons implicated in the revolution of last February and the conspiracy of Sept. 8 last. The members of the rebel government and the principal generals of the defeated forces are not included in the pardon.

**Spaniards Whipped In Phillippines.**

LONDON, Nov. 25 —A Singapore dispatch to The Times says that the Spaniards have been defeated by the insurgents in the Phillippines with the loss of 200 of their men.

**Killed at a Cake Walk.**

SELMA, Ala., Nov 25.—Alf and Bob Holly, brothers, have been killed at a negro cake walk by the Hayes brothers, Henry and Jack. The cause of the row is not stated.

**Fought a Draw.**

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—The 20-round boxing contest between Captain Leon of this city and Dave Sullivan resulted in a draw.

**Working at Reduced Wages.**

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 25.—The men who struck at the factory of the Virginia and North Carolina Wheel company all returned to work at the reduced wages.

# BRYAN IN COLORADO.

## An Attendant at Colorado's Twentieth Anniversary.

### WAS GIVEN A WARM WELCOME.

**He Says He Will Rejoice If the Election Result Proves He Was Wrong and McKinley Right—Ladies of Denver Gave Him a Reception.**

DENVER, Nov. 25.—W. J. Bryan has been accorded a great reception in Denver, the occasion of the twentieth anniversary of Colorado's admission into the Union. Before nominated for the presidency he had agreed to attend.

The Equal Suffrage club gave him a reception at the Brown Palace hotel, Mrs. T. M. Patterson introduced him as "the first president of the twentieth century." Two thousand women were present.

Mr. Bryan spoke of the interest shown by women in the late campaign and the influence of women, even when they cannot vote in politics He said.

I know the influences coming out from the home must be relied upon to purify politics. If our wives and mothers will so interest themselves in politics as to hold before their children as they rise up ideals, not of successful politicians, but of those who labor for their country's good; not of those who secure great wealth, but of those who have in their treasury not a dollar touched with blood, these ideals will benefit mankind, and I never lose opportunity to impress upon those teaching children that the motto which lies deepest down in political construction is that motto which must shape our movements if it retains its purity—equal rights to all and special privileges to no one.

I love my country so much, I love mankind so well that I shall rejoice if the result of the late campaign proves I was wrong and my opponent was right. Because if he can make the government better than I could have made it, then my children and your children will enjoy the benefits

He was presented with a memorandum book of Colorado, cased in silver.

A great ovation was given to Mr. Bryan when he was driven through the downtown streets in company with Senator Teller, Congressman Townsend and others. The throng was so dense that Mr. Bryan's carriage had to be stopped every two or three blocks and he made about a dozen short speeches. He was wildly cheered all along the route.

At the state house there were fully 20,000 assembled, including 5,000 school children. Mr. Bryan made a few remarks and then returned to the Brown Palace hotel.

Mr Bryan was the principal speaker at the exercise commemorating the twentieth anniversary of the admission of Colorado as a state, held in the Central Presbyterian church. The edifice, one of the largest in the city, was crowded in every part by a magnificent audience The entrance of Mr. Bryan was the signal for prolonged applause and the waving of handkerchiefs

### SENATOR HOAR'S PLAIN TALK

**He Tells Business Men They Must Regain the Confidence of the West.**

BOSTON, Nov 25.—For the first time in the history of the Republican party in Massachusetts, a thoroughly Republican organization, the Home Market club, bound to the cause of protection, cheered Grover Cleveland, when his name was mentioned in a speech by General Alger. The banquet of the club at Mechanics' hall was one of the largest in its history. Nearly 1,000 members, representing the industries of nearly every city and town in the state, gathered about the tables and when the feast was over listened, with 1,000 more in the galleries, to speeches by some of the generals who toured the country in the interests of the gold standard, and by Senator Hoar and Lieutenant Governor Wolcott.

President W. A. Stott of Lowell opened the proceedings by reading a letter from President-elect McKinley.

Senator Hoar, in his speech, said that the business men of New England must study the situation. Further along he said:

"Cannot they by the weight of their integrity regain the confidence of the west? It is not strange that when the people of the west see the accumulation of wealth by gambling in the stock market, that they should try to imitate it in a smaller way. It is not strange, when they read the history of railroad construction in the west, that they should endeavor to repudiate their debts. I call upon the business men of New England to hold strictly to honest, business principles and regain the confidence of the people of the south and west."

Speeches were made by Generals Alger, Howard, and Stewart of Pennsylvania and Corporal Tanner.

### THE REFORMS INAUGURATED.

**French Minister of Foreign Affairs Explains Matters In Turkey.**

PARIS, Nov. 25.—At a cabinet meeting the minister of foreign affairs, Minister Hanoteux, has explained the situation in Turkey.

He said that the reforms effecting the Turks as well as the Christians were beginning to be executed in the provinces and especially the reconstruction of the mixed municipal councils and the amount of local taxation.

**Democrats Hold a Meeting.**

LEXINGTON, Nov. 25.—The Democratic state committee met and appointed lawyers to represent the organization at the count for presidential electors. It is likely a contest will be made.

**Erected a Methodist Tablet.**

BALTIMORE, Nov 25 —Baltimore Methodists have erected a bronze tablet to mark the site of the Lovely Lane meeting house, where the Methodist Episcopal church was organized at a conference held in 1784.

### WHAT WILL BUSHNELL DO?

**The Sherman-Hanna Deal Interferes With His Ambition.**

CLEVELAND, Nov. 25. — Concerning the positions which Senator Sherman and M. A. Hanna will fill under the forthcoming national administration, which was referred to in these dispatches yesterday, a gentleman, who is as much in the confidence of McKinley and Hanna as anyone, said to your representative:

"It is desired that Senator Sherman resign and accept the secretaryship of state, and that Mr. Hanna go in his place to the senate. There are obstacles to this plan. Senator Sherman is an old man and may not wish to relinquish a place in which he is entirely contented to accept the great responsibilities and hard work of the secretaryship of state. Again, Governor Bushnell would have to appoint his successor, and everyone knows that it is his ambition to be elected by the next Ohio legislature, a year from now, to sit in the senate. Yet if he does not want to appoint Hanna, what can he do? He can't appoint himself. Foraker is already there and Grosvenor is an ardent McKinley man.

"If President-elect McKinley says to Sherman that the prosperity of the country requires that his hand be at the helm in the state department, I don't think he can refuse. Then if McKinley, the Republican president, the Ohio president, and Sherman, the Ohio senator and veteran statesman, say to Bushnell, the Republican governor, that the services of Hanna in the senate are necessary to carry out the Republican party's promise of a prosperous administration, how can he refuse? This much is sure: Senator Sherman will not resign until he is assured that the plan will be carried out."

### SALISBURY ACTED WISELY.

**A Berlin Paper Comments on the Venezuelan Settlement.**

BERLIN, Nov. 25.—The Fremdenblatt, discussing the settlement of the Venezuelan question says:

"Lord Salisbury acted cleverly in so directing his policy that Great Britain is again friendly with the United States. His consent to always submit certain disputes of the two Anglo-Saxon nations to arbitration emphasizes this sentiment of kinship. Therein lies the sagacity of the British action. Great Britain does not wish to have an enemy in the United States and the price she pays therefor is not great."

**May Effect Official Title.**

DOVER, Del., Nov. 25.—A question has been raised here by counsel for the Democrats, in the mandamus proceedings to compel the Kent county canvassing board to reconvene and count the vote of the recent election, upon which may depend not only the titles of those at present holding office, but also the legality of any act of the state outside the city of Wilmington, elected since 1891.

**Rev. Dr. Storrs Honored.**

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—The celebration of the golden jubilee of Rev. Dr. Richard S. Storrs, which has lasted for more than a week, ended with a reception in honor of the venerable pastor of the Church of the Pilgrims, held at the Brooklyn Academy of Music. He was given a gold medal.

**Santa Fe Case Under Advisement.**

TOPEKA, Nov. 25.—The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe receivership case, after being argued two days, has been taken under advisement by Judge C. C. Foster, in the United States circuit court here. A decision is promised before Monday next at the latest, and it may be received as early as Friday

**Denies Stock Jobbing Charge**

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 25.—Henry Wollman, whose name has been connected with the Santa Fe receivership, says in affidavit filed at Topeka that the statement that it was part of the alleged stock jobbing scheme for him to intervene in the United States court as a bondholder, is entirely false.

**Two Dead Bodies Found.**

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 25.—A newsboy has discovered the dead bodies of Herman Meyer and Nora Richardson lying on the sidewalk in pools of blood in front of a vacant house on Bergermyer avenue, South Side. Myer had evidently committed the deed.

**Trouble Between Germany and France.**

PARIS, Nov. 25.—The first serious frontier incident in a long time occurred on Sunday at Munster when a German forest guard shot an alleged French preacher, inflicting a flesh wound. The government is inquiring into the case.

**Keane May Be Cardinal In Rome.**

SAN JOSE, Cal., Nov. 25.—Bishop Keane, former rector of the Catholic university at Washington, has left this city for Rome. His friends here think he will be made perhaps cardinal, with residence in Rome.

**Harrison's House Robbed.**

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 25. — Burglars visited the residence of ex-President Harrison while the members of the family were in the lower part of the house. Mrs. Harrison's gold watch and a small sum of money was secured.

**Gave a Dinner to Flower.**

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—For the first time in its history the Democratic club last night celebrated the election of a Republican president. A dinner was given ex-Governor Flower in recognition of his services in the campaign.

**A Novel Method of Suicide.**

ALBANY, Nov. 25.—Henry W. Weller, an aged peddler, went to a hotel, hired a room, placed a tin can over the gas jet, fastened his trousers around the can and then buried his face into the other end of the leg and suffocated.

**Street Railway Changes Hands.**

BOSTON, Nov. 25.—The West End Street Railway company has passed into the hands of a syndicate headed by J. P. Morgan & Co. of New York and Kidder, Peabody & Co. of Boston.

# A FRANCHISE WANTED.

## The Long Distance Telephone People Here Again.

### NO ACTION YET TAKEN.

**The Factory Street Paving Ordinance—Councilman Paul Objects to the Width of a Sidewalk—The Council Order Payment of a Lot of Bills.**

The city council met last night with just a quorum present. Robert Reay presided in the absence of President Huber and the meeting was called to order promptly at 7 o'clock. The street commissioner reported an expenditure of $152.17 during the two weeks ending November 21. The bill was allowed.

The board of health reported the Gise and Allman lots, in East Main street to be in good sanitary condition. The investigation was prompted by a complaint made to the council recently by Mrs. Keister. The board found nothing contrary to the sanitary laws. The report was accepted.

A petition was read by Clerk Haring whereby many of the business men petitioned the council to consider favorably a request for a franchise made by the Ohio Telegraph and Telephone Company. On Mr Brown's motion the petition was laid on the table until the application was made. A communication from the company, relative to the petition was also read.

An ordinance to improve Factory street from Main to Tremont street, by paving, was read a second time.

Mr. Reay presented an ordinance granting the Ohio Telegraph and Telephone Company permission to construct, maintain and operate its lines in the city of Massillon. Mr. Brown's motion to refer the ordinance to the street and alley committee was agreed to.

Mr. Paul acused W. B. Humberger and E. C. Merwin of obstructing Cypress street by constructing curb, gutter and walks contrary to law by preparing walks over 6 feet in width thus narrowing the street and damaging adjacent property. He also offered a resolution instructing the street commissioner to notify Messrs. Humberger and Merwin to remove the said obstruction within ten days or the same would be done by the city at their expense.

Mr. Smith moved to adopt. Mr. Brown offered an amendment referring the matter to the council as a whole for investigation. The amendment was agreed to also the original motion, Messrs. Smith and Paul voting no.

### NEWS OF THE CAPITAL.

**Appointments By the President—Gold Certificates May Be Re-issued.**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—[By Associated Press]—The President has appointed Frank D Hill, of Minnesota, consul to Santos, Brazil, to succeed Henry Smith, removed; and the Rev. J. L. Corning, of New York, consul to Munich, Germany.

The secretary of the treasury is considering the propriety of resuming the issue of gold certificates, stopped in 1893 when the gold reserve began to decline. Secretary Carlisle is said to be not favorable to resumption.

Consul General Lee called on the President, today, presumably on Cuban affairs.

### MORE SPANISH OUTRAGES.

**Wealthy Half Castes Abused In the Philipine.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 25.—[By Associated Press]—News from Manila brought by the City of Peking shows that the Spaniards are torturing natives and half castes of the Philipine in a most brutal way. They are also confiscating estates of wealthy half castes and deporting them to an island on the west coast of Africa, where the climate is deadly to strangers.

**Florida Express Wrecked.**

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—[By Associated Press]—The southern express from Florida on the Pennsylvania lines struck a derailed freight car near New Brunswick, this morning, throwing off the engine, baggage and mail cars. Joseph Meaghen, engineer, and H. W. Chichester, fireman, were killed. No passengers were hurt.

**Figures for Michigan.**

LANSING, Mich., Nov. 25.—[By Associated Press]—The state canvassing board has announced the result on President as follows: McKinley, 295,427; Bryan, 237,251; Levering, 4,968; Palmer, 6,930; Bentley, 1,809. McKinley's plurality, 56,076.


We all know that any tired muscle can be restored by rest. Your stomach is a muscle. Dyspepsia is its manner of saying, "I am tired. Give me rest." To rest the stomach you must do its work outside of the body.

This is the Shaker's method of curing indigestion, and its success is best attested by the fact that these people are practically free from what is without doubt the most prevalent of all diseases. The Shaker Digestive Cordial not only contains digested food which is promptly absorbed without taxing the tired digestive organs, but it is likewise an aid to the digestion of other food in the stomach. A 10 cent trial bottle will convince you of its merits, and these you can obtain through all druggists.

Laxol is the best medicine for children. Doctors recommend it in place of Castor Oil.

Highest cash prices paid for hides and pelts at Matthews old tannery, Canal street.

Now is the time to subscribe.



NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

# SMOKY HOLLOW RIOT.

## Mary Brandt's House All But Destroyed.

### A FUSILADE OF COBBLE STONES.

**Miss Alice Williams Charged With Having Undertaken to Tear Down Her Sister's House—Miss Brandt Discouraged—Has Miss Williams Arrested.**

Miss Alice Williams, whose saloon and home are at 50 North Summit street, called on her sister, Mrs. Mary Brandt, who resides at 22 West South street, the other day, and in the course of their confidential chat Miss Williams is said to have remarked that if she did not burn or demolish her sister's house in the course of a few days, she would do something equally unpleasant. Consequently when at 2:15 o'clock Monday morning, Mrs. Brandt heard a terrible rattling of broken glass and much other noise in the front part of the house, she knew that the worst had come. She arose and went to the side of the house. So did her son. Her husband remained in bed. They saw several dusky forms near the front gate which they claimed to have recognized. Today her sister, Alice, and Ada Tucker are under arrest charged with willful and malicious destruction of property.

The Brandt home presents a different appearance today. Where once were window lights and curtains is now empty space, and the house in other respects bears evidence of having passed through some unusual scenes of a very recent date. Mrs. Brandt found several brick bats and some cobble-stones in the front rooms, and there were ever so many on the outside. A young woman, a friend of Mrs. Brandt, was sleeping in one of the rooms facing on the street. One of the stones which came through the window landed on her pillow and a second one came so near hitting her that she flew to the rear of the house for protection.

Mrs. Brandt says her sister is a very bad woman, and she thinks that she ought to congratulate herself on the fact that her house is not in ashes and she in eternity.

"My sister," she said, "had to leave West Lafayette and Coshocton because she did things like this to get square with them. Really you cannot imagine how wicked she is, and to think that she is of my own flesh and blood!" The house is the property of Joseph Persell, who lives next door, and he is not at all pleased with last night's occurrence. The damage will amount to considerable and he says it must be borne by the guilty parties.

The Misses Williams and Tucker pleaded not guilty, before Mayor Schott, and the trial will take place later.


**Did You Ever**

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your trouble? If not, get a bottle and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all female complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have loss of appetite, constipation, headache, fainting spells, or are nervous, sleepless, excitable, melancholy or troubled with dizzy spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store.


**A Good Wind Mill--Make It Yourself!**

I saw one of the People's wind mills which I saw recommended in your paper recently, it only cost me $9 40 and is a splendid mill; my well is deep, but it pumps it all right and with very little wind; the neighbors all like 't, and as I am a kind of a carpenter, I have agreed to put up nine mills already, on which I can make a nice profit, and there are many others for whom I can put up mills this fall. I don't see why every farmer should not have a wind mill, when they can make it themselves for less than $10; anyone can get diagrams and complete directions for making the wind mill by sending 18 two-cent stamps to pay postage, etc , to Francis Casey, St. Louis, Mo., and there can be dozens of them put up in any locality by anyone that has the energy to do so.

A Farmer.

**Churning Done in One Minute.**

I have tried the Lightning Churn you recently described in your paper, and it is certainly a wonder I can churn in less than one minute, and the butter is elegant, and you get considerably more butter than when you use a common churn. I took the agency for the churn here and every butter maker that sees it buys one. I have sold three dozen and they give the best of satisfaction. I know I can sell 100 in this township, as they churn so quickly, make so much more butter than common churns and are so cheap. Someone in every township can make two or three hundred dollars selling these churns. By addressing J. F. Casey & Co , St. Louis, you can get circulars and full information so you can make big money right at home. I have made $80 the past two weeks and I have never sold anything in my life before. A FARMER.

**How the Dipper Saved the Farm.**

Father was sick and the mortgage on the farm was coming due, I saw in the Christian Advocate where Miss A M. Fritz of Station A, St. Louis, Mo., would send a sample combination dipper for 18 two cent stamps , and I ordered one. I saw the dipper could be used as a fruit jar filler; a plain dipper; a fine strainer; a funnel; a strainer funnel; a sick room warming pan and a pint measure. These eight different uses makes the dipper such a necessary article that I went to work with it and it sells at very nearly every house And in four months I paid off the mortgage. I think I can clear as much as $200 a month. If you need work you will do well by giving this a trial. Miss A. M. Fritz, Station A, St. Louis, Mo., will send you a sample for 18 two cent stamps—write at once. John G. N.


Wright's Celery Tea cures constipation' sick headache. 27c at druggists.


## SLEEVES AND SKIRTS.

**New Fancies In Imported and Home Productions.**

[Special Correspondence.]

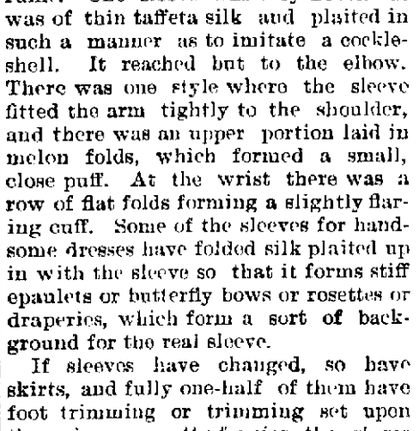
NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—The latest importations and home produced robes show the effect of the lessening of the sleeves, and invention has been taxed to produce something that would not be too radical a change or too sudden a one. There is a palpable effort to keep up the widened shoulder effect and yet bring the sleeve within the required dimensions. One favorite style is the long, tight coat sleeve, with the outside wrinkled all the way up to the top, where there will be a mushroom puff or one of those most ugly draped puffs where the folds are made to stand outward at an angle that sets all natural laws at defiance. There are some gigots, and these are for such ladies as do not feel like giving up a sleeve at once so comfortable and pretty.

There are several new variations on the leg o' mutton shape, that most often seen being an effort to change its features somewhat by the addition of fancy cuffs or slashes or chatelaine points ruffled around with white lace. For reception, dinner or theater the elbow sleeve is a favorite. Even these show the transition stage of their mode. There is one style which ends at the elbow with a little crepe lisse or lace ruffle. Part of the sleeve is wrinkled to a tight foundation, and the rest is puffed slightly and wrinkled a good deal at the top and front. Another has a 5 inch band of embroidered silk, with a silk mull ruffle at the elbow, edging the sleeve. Above the embroidered part is a small but very full puff. One medium sized puff with a silk mull plaiting forms another style of elbow sleeve. On one there is a fancy tinseled ribbon sewed up the outer seam and then brought forward on the upper puff. This was also edged with a mull ruffle. One sleeve was very novel. It was of thin taffeta silk and plaited in such a manner as to imitate a cockleshell. It reached but to the elbow. There was one style where the sleeve fitted the arm tightly to the shoulder, and there was an upper portion laid in melon folds, which formed a small, close puff. At the wrist there was a row of flat folds forming a slightly flaring cuff. Some of the sleeves for handsome dresses have folded silk plaited up in with the sleeve so that it forms stiff epaulets or butterfly bows or rosettes or draperies, which form a sort of background for the real sleeve.

NEW STYLES OF TRIMMING SKIRTS.

If sleeves have changed, so have skirts, and fully one-half of them have foot trimming or trimming set upon them in very pretty fancies, though we may have a vague suspicion of having seen pictures that looked like them in old magazines. The most graceful of all the trimmings put upon any skirt, be it for a ball dress or one for any occasion, is to have two, three or four narrow gathered ruffles. If the ruffle itself is 2 inches wide, four of them bring the flouncing up to 8 inches deep. This is a nice width where it is not desired to cover the whole skirt, something that will often be seen this winter for dancing dresses, at least.

One dress of dotted net had three 3 inch ruffles, with a narrow heading made of a puffing of crepe lisse. A pale pink silk mull gown for a young girl had one 18 inch flounce bordered with a fine black thread lace insertion. A pink satin girdle was sewed to the skirt, which was laid in a series of wide double box plaits all around. There was another dancing dress skirt made of ivory white taffeta. At equal distances upon this were clusters of bias folds of the palest lilac taffeta. Below the bottom folds were two rows of handsome ivory white lace and one row below each of the others. The lace was not gathered very full, but still sufficient to give the floating effect so desirable in a dancing dress. Box plaited ruchings of ribbon are seen on a number of colored silks. Some call it quilled ribbons. On one flowered taffeta of bronze shade, with pink and green flowers, there were three rows, each row differing in color from the others, but matching the shades in the silk, one being bronze, one green and the other a rich old rose. Naturally the bodices to these skirts are made to harmonize with them.



THE LATEST SLEEVES.

A new fad just now is the double veil. There is an outer one of heavy black net, dotted or bordered with chenille or silk. This is lined with pale pink tinted crepe lisse or tulle, and the effect is to give the wearer the most exquisite of complexions, that no one can see without admiring and envying.

OLIVE HARPER.

## EMPEROR OF ELBA.

### HOW NAPOLEON CONDUCTED HIMSELF DURING EXILE.

**The Powers Which Swayed the Larger World Shown to Good Advantage In His Pygmy Kingdom—The Darker Side of a Brilliant Career.**

Elba was an island divided against itself, there being both imperialists and royalists among its inhabitants and a considerable party which desired independence. By representing that Napoleon had brought with him fabulous sums the Austrian and English commissioners easily won the Elbans to a fervor of loyalty for their new emperor. Before nightfall of the 4th the court was established, and the new administration began its labors. Having mastered the resources and needs of his pygmy realm, the emperor began to deploy all his powers, mending the highways, fortifying the strategic points and creating about the nucleus of 400 guards which were sent from Fontainebleau an efficient little army of 1,600 men. His expenses were regulated to the minutest detail both at home and abroad. The salt works and iron mines, which were the bulwarks of Elban prosperity, began at once to increase their output, and taxation was regulated with scrupulous nicety. By that supereminent virtue of the French burgher, good management, the island was made almost independent of the remnants of the Tuileries treasure (about 5,000,000 francs) which Napoleon had brought from France. The same powers which had swayed a world operated with equal success in a sphere almost microscopic by comparison.

Before long the Princess Borghese, separated soon after her marriage from her second husband and banished since 1810 from Paris for impertinent conduct to the empress, came, according to promise, to be her brother's companion, and Madame Mere, though distant in prosperity, came likewise to soothe her son in adversity. The intercepted letters of the former prove her to have been at least as loose in her life at Elba as ever before, but they do not afford a sufficient basis for the scandals concerning her relations with Napoleon which were founded upon them and industriously circulated at the court of Louis XVIII. The shameful charge has no adequate foundation of any sort.

Napoleon's economies were rendered not merely expedient, but imperative by the fact that none of the money from France was forthcoming which had been promised in his treaty with the powers. After a short stay Koller frankly stated that, in his opinion, it would never be paid and departed. The island swarmed with Bourbon spies, and the only conversation in which Napoleon could indulge himself unguardedly was with Sir Neil Campbell, the English representative, or with the titled English gentlemen who gratified their curiosity by visiting him. During the summer heats, when the court was encamped on the heights at Marciana for refreshment, there appeared a mysterious lady with her child. Both were well received and kindly treated, but they withdrew themselves entirely from the public gaze. Common rumor said it was the empress, but this was not true. It was the Countess Walewska, with the son she had borne to her host, whom she still adored. They remained but a few days and departed as mysteriously as they had come.

Base females thronged the precincts of the imperial residence, openly struggling for Napoleon's favor as they had so far never dared to do. Success too frequently attended their efforts. But the one woman who should have been at his side was absent. It is certain that she made an honest effort to come, and apartments were prepared for her reception in the little palace at Porto Ferrajo. Her father, however, thwarted her at every turn, and finally she was a virtual prisoner at Schonbrunn.

So manifest was the restraint that her grandmother, Caroline, queen of the two Sicilies, cried out in indignation, "If I were in the place of Maria Louisa, I would tie the sheets of my bed to the window frame and flee." Committed to the charge of the elegant and subtle Neipperg, a favorite chamberlain, whom she had first seen at Dresden, he plied her with such insidious wiles that at last her slender moral fiber was entirely broken down and she fell a victim to his charms. As late as August Napoleon received impassioned letters from her. Then she grew formal and cold. At last, under Metternich's urgency, she ceased to write at all. Her French attendant, Meneval, managed to convey the whole sad story to her husband, but the emperor was incredulous and hoped against hope until December. Then only he ceased from his incessant and urgent appeals.—"Life of Napoleon; the Exile and His Return," by Professor W. M. Sloane, in Century.

**Went One Better.**

A tradesman in Sunderland had a lad in his employ. The lad's mother was a widow in bad circumstances; consequently the lad was poorly clad. The tradesman kindly proffered to get the boy a new suit of clothes, and the boy agreed to repay him at sixpence per week out of his wages.

The first Monday after this arrangement had been made the lad did not come to work as usual, and on his employer sending to inquire the reason his mother said, "He looked so respectable she was trying to get him a better job."—London Answers.

**The Selfish Person.**

The great pity of the selfish person is not that he robs others of pleasure or comfort, but that he is so thoroughly unhappy himself. The selfish person is never satisfied, never content. When he has greedily taken all, he still wants more, while the unselfish person finds real happiness in giving to others the little he has. From a purely selfish point of view the unselfish person is the happier


# TRIED MANY REMEDIES.

## Paine's Celery Compound Was the Only One That Succeeded.

The essential difference between Paine's celery compound and the bewildering number of sarsaparillas and nervines that its success has brought into existence is that Paine's celery compound furnishes just the appropriate nutriment to the exhausted nerves, and securely builds up the system against disease, while the unscientific remedies confuse and add to the derangement of the organs.

Paine's celery compound not only relieves, but effectively and permanently cures.

The most permanent and direct cure for debility, nervous weakness, languor, and a "run down" condition, is the strong, reliable Paine's celery compound. The rasping, irritating effect of a badly nourished nervous system upon all the organs of the body ceases when this medicine is used.

Paine's celery compound is the most advanced nerve and brain strengthener and restorer known to medical science.

The tired, worn-out sufferer who is not advancing toward health, is falling back There is no standstill in bad health. One can endure a headache or a backache once; one can endure it twice, but the repeated sick headache and the constant pain in the back and in the region of the heart must be got rid of. For the permanent and positive cure of these unhealthy states of the body, as evinced by repeated attacks of rheumatism, neuralgia, sleeplessness, or kidney trouble, there is nothing to be compared for a moment with the great discovery of Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M. D. LL.D., of Darmouth medical school—Paine's celery compound.

If you are out of health or despondent because of repeated trials of other remedies, take a fresh start. The bracing weather is in your favor.

Here is the experience—like that of hundreds of others—of Mrs. Lydia M. Hayden, of Marion, Ind.:

'Before commencing the use of Paine's celery compound I was treated by many doctors, and tried many remedies, but did not get any better. I seemed to be all broken down. I was tired all the time, and my constitution seemed to be giving out. I weighed only 115 pounds last fall when I commenced using Paine's celery compound. In less than two months I weighed 124 pounds, an unusual weight for me. I have had better health this summer than I have for years.

"My little daughter was away from home on a visit, and came home looking as if she had had a hard sickness. I went right away and got her a bottle of Paine's celery compound, and she has had better health since than she ever had in her life, eats hearty and is growing."

There is no woman, who, in injustice to herself, can fail to take Paine's celery compound under similar circumstances.

**People read the advertisements in a live newspaper. Moral: Advertise in "The Independent."**

The COAST LINE to MACKINAC

TAKE THE

TO MACKINAC DETROIT PETOSKEY CHICAGO

**2 New Steel Passenger Steamers**

The Greatest Perfection yet attained in Boat Construction—Luxurious Equipment, Artistic Furnishing, Decoration and Efficient Service, insuring the highest degree of

COMFORT, SPEED AND SAFETY.

FOUR TRIPS PER WEEK BETWEEN

**Toledo, Detroit & Mackinac**

PETOSKEY, "THE SOO," MARQUETTE, AND DULUTH.

LOW RATES to Picturesque Mackinac and Return, including Meals and Berths. From Cleveland, $18; from Toledo, $15; from Detroit, $13.50.

EVERY EVENING

**Between Detroit and Cleveland**

Connecting at Cleveland with Earliest Trains for all points East, south and Southwest and at Detroit for all points North and Northwest.

Sunday Trips June, July, August and September Only.

EVERY DAY BETWEEN

**Cleveland, Put-in-Bay & Toledo**

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**The Detroit and Cleveland Steam Nav. Co.**

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**The Southern Pacific Co.**

"Sunset Limited" Train.

Over the Sunset Route—New Orleans to Los Angeles and San Francisco

Was discontinued April 16th. The superior accommodations given the great number of patrons of the above train during the part tourist season, warrants the announcement of plans for next season, of finer service with equipmedt superior to anything yet known in transcontinental traffic.

Lookout for early re-inauguration of "SUNSET LIMITED" this fall.

ALSO FOR HOME SEEKERS.

The Southern Pacific Co. "Sunset Route" in connection with the "Queen and Cresent Route" are running the only line of through tourist Pullman Sleepers leaving Cincinnati every Thursday evening for Los Angeles and San Francisco.

These excursions are specially conducted, and the object is to enable those who do not care to buy first-class ticket, to enjoy a comfortable ride with sleeping car privileges and no change of cars, on the very low second-class rate ticket.

For further information, address

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# Your Stomach Distresses You

after eating a hearty meal, and the result is a chronic case of Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Dyspepsia, or a bilious attack.

**RIPANS TABULES**

Promote Digestion, Regulate the Stomach, Liver and Bowels, Purify the Blood, and are a Positive Cure for Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, and all other Diseases arising from a disordered condition of the Liver and Stomach. They act gently yet promptly, and perfect digestion follows their use.

Ripans Tabules take the place of an Entire Medicine Chest, and should be kept for use in every family.

Price, 50 Cents a box. At Druggists, or by mail.

RIPANS CHEMICAL CO., 10 SPRUCE ST., NEW YORK.

# If you are in need of an

# OVERCOAT,

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## Or anything in my line, you will find it to your advantage to look at my stock before buying.

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

# A TALK ON TRAINING.

## Billy Madden Explains the Failures of Great Athletes.

### THE "HOODOO" OF TOM CONNEFF.

**He Was Neither Right Nor Fit For Racing—Superstitions of Athletes—Odd Conceits of Courtney and Hanlan—Jack Dempsey's Talismanic Trunks.**

Tommy Conneff, our champion distance runner, was shamefully beaten, I see, by Fred Bacon, the British flier, both in the mile and two mile race they had for the world's championship. Tommy lays his defeat to a hoodoo. He insists that a man whom his backer brought over from America to keep them company and assist Tommy in his training is a Jonah, and that it was impossible to achieve success upon the cinder path with this person's evil influence hovering over him.

This, of course, is all nonsense. The reason Tommy lost is because he met a better man, and that man was better than our lad because he was in finer physical condition and better able to stay a long distance at a stiff pace.

I think Bacon can beat any man in the world at distances ranging between three and ten miles. At one and two miles, the stretches he and Conneff lately ran, the latter should have won handily, as his records for these distances are better than the Briton's, and he is a bit better sprinter. He was sick and thin, however, when he started in to train and was not long enough in England to get acclimated and build up, not to say train.

THOMAS P. CONNEFF.

Next to fat, thinness or emaciation, whether it comes from ague, malaria or other causes, is the worst enemy the athlete can have. He can do no real training work until some vitality and nervous force are infused into him. This can be done by proper dieting, mild calisthenics and a toning up of the system by carefully selected tonics, judiciously administered. The man must first be built up before trying real work, and this building up process usually takes six weeks or two months. In the next two months hard work may be meted out to the athlete in gradually increasing installments, always taking care never to overtax his strength or endurance, and at the end of the 60 days you have a well trained man for any kind of contest he may be booked for. Tommy Conneff was not in England ten weeks before he tried to race, and he was beaten, of course.

It is strange, and yet true, that nearly all great athletes have their superstitions. Oarsmen, fighters, sprinters—they're all alike. Charles E. Courtney, once champion oarsman of America, would not row in a race if the sun did not shine on that day. He would arrange for a postponement by getting "poisoned," having his boat sawed in two or by the adoption of some other ingenious artifice. Edward Hanlan, at one time champion oarsman of the world, would never row in any kind of a race unless he had a certain sleeveless shirt, which he looked upon as a mascot and wore in every aquatic contest. So, too, with gallant Jack Dempsey. Fearless as the "Nonpareil" was, he never would go into a ring without his famous black trunks. When he met defeat at the hands of Bob Fitzsimmons, Jack thought they had lost their talismanic power, and he stowed them away in the attic of his house in Portland, Or., and never looked upon them again.

The bane of Charley Mitchell's life is either a cross eyed or a redheaded woman. He will walk a mile to avoid either. If he meets a woman in whom both of these peculiarities are united, he will almost have a fit. When I first brought him over from England to meet John L. Sullivan in Madison Square Garden Mitchell spent a fair portion of his time dodging ladies with auburn locks and slanting eyes. On the night of the contest we ran plump into a fat apple woman with the reddest of red hair and eyes that looked two ways at once just as we turned from Fourth avenue into Twenty-sixth street to get in the side entrance unobserved. Mitchell squirmed as if he had the ague and dashed up the stairways like a madman. He thought if he got away without the Titan haired lady speaking to him he might break the spell; but he didn't even have that luck. "Apples, 5 cints apiece. Bad luck ter yez, ye British blackguard. May Sullivan bate ye well."

"I'm licked sure," said Mitchell when he heard this. "That hoodoo has done me."

Even the great John L. has his vein of superstition. When I first brought Sullivan down to Bay St. Louis in 1882 to fight Paddy Ryan for the championship of America, this trait of character was largely in evidence. We were accustomed in our early morning walk to pass a small French Catholic church. Sullivan would rush up the steps of the church, and when he reached the font of holy water near the entrance would plunge his big right fist into it. In this way he hoped to gain additional strength for that mighty hand to knock out Ryan.

Lanky Bob Fitzsimmons is an implicit believer in dreams. Before every fight he engages in he sets his mind to have a dream, just as you would set an alarm clock, and he is either greatly elated or depressed according to the way the dream turns out. Before his battles with Peter Maher, Jim Hall and Dan Creedon he dreamed he whipped them. Hence his confidence in facing them. He also had a dream about Corbett—not the kind he gave out about knocking Jim's head off, but one, I am told, in which he dreamed he got whipped. This may account for the Texas fiasco.

Peter Jackson firmly believes that the "coon gig"—4, 11, 44—is his mascot. He always likes to fight four weeks, or four months, after that gig "comes out," and upon the 11th of the month. If a postponement is ever necessary, he always insists not on five weeks or six weeks, but 44 days. That is the time to a minute which he got from Corbett when he asked for a postponement of their contest in 1891, on account of a sprained ankle, and not six weeks, as is popularly supposed.

Little Johnny Van Heest, who once came near being featherweight champion, has a peculiar superstition. He would go into a faro bank a night or two before a fight and try his luck at cards. He would only play one deal. If he won, all the men on earth could not persuade him he would not win the forthcoming battle. If he lost, he would enter the ring rather down hearted.

I could go on indefinitely telling of the foibles and superstitions of famous athletes, but these, I think, will suffice. I only mention them to show that conquered men often attribute to a hoodoo results which are simply due either to their own athletic inferiority or lack of condition.

*William Madden*

## THE FOOTBALL FIELD.

It is possible that West Point will cancel its date with Lafayette for Nov. 28.

It has now been decided that the Yale-Princeton freshmen game will be played Nov. 25.

F. P. Gengenbach has been elected chairman of the University of Pennsylvania '99 medical football committee.

Dartmouth is in pretty good shape behind the line, with Crolius and Eckstrom as half backs and MacAndrew full back.

At Harvard the rule governing time limit of football players is that a man is allowed only to play four consecutive years.

At the annual election of the New York state division of the League of American Wheelmen Isaac B. Potter was re-elected chief consul.

Chester Smith, sub-end on the Indian team, is a member of the richest community in the world—the Osage Nation of Indian Territory.

After the next meeting of the national assembly of the L. A. W. the position of chairman of the racing board will in all probability be a salaried office.

## SPORTING MISCELLANY.

Boxing is to be revived at St. Louis.

Mr. Howard Gould has presented the Seawanhaka Yacht club with a model of the 20 rater Niagara.

Eugene DuPont, '97, has been elected captain of the Harvard Gun club, vice C. A. Hardy, '97, resigned.

The Yale university basket ball team is making arrangements for a southern trip during the Christmas holidays.

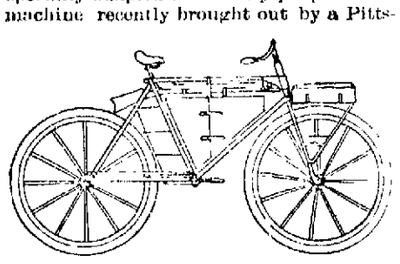
A. J. Cassatt's steam yacht Anita has been purchased by S. M. Prevost of the Pennsylvania Railroad company.

The Pennsylvania fish commission has been advised that a number of illegal devices for catching fish have been placed in the Delaware river.

## A MILITARY BICYCLE.

**It Is Not Only a Vehicle, but an Implement of War as Well.**

The serious intention of the war department to put the bicycle to general use in the army has caused inventors to turn their attention to the production of wheels specially adapted to military purposes. A machine recently brought out by a Pittsburg man appears to possess qualities which should tend largely to its success. The top tube of the frame of this bicycle acts both as a member of the frame and as a gun barrel. The tube is provided with a cartridge delivery opening in the side and suitable spring mechanism for quickly expelling the cartridges. A knapsack or baggage carrier is also provided for, and is swung from the top tube, so as not to interfere with the movements of the rider. Brackets and grooves are secured to the frame for holding guns and pistols.



MILITARY BICYCLE.

**The L. A. W. National Assembly.**

The national assembly of the League of American Wheelmen in 1897 will be the largest and probably the most interesting in the history of the organization. The increased membership of the L. A. W. will increase the representation to 162 this year as against 78 at the last assembly.

Minnesota, Nebraska, South California, Tennessee, Texas and Washington will be represented by one delegate each for the first time. Colorado will have one, the same as in 1896; Kansas and Maine the same. Connecticut will have 3, against 2 in 1896 and Illinois 7 where there were 3 in 1896. Indiana is entitled to 2, Kansas to 1 and Kentucky to 3. Maryland will have 3, Michigan 2 and Missouri 5. North California will have 4. Ohio gains 2, and is entitled to 5 delegates, and Rhode Island gains 1, being entitled to 2. New York will have 50, against 23 in 1896, and Pennsylvania 26. Massachusetts is entitled to 23, against 14 in 1896. Wisconsin gains 2 delegates and is entitled to 4 at the next assembly.

**What a Long Distance Cycler Eats.**

Judging from the wonderful gastronomic feats accomplished by the Frenchman Huret during his recent 24 hour race against time, long distance cycling is the best appetite promoter in existence. During his ride he disposed of 6 pints of milk and rice, 4 pints of Julien soup, 6 pints of chocolate made with milk, 6 pints of pure tea, no milk; 4 pints of coffee, 14 pints of vichy water (mild soda water), 12 pints pure milk, 6 pounds tapioca soup, 1 pound beef juice, 7 pounds of grapes, 2 bottles rhine wine, 3 bottles of port, 1 bottle of champagne, some buttered toast, an omelet, a little chartreuse and 18 eggs and at the end of the race declared himself starving.

# FOR LOVERS OF WHIST

## Howell's Enunciation of the Principles of Short Suit Play.

### A FEW WORDS ABOUT "RUFFING."

**Not the Finest Strategy, but It Wins Tricks—Openings In Long Suit Games. A Gambit Opening Illustrated—Notes and Explanations.**

An axiomatic principle lies at the bottom of "the new whist." It deals with *the value of tenace*. Deschapelles, Mathews and Clay placed much stress on this idea. Its importance is recognized by the few moderns who have contributed to whist literature independently of Pole, Cavendish & Co. Foster, in "Whist Strategy," says of "the short suit game:" "Instead of trying to 'obtain for your *small* cards a value that does not intrinsically belong to them [the Pole-Cavendish scheme], you endeavor to obtain for your *high* cards a trick taking value that is dependent on their position." Major Tenace's argument for the opening of a short suit in the absence of strength in hand has this for its nub, "Avoid leading from any other single honor [than the ace] and small cards, for you are more likely to make a trick in the suit by remaining quiet." Starnes, in "Short Suit Whist," sums up the "ruling motive" thus: "Every card individually is more valuable when led up to than when led." The editor of Whist, recently answering a correspondent's inquiry as to which is the stronger suit, king, 7, 5, 4, 2 or queen, jack, 8, 5, 3, prefers the latter, and explains, "The chances for a sure trick in the king suit are much better if some one else is permitted to open it." The present writer, in "Whist Openings" which has the honor of being the pioneer work devoted exclusively to the advanced game—expresses the tenace principle in this maxim:

"Given a long suit not headed by a sequence of two or more high cards and not accompanied by such strength in trumps and the other plain suits that, with reasonable assistance from partner, you can establish and bring it in, you will be more likely to win tricks in the suit if somebody else opens it than if you open it yourself."

This all pervading truth the student and player of whist should incessantly bear in mind and apply in practice. It is not enough to acknowledge the advantage of holding on to suits composed of small cards and the ace, queen (major tenace) the king, jack (minor tenace), and the ace, jack (vice tenace); it is necessary also to feel the wisdom of nursing what little strength you possess in such a suit as king or queen, with three or four small cards, unless, indeed, your hand is otherwise so rich in trumps and cards of re-entry that, even if partner be unable to give you much help, you can probably bull the suit through to establishment.

Nor is it sufficient that you should have a fair chance of establishing the suit. Even if you succeed, your hand is not going to be of any greater value than it was at the start unless you can draw trumps out and make tricks with the small cards of your established suit. In order to do this, you need fair strength in trumps, and besides one or two high cards in your shorter plain suits, by means of which, after the trumps are exhausted, you may "get in" to lead your established suit.

If you have not this sort of strength in your hand originally, you should not try to play the long suit game—that is, should not try to establish a long suit and make tricks with the small cards in it, because, by an unsuccessful attempt to do all this, you jeopardize your chances of successfully accomplishing something less—namely, making tricks with what few high cards you have, which, however, is all you have a right to expect from the plain suit elements of an indifferent hand.

Furthermore, if you open a short suit rather than a long one, you are much more likely to be able to use your small trumps for "ruffing." The "ruffing" game is not the most intellectual class of whist strategy, to be sure, but it wins tricks and is not to be despised.

Do not, then, essay the long suit game, leading a small card from a long suit headed by a tenace or a single high card, when the rest of your hand is weak. Open with a short or weak suit, whose sacrifice will not injure you. The size of the card that you lead is immaterial, except that it must not be so small as to deceive partner into believing that it is the bottom of a long suit, for then he would give you credit for a strong hand and a desire to play the forward, long suit game, and his misconception of your condition and purpose might be damaging.

The opening with a losing card I have called, in "Whist Openings," the "gambit," and the word has found acceptance among whist players as a briefer and more significant term than the phrase "short suit opening." The gambit is not necessarily, indeed, a short suit opening, since it may be played from a long weak suit if you have no short one.

In the order of their value the ordinary gambits are: Queen, from queen and jack, with or without smaller cards, or from queen and one small, or queen alone; jack, from jack and not more than two small, or from jack, 10 and any number of small and 10, 9, 8, 7 or 6 from the top of a suit the shorter the better. You cannot go below the 6 without misinforming partner.

I append a pretty example of gambit opening, followed by the bringing in of long suit, which could have been accomplished only with great difficulty after the original opening of the long suit. The hand was played in a match. H 10 is the trump turned; north leads; the winning card in each trick is underlined, and the card underneath is led next:

| | North. | East. | South. | West |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Trick 1..... | S 9 | S 3 | S 4 | S 5 |
| Trick 2..... | S 6 | S A | S 7 | S J |
| Trick 3..... | S 2 | S J | S 8 | D . |
| Trick 4..... | D 8 | D K | D 3 | D . |
| Trick 5..... | D 9 | D A | H 5 | D 7 |
| Trick 6..... | C J | C 3 | C 2 | C 4 |
| Trick 7..... | H K | H 2 | H 7 | H . |
| Trick 8..... | H 8 | H 6 | H J | H . |
| Trick 9..... | C 8 | H 9 | H Q | H . |
| Trick 10..... | C K | C 10 | C 5 | C 6 |
| Trick 11..... | D Q | D 7 | C 7 | D . |
| Trick 12..... | C 9 | D 10 | C A | C Q |
| Trick 13..... | S 5 | S 10 | H A | D J |

NOTES.

Trick 1.—By his gambit opening north says: "The 9 is the best card I have in spades. It is in the other suits that I hope to make tricks."

Trick 2.—West gives partner credit for the ace and probably other strength in spades, and being weak in trumps aims to make what there is in the spades before starting another suit. North begins to play the cards of his gambit suit downward—9, then 6, then 5, then 2—just as though he led each time, which is the usual method of playing such a suit, in order to indicate, when you drop the smallest card, that you are out of it. East wins this trick in order to continue the spades.

Trick 3.—North drops to the 2 in spades in order to make east think he has no more, and so to stop the suit.

Trick 4.—East therefore "switches" to the diamonds.

Trick 5.—South, being strong in trumps, plays the long suit game, with the small card opening. His lead of clubs has the additional purpose of going through the suit which, by his discard of diamonds, west has shown to be his strongest. North, giving the strength in clubs to south and west, quits properly finesses against east.

Tricks 7 and 8.—North, counting partner's hand as all trumps and clubs, and also crediting him with trump strength on account of the small card opening in clubs and having the diamond suit guarded, plays for the clubs, boldly throws the king of trumps and, winning, goes on with the small one.

Tricks 9 to 12.—South and his partner easily make good their winning cards, in spite of the fact that the original opening was from a worthless suit—a genuine sacrifice or gambit. If north had opened his clubs instead, it would have been much harder to bring them in, as analysis of the hands will show, because the proper way of going about it would not have been so clearly shown as it was by the slow but informatory gambit development.

E. C. HOWELL.

Boston Press Club, Boston.

## CYCLING CHAT.

There were only nine votes against Chief Consul Potter in the annual election of the New York state division.

James E. Sullivan, secretary of the Amateur Athletic union, has joined the League of American Wheelmen.

Jay Eaton is anxious to arrange a series of match races with any rider, to take place at the indoor meet at Madison Square Garden, New York, next month.

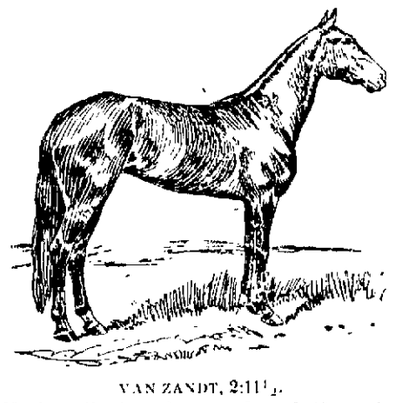
A rider in a western city has sued the corporation for damages caused by his running into a box left in the street without a warning light to mark the spot.

## A PLUCKY MARE.

**Van Zandt Won Her Honors by Means of Pure Grit.**

The trotter Van Zandt, 2:11¼, was one of the stars of the track during the season just closed. She is not prepossessing in appearance, but she has speed and grit, and these qualities have won for her many honors.

Van Zandt is by Chimes Bell, dam Alex Ida, by Alexander H. Sherman. Her owner and driver is John Devereaux of New York. She has done good work throughout the season. One of her most notable races was made at Fleetwood park, New York, where she met and defeated the mighty Page and two other good ones. In this race she won three out of five heats in such desperately game fashion as to call forth the admiration of all who witnessed her victory. She is pure pluck to the backbone and frequently hangs on and fights out a victorious finish among horses really faster than herself.



VAN ZANDT, 2:11¼.

**Another Cycling Raid on Europe.**

American racing cyclists contemplate giving European hard fight during the coming season. The laurels that have been lost on "the other side" must be regained, manufacturers and racing men are agreed on that point and there is a general anxiety that the L. A. W. should recover the prestige it had when Zimmerman, Banker and Wheeler carried everything before them. The Butlers are already in Europe and great things are expected of them. Tom, the younger of the two, has been placed at the very top rank of American racing men and is seconds faster than any of his predecessors. Nat is speedy in any company, but it is by their system of working together that the men hope to win. Johnson, who was so unfortunate on the continent last year, has been chipping world's records recently and now declares himself ready to meet and defeat his French rivals next spring. Several other fast riders will also go with Johnson. Zimmerman has been contemplating a return to the racing game and will likely appear again in Europe. But as pretty plain, therefore, it is the foreigners are not going to have things all their own way in future contests.

**Barnie's Interesting Career.**

Billy Barnie, who is to manage the Brooklyn baseball team next season, has had a varied baseball career. He was a catcher on the old Atlantics away back in the seventies. He introduced baseball in Baltimore, as far as a big team is concerned, as he established and managed a club there as a member of the old American association. He went from Baltimore to manage the Washington club and then went to Louisville. Then he umpired in the National league for a season, after which he managed an Eastern league club in Scranton.

He was blacklisted by the National league in 1895 for an attempt to form a new American association. The blacklist was subsequently removed, and last year Barnie established and managed a club in Hartford in the Atlantic league circuit.

**Pitcher Mains' Good Work.**

In summing up the records of the baseball cracks of the New England league for the season it was found that Pitcher Mains of the Bangor (Me.) team had done the most effective work of all in his class. Mains made good headway last season, and this year he quite distinguished himself, and it was largely due to his good playing that Bangor attained its high position.

Out of one stretch of 13 games he won 11, lost 1 and tied 1. In 5 games but 38 hits were made off his delivery. In 11 games he struck out 57 men. In 1 game he struck out 9 men, in another 8, twice 7 and once 6. Pitching and batting taken together, he ranked well ahead of any other pitcher of the league.


# Almost Distracted?

DID YOU EVER suffer from real nervousness? When every nerve seemed to quiver with a peculiar, creepy feeling, first in one place, and then another and all seemed finally to concentrate in a writhing jumble in the brain, and you become irritable, fretful and peevish; to be followed by an impotent, weakened condition of the nerve centers, ringing in the ears, and sleepless, miserable nights?

**Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.....**

Mrs. Eugene Searles, 110 Simonton St., Elkhart, Ind., says: "Nervous troubles had made me nearly insane and physicians were unable to help me. My memory was almost gone and every little thing worried me until I was almost distracted. I really feared I was becoming a maniac. I imagined all sorts of evil things and would cry over nothing. I commenced taking Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and four bottles of this wonderful remedy completely cured me, and I am as well now as I ever was."

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on guarantee, first bottle will benefit or money refunded.

**Chichester's English Diamond Brand.**

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# Excursions

**TO POINTS SOUTH**

On the first and third Tuesday of each month at about half rates, and one-way tickets at one and a half cents per mile.

For information, County Map Folders etc., address,

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**PILES** Dr Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. By druggists, by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and $1.00. WILLIAMS MANUFACTURING CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by F. E. Seaman.

# Suggestions for those in Search of Health

Get rid of the bondage of habit.

The use of condiments in your food such as pepper, spices, too much salt, do not nourish but create an abnormal appetite.

In many diseases it is not good to partake of too much animal food.

If you are ill it is better to lay aside the use of pork, tea and coffee.

Do not eat or drink when over heated or angry.

Eat slowly. It is not well to drink while eating.

If you wish to increase your fat and flesh drink freely of water.

Do not neglect bathing, and rub the body after a bath until the skin is warm and red.

Have a regular time for rest and eating.

Keep your feet warm, and head cool.

If you are inclined to be melancholy sleep on the right side.

Don't talk against anyone. If you have ill feelings against any person seek to do them a kindness.

Do not think evil of anyone. Get rid of all of your evil suspicions and jealous thoughts. Cast them out of your mind as you would a viper, for such thoughts will injure your disposition, weaken your body, and ruin your health.

Do not listen to gossip against your neighbor, and remember there is something good that you can say of every one.

Do not worry about that which you can not help because it can do you no good, and do not worry about that which you can help because if you can help it you should do so and then you won't have anything to worry over.

Cultivate a cheerful, pleasant disposition, and you can be more easily cured of any disease that may afflict you.

**WHAT DR. KUTCHIN DOES DO.**

Dr. Kutchin makes the first object of his life to heal the afflicted; the second, to get a well-deserved reputation as a healer of diseases among the people; the third, is to earn a modest compensation in order to properly care for himself and family.

He does all that he agrees to, and often times more, and when failure does occur it can always be traced to carelessness, imprudence, or overwork on the part of the patient.

He deals candidly, liberally and honorably with all alike, taking advantage of none as to condition or circumstance.

Last, but not least, he **cures** after all methods but his have failed.

**DR. H. LESTER KUTCHIN.**

COLUMBUS, OHIO.

EX. U. S. SURGEON.

Specialist in Chronic Diseases.

**WHAT DR. KUTCHIN DOES NOT DO.**

He does not frighten people into doctoring by holding up a plea of a speedy death before their eyes. He does not urge the sick to take treatment when he knows them to be incurable. Neither does he by false pretenses hold the sick under his care month after month while doing them no good.

He does not persuade helpless incurables to doctor out the last month of their lives, or give up their last dime for medicine.

He does not take patients under a so-called false guarantee pretending to charge only for medicine and taking whatever amount he can get, or make the object of his life to extort money from the sick.

**HUNDREDS OF SO CALLED INCURABLE CASES CURED!**

**Thousands of Men** All over the country are being slowly led to death year after year owing to the vile frauds passing off with the name quack. People learn down-hearted out and whipped of energy and ambition, not aware of what the true cause of their troubles lies. Seeking relief from the family doctor, they are treated for Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Heart Trouble or Rheumatism and Kidney Disease, but to no purpose. They try patent nostrums, but to success against them. These sufferers may be of all ages from mere boys to advanced life, but the majority are middle-aged married men who have worked hard and honestly, but to no avail. If such will come to the Doctor, and bring a bottle of their urine, he will show them the cause of their trouble.

**The Chronic Afflicted** In order to have the skill of the Noted Specialist, must either go to such specialist, or the Specialist must go to them. Statistics show that among all chronic sufferers, not more than one in five hundred ever go to the larger cities to receive treatment; this fact is owing mainly to: The terrible dread the sick have of leaving home and going into the turmoil, noise and confusion of a great city, and the worry and exhaustion incident to travel. Also the great expense of the trip and the unreasonable prices charged for examination and treatment. It is a notorious fact that chronic diseases are so distinct from acute ones that the regular practitioner, as a rule, wants nothing to do with them, and if satisfied with his income, will frankly say so, hence the necessity of the specialist; and that he shall put himself where those patients **uncured by their Family Doctor** may see him and receive first-class treatment, although unable to visit the city to secure a like quality of skill. The fact that a city specialist visits your county seat, and receives and prescribes for patients at your best hotel does not in the least detract from his skill, honesty, integrity or respectability. For if a man is a gentleman at home he is a gentleman everywhere. Does Dr. Kutchin cure everybody? No! Does he treat every case that goes to him? No! But he does cure a greater percentage of cases accepted for treatment than any specialist of our acquaintance. His business has assumed such gigantic proportions in Ohio that he has found it an absolute necessity to confine his work almost entirely to this State. This enables everyone under his care to communicate with or see the Doctor on short notice at all times.

☞DR. KUTCHIN IS NO STRANGER IN THIS COUNTY HE HAS BEEN MAKING REGULAR VISITS HERE FOR THREE YEARS.

☞**SPECIAL NOTICE.—In all obscure diseased conditions DR. KUTCHIN requests the afflicted to bring a sample of urine for free analysis. This should be the first passed on arising. Let the afflicted remember that Dr. H. LESTER KUTCHIN visits this country regularly every month for the convenience and benefit of his patients. He can be consulted FREE of CHARGE in his private parlors at the**

**Hotel Conrad, Massillon, Tuesday, Dec. 1, '96**

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# THE INDEPENDENT.

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,
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THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1896.


## A THANKSGIVING POEM.

The Muse sat down, picked up her lyre,
Tuned it and struck a good high C.
"I'm not quite up to my usual pitch,
"But I'll try to sing a song," said she.
She twanged at her lyre, and thought and thought;
She tied a wet towel about her head.
But she couldn't think of a single song,
So she put out her gas and went to bed.

The new Torrens land registration law goes into operation in this state on the second Monday in next January, and went into effect in September. The purpose of the system is fourfold:

1. To afford a speedy and certain method of definitely settling the titles to such lands in Ohio as may be offered for registration.

2. To afford an easy means of removing from titles defects which may not be fatal, but which are troublesome clouds.

3. To give an absolute indefeasible title to registered lands, actively defended by the state of Ohio.

4. To provide a method of conveying title to land with greater security, with about the same ease, and at nearly as little cost as personal property may be transferred.

It is said that as many as seven out of ten titles to Ohio real estate, are defective at some stage in their history. It was to remove these defects, and provide titles which would be guaranteed by the state that the Torrens law was passed. The registration of the landed property of estates is made mandatory under its provisions, but in other cases it is optional. Thus in the course of years every particle of Ohio real estate will have a title that cannot be impeached.

## ELI PERKINS'S VIEWS.

Eli Perkins went from Massillon to Chicago and when he reached the latter city he was interviewed: "Yes," said he, "I lectured at Massillon, O., Friday evening, and spent Saturday at Canton, where I had, as I've had many times before, a nice talk with McKinley."

"What did he say?" was asked.

"I cannot give you words not spoken for a public utterance," said Mr. Perkins "It would not be kind nor courteous, but I can tell you in my own words just what the President-elect will do."

"What does McKinley believe caused the hard times and the increase of the public debt?" was asked.

"He believes that cutting down a tariff for revenue and making a tariff for deficit has caused all our trouble. He believes a too low tariff has stopped our velvet and woolen mills, crippled our pottery industry, made millions of idle laborers, and increased the public debt $250,000,000."

"How does Mr. McKinley feel toward the sound money Democrats?'

'Very kindly. In fact, there is no hate in McKinley's composition. He knows the Democratic policy of partial free trade has been a dismal failure and now he says if his opponents will come up and help him fix a logical tariff for revenue and replace reciprocity, he will guarantee to stop the balance of trade against us, start all our industries and bring the old prosperity back again. He knows Bradford is now making our clothes, Sheffield our cutlery, France and Germany our velvet and plush, and Germany and France our wine. He would put a specific duty on these luxuries high enough to have them made in the United States, without lowering our wages. Mr. McKinley did not say this, but I know he would rather pay $50,000,000 every year to Tennessee, Kentucky, Ohio and California for wool, than to make it free and pay $55,000,000 to Asia and Australia."

"What would McKinley do with the tin industry?"

"I doubt if he would touch tin or glass. These industries, thanks to him, are established here now We are making three-fourths of our tin at $1 per box now, where we used to pay $6 50 to Wales The tin tariff was dropped by the Wilson bill fram $2 20 to $1 10. The Democratic idea was to kill the industry but Providence came with free gas in Indiana, and those industries are thriving now. The tin tariff would have to be raised ½ cent a pound to make it profitable, with our wages, outside of the gas belt."

"Two industries in particular, McKinley is watching," continued Mr. Perkins. "They are pottery and silk industries in Japan. Ship loads of our finest silk and cotton machinery are now going to Tokio, Osaka and Kioto. When the Japanese women get to work at 12 cents a day, Mexican money, or 5 cents a day in our money, our girls, who are getting twelve times as high wages, will have to go idle or be protected by a discriminating tariff. But McKinley understands the situation. Let him alone, and he will fix it so that all our laboring men will work at the highest wages. He will have a tariff for revenue, and gold will come from Europe to settle the balance of trade."

"One new industry," continued Mr. Perkins, "McKinley will try to capture as he did tin That is the linen industry He does not like the idea of the United States paying $30,000,000 a year for linen to Germany and Ireland. He would put a temporary protective tariff against linen cloths and let raw flax come in from Ireland and Germany free. This would bring the Belfast linen factories to this country. They would go to Minnesota, where they picked out sites five years ago. After the factories come the farmers will take out wheat and raise flax. We will not send wheat for German and Russian flax as we do now. We will save the $30,000,000 to this country."

## EUROPEAN POLITICS.

Harper's Weekly finds many noteworthy facts in the European situation this week. Germany is still convulsed with the "almost posthumous" revelations of Prince Bismarck in the Hamburger Nachrichten. The ex-chancellor began by disclosing the secret—that everyone at all conversant with European diplomacy already knew—that up to 1890 a full agreement existed between Germany and Russia to the effect that if either of them were attacked the other should observe a friendly neutrality. This, of course, cut directly at the Triple Alliance, and violated, if not the letter, at least the spirit of the Austro-German treaty; but Bismarckian diplomacy was always of a frankly cynical nature. "Up to 1890," says Bismarck, in effect, "Germany was unassailable. The Triple Alliance stood firm and was respected abroad. The neutrality of Russia was guaranteed. And now behold the fruits of my dismissal and of Caprivi's philo-Polish policy—the good understanding with Russia gone, and its place taken by the Franco-Russian alliance, England hostile, the Triple Alliance crumbling" To all this the German government has made an official reply to the effect that it will make no reply. It is generally given out in Germany that the political duplicity of the Bismarckian days is a thing of the past; that German diplomacy stands henceforth only for an honest adherence to the Triple Alliance. The Parisians, meanwhile, are rubbing their hands, confident that Bismarck has not only fouled his own nest, but sown seeds of discord among the Triple Alliance. Secure in their dual alliance, they grow mighty sarcastic over his discretion. In England there is not much genuine sorrow over the poor figure her former friend is cutting; rather, indeed, the reverse. England has discovered during the last year or two that she never did really like Germany, and that, however much she might try to disguise it, France and Russia were her only real friends.

## THE PRODUCTION OF COAL.

Some months ago THE INDEPENDENT published a brief review of the annual report of the chief inspector of mines. None of the facts relating to the Massillon district were then available, and from the full report some additional facts are obtained. In point of production it is found that of the ten leading counties Jackson heads the list followed by Perry, Athens, Hocking, Guernsey, Belmont, Jefferson, Stark, Tuscarawas and Columbiana in the order named. The first four occur in the same order as during 1894, but Stark county, which was formerly tenth, appears as eigth from the figures for the year 1895. The Massillon field proper embraces parts of Stark, Wayne, Medina and Summit counties and as these several counties contain mines not included in the Massillon district proper it is impossible to sum up the work of the year in that restricted area.

The tonnage of Stark county for 1895 amounted to 661,096 tons of lump coal, 78,860 tons of nut coal and 120.777 tons of pea or slack, or a total of 860,733 tons. The grand total of coal mined in Wayne county during the year was 119,015 tons, Medina county 265,411 tons and the product in Summit county was 49,260 tons. The gain in the tonnage of Stark county was 404,005, in Summit county 21,938 and in Wayne county 86,873, these gains being due to a large extent to the strikes of the year 1894.

Miners who are curious to know the real cause in the decline of prices in their industry can find it very readily by turning to the table giving the coal output of the state from 1872 to 1895. In the year 1872 the total output of the state was 5,313,294 tons and by 1895 it had gradually increased to 13,683,879 tons.

The number of mines worked in Stark county has increased from ninety four to ninety-seven, and the average number of weeks worked during the last year in this county was thirty. There are fifteen mines in Summit county and six in Wayne county, this being a loss for Wayne of three mines. The number of miners employed in this county in 1895 was 1,809, being a loss of forty-two over the preceding year. The number of day hands employed was 572, being an increase of nineteen over the preceding year. In Wayne county the total number of miners employed was eighty-four. In Summit county the total number of miners was 119, and the number of day hands forty-three. In Medina county the number of miners employed was 367, and the number of day hands eighty-one.

Forty-three Stark county mines report that during 1895 they used 26,144 kegs of powder. These same mines produced 785,312 tons of coal, the average number of tons mined to each keg of powder used being 30 In Jefferson county each keg of powder was good for 194 tons; in Hocking county for 121, in Guernsey for 128, and in several others for over 100. Whether it is due to conditions or in the method of mining the miners themselves must determine, but the fact remains that only two counties in the state secure as little tonnage from a given quantity of powder as Stark county, and those two are Summit and Wayne, the former's average being 23 and the latter's 26 Taking the state as a whole the average number of tons mined to a keg of powder used was 58.

The number of hands engaged in mining fire clay in Stark county in 1894 was 320 and the number of tons mined was 240,086. In 1895 the number of tons mined was only 93,514, showing a loss in tonnage of 146,572. In the same interval the gain in the number of hands employed in the manufacture of fire clay products was 510.

# PILGRIMS IN CANTON.

## They Come to Express Their Personal Regard.

### WHAT COL. GRANT HAS TO SAY.

**He Reiterates His Willingness to be Secretary of War—Bellamy Storer Credited With a Burning Desire to go to Rome—A Minnesota Visitor.**

CANTON, Nov, 24 —Col. Frederick D. Grant came down from Cleveland, Monday afternoon, and after a visit of two hours at the McKinley house, returned to that city. The Colonel remarked that his visit had no political significance, and then commented on the excellent likeness of his father, which hangs in Mr. McKinley's library. But though Col. Grant said that his visit was merely by way of friendly regard, he admitted unreservedly, as he had previously in Cleveland, that use of his name in connection with the cabinet was agreeable.

"I haven't any idea," said he, "that there is the least danger of my appointment as secretary of war. Of course, if I should be invited to be one of the Major's advisors, it would gratify me, but really it seems a prospect so remote as to be scarcely worth discussing."

The frank admissions of Col. Grant were in pleasant contrast with the sensitive reticence of many who come to Canton.

Mr and Mrs. Bellamy Storer, of Cincinnati, were among the day's guests, and they lunched with Mr. and Mrs. McKinley. Mr. Storer has been here very frequently, but this was his wife's first visit. He is credited with a burning desire to go to Rome as American ambassador. He is an over-grown six-footer in appearance, and has almost boy-like countenance. He is ambitious, wealthy, and has had a romance. Years ago he fell in love with Maria Longworth, the daughter of Nicholas Longworth, the original Cincinnati millionaire. His suit did not prosper, and Miss Longworth married George Ward Nichols. After his death a few years ago, Mr. Storer resumed his attentions, and with more success Up to this time he had not been a figure of any prominence in Cincinnati, or given evidence of striking ability. Shortly after his marriage, he was elected to congress, where he enjoyed one term. He failed to give entire satisfaction, and greatly to his surprise and chagrin, discovered one fine day, while off summering somewhere, that another man had been nominated for the office he held. Since then he has been in private life. Mrs. Storer was the founder of the Rookwood pottery and is a woman of culture and talent of a high order.

Former Governor Lucius Hubbard, of Minnesota, was in town during the afternoon, and whether searching for a boom for the place of secretary of agriculture for himself or former Governor Hoard still remains a mystery.

## WORK OF THE WORKHOUSE.

**Secretary Loeffler Talks About Contract and Income.**

W. H. Loeffler, secretary of the board of trustees of the Stark county workhouse, says that almost 100 contracts are now in existence with counties and corporations for confinment of their prisoners in this county. Most of the best contracts are of recent origin and will materially affect the business of the institution. Mr. Loeffler thinks that the cash income of the workhouse will never exceed the expenditures, as most of the work performed by the prisoners is to be on the highways. The public is benefited thereby, but no financial showing is made in the books of the institution. He does believe that enough money can be taken in from outside sources to pay the running expenses. A majority of the prisoners now confined are from points without the county.

"Among the important contracts from which large receipts are expected," said Mr. Loeffler, "are: Summit county, from where we receive prisoners sentenced from Akron and Barberton; Mahoning county, Youngstown and smaller places; Trumbull county, Niles and Warren; Columbiana county, Salem, Wellsville and East Liverpool; Jefferson county, Steubenville; Tuscarawas county, Canal Dover, New Philadelphia and Uhrichsville; Carroll county, Carrollton and smaller places; Holmes county, Millersburg; Wayne county, Wooster and Orrville; Richland county, Mansfield; Medina county, Medina The contract with Youngstown was the last made, and negotiations are now pending for a contract for the prisoners from Mahoning county entire and may be completed this week. Prisoners are also received from numerous villages in the counties named. These prisoners are boarded for from twenty-two to forty cents per day by our institution and we derive the benefit of their labor. Prisoners sentenced from adjoining counties for ninety days or over are boarded for twenty two cents, and those receives under a thirty days' sentence or less, forty cents per day."


**There is Nothing So Good.**

There is nothing just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, so demand it and do not permit the dealer to sell you some substitute. He will not claim there is anything better, but in order to make more profit he may claim something else to be just as good You want Dr. King's New Discovery because you know it to be safe and reliable, and guaranteed to do good or money refunded. For coughs, colds, consumption, and for all affections of throat, chest, and lungs, there is nothing so good as is Dr. King's New Discovery. Trial bottles free at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store. Regular size 50c and $1.

Everyday symptoms of digestive disorders—acid stomach, distress after eating, burning at pit of stomach, dull, heavy feeling—Burdock Blood Bitters never fails to correct any troubles of this sort.


## MORE GOOD NEWS.

**Reed & Co. will Put Another Factory in Operation.**

The tank furnace of Reed & Company's glass works will be placed in operation Wednesday morning, giving employment to thirty-six blowers, forty boys and many others in different capacities. It will be worked night and day.

# COST OF THE CAMPAIGN.

## The Republicans Spent the Sum of $3,240.44.

### DEMOCRATS SPENT ONLY $820.

**The Republican National Committee Came to the Rescue of the County Committee With a Donation of $2,035—Sources of Income Enumerated in Official Report.**

CANTON, Nov. 24.—Late on Monday night the statements of the treasurers of the Republican and Democratic county committees filed their reports which, as the Garfield law provides, must be placed in the hands of the clerk of courts not later than twenty days after election. Treasurer J. A. Reed, of the Republican committee, reports as follows: Assessments of candidates—Henry A. Wise, $210; J. B. Sommers, $100; R. W. Tayler, $200; Henry Bixler, $60; T. T. McCarty, $150; T. C. McQuate, $100. Donations—Hiram Doll, $50; T. W. Casselman, $50; Jacob Geib, $50; J. A. Reed, $50; George E. Baldwin, $50; Harry Rex, $25; J. P. Fawcett, $25; J. A. Bliss, $15; C. C. Bow, $25; Morris Aungst, $15; Harvey Smith, $15; Homer Stone, $15; Republican national committee, $2,035.44. Total, $3,240.44.

Disbursements: Postage, $59; gas bills, $42 06; janitors, $10; secretary salary, $200; clerk hire and stenographer, $146; hall rent for city and county meetings, $171; livery, $240.25, printing, $371 53; express, $21 38; telegraph, $37.42; telephone $18 30; drayage, $3.50; bands and quartette for meetings, $284; Western Union Telegraph Co., election returns, $50; stereoptican, $30; apportionment to county committee and polling Canton, Massillon and Alliance, $1,592. Total, $3,240 44.

The report of Treasurer A. O. Slentz, of the Democratic committee, is too lengthy for publication in full, owing to numerous entries of small sums. The totals, however, are as follows: Receipts through assessments and donations, $820, and disbursements the same.

### TWO DIVORCE CASES.

There were two divorce cases begun in court on Monday afternoon In the first petition Samantha E. Hassler prays for a divorce from Ephriam H. Hassler. She charges extreme cruelty and gross neglect. She desires alimony and the restoration of her maiden name, Samantha E Schweisberger.

Mary Barr vs. Wm. Barr is the title of the second case, and extreme cruelty and neglect are charged in this instance. Mrs Barr also desires alimony.

### SNYDER SENTENCED.

Charles Snyder, who was arraigned for trial yesterday on a charge of larceny, changed his plea to guilty. Judge McCarty administered a sentence of eighteen months in the Ohio penitentiary.

## COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

**Damages Wanted for a Bite from a Dog—Present for McKinley.**

CANTON, Nov. 23.—The following criminal cases will be heard by Judge McCarty this week: Monday, Ohio vs Charles Snyder, larceny; Tuesday, Ohio vs Samuel Moore, unlawful sale of wool, and J. H Johnson for selling liquor on Sunday; Wednesday, Ohio vs Casper J. Falls, obtaining a signature by false pretenses; Thursday there will be no court, and on Friday the regular docket will be resumed and the following cases are assigned for hearing: The G. D. Harter Bank vs. Walter H Numan; Samuel Benson vs. Emma Benson; Catherine Breider vs. Charles Breider, also divorce proceedings. Mr. Breider resides in Massillon and his attorneys are Willison and Day

Guy Tilden has begun suit to recover damages in the sum of $100 from Oliver Brady. In the petition the plaintiff alleges that he was bitten on the leg by a vicious dog which Brady negligently allowed to run at large The wound caused great pain and disabled the plaintiff for several weeks.

By the Adams express, this morning, President-elect McKinley received from Missouri a lamb. A placard attached to the crate bore the following inscription: "This lamb's dam is in Missouri and Democracy. The dogs are after it and it is bleating for protection."

A. G. Biechele, an aged and prominent merchant of this city, was found dead in bed at his North Cleveland avenue residence, this morning. Heart failure is the attributed cause.

Marriage licenses have been granted to Jacob E. Wentling and Dessa S Grant, of Wilmot; Charles G. Skelton and Anna Koehler, of North Industry; Ambrose Williams and Judith Bennet, of Massillon.


Keep them out—all those germs, the seeds of disease, that are trying day and night to get a foothold in your system. You can't do it, unless your liver is active.

The very best medicine for the liver and the blood, is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Take it when you're getting thin, or have pimples or eruptions, when you've no appetite and feel run down (these are warning signals)—and you'll save yourself from serious illness.

**Farmers, Attention!**

Best quality fresh ground black pepper, 15 cents a pound, at Cupples's drug store, West Tremont street, Massillon, O.

Serious troubles come from the neglect of a cough. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup is a perfect cure for coughs and colds of all sorts.


# DEADLY JIMSON BERRY

## A Perry County Coal Mine Ablaze for Twelve Years.

### A VERY UNFRIENDLY RECEPTION

**The Unlucky Shot of a Morgan County Farmer—He Kills His Own Son While Out Shooting—Disease Germs Lurk in Lead Pencils.**

The 14-year-old son of Joseph Leonard, of Canton, narrowly escaped death, last Thursday, from the effects of the seeds of jimson berry bulbs, which he ate on his way from school. The boy became delirious and violent, requiring the united efforts of three men to hold him. He suffered for some time, but is now considered out of danger.

A terrible accident occurred near Stockport, Morgan county, on Saturday. John Travis, a well-to-do farmer, was out hunting, when he saw a movement in some undergrowth which he thought was a rabbit. He fired into the bushes, and upon investigation found that he had killed his 14 year-old son, who was in hiding to surprise his father. The parents are naturally heart broken.

Lead pencils, which are given out miscellaneously every day, are supposed to have distributed diphtheria germs in a Dayton school.

Mr. F. M. Paltzgroff, of Ravenna, came very near killing a friend, Thursday night, mistaking him for a burglar. The friend arrived on a midnight train and was seeking the hospitality which he had theretofore found under Mr. Paltzgroff's roof, when the latter, hearing a noise, and thinking of burglar stories, threw open his window and bravely fired into space. The friend dodged the bullet and retreated to the shelter of a hotel for the balance of the night.

A coal mine at Straitsville, Perry county, fired during the strike of 1884, has been burning ever since, the owners having made no effort to put the fire out It has consumed coal under a large territory, and surface real estate, well improved, is about to cave in. Other mines near at hand are in danger of catching fire. Attorney General Monnett last week advised Inspector Hasel tine to prosecute the owner, John Elliott, of Zanesville, if he does not take steps at once to put the fire out.

## ELECTRIC ROAD NOTES.

**The Akron-Massillon Line—The Navarre Extension.**

What has become of the electric line first projected to extend from Wooster to Cleveland, and later on said to be designed to end at Massillon, with Wooster out in the cold? These are questions that beset the Wooster Republican, the most energetic railroad builder in the state. A Cleveland paper prints this dispatch: "An agent of the proposed Cleveland & Wooster electric railroad is in New York negotiating a loan for the company, and the indications are that the deal will be completed before January. Active work on the construction of the road will begin as early next spring as possible."

The Akron electric line, known as the Cleveland & Southern, which aims directly at Massillon, is to be built, so it is said, down to Clinton, then taking the already existing Massillon & Cleveland tracks into this city. The project is quite feasible.

The Norwalk-Sandusky Company has declared a dividend of 3 per cent payable December 1st. If that can be done up there, the query arises why cannot the Canton-Massillon Company, after a splendid season and with a better paying property, fulfill its contract and extend its line to Navarre?

## BEFORE THE MAYOR.

**Mr. Wisdom's Indiscretion—Oatley Pleads Guilty.**

Joseph Wisdom pleaded not guilty to a charge of criminal slander preferred by Mrs. Gilbert N. Porter, before Mayor Schott, today, and will be given a trial later.

James Oatley, who resides at 28 South West street, was arrested Monday morning, by Marshal Markel, on a charge of assault preferred by his step-daughter, Jessie Bell He pleaded guilty and was bound over to common pleas court. Being unable to give bond he was taken to the county jail to await trial.

Anna Whipple was taken to the workhouse where she will liquidate a fine of $5 and costs. She pleaded guilty to a charge of drunkenness.


**Cheap Excursions to the West, North and Northwest.**

On November 17, December 1 and 15, 1896, the North Western Line (Chicago & North Western Railway) will sell excursion tickets to a large number of points in the west, north and northwest. For full information apply to ticket agents of connecting lines, or address W. B. Kniskern, general passenger and ticket agent, C. & N. W. Ry, Chicago.

Eczema of the scalp or Scald Head, even in its most severe form, is never-failingly cured by Doan's Ointment, the surest specific for all itchness of the skin.

**Marry This Girl Quick.**

I saw in your paper that a 13 year old boy made a $1.25 the first hour he worked selling the Perfection Metal Tip Lampwick, I ordered a sample and went to work and the first week I cleared $10, the second week I cleared $1.25 I expect to run up to $25 a week in the near future, as the Perfection Metal Tip Lampwick makes such a beautiful white light and does away with smoky chimneys and bad odor and saves oil, it is easy to sell. If you wish to try it send 13 two cent stamps to Miss A. M. Fritz, Station A, St. Louis, Mo, and she will send you sample outfit. This is a good way to make money around home.

Miss Tina W.


## MR. HUBER'S CONDITION.

**An Operation Performed Today for Appendicitis.**

President Henry Huber, of the city council, was taken seriously ill on Thursday last and became rapidly worse. During the two days past he has been almost at death's door. Drs. T. Clarke Miller and D. S. Gardner have been in attendance and diagnosed the case as appendicitis, and being of the opinion that Mr. Huber's only chance for recovery would be through surgical operation, summoned Prof. Parker, of Cleveland. Prof Parker arrived this morning and, as he remarked this afternoon, found the case exactly as represented by Drs. Miller and Gardner. The operation was most successfully made by wholly removing the vermiform appendix in the presence of the attending physicians and Drs. J. F. and J. O. Gardner. Mr. Huber stood the operation remarkably well and the strongest hopes are now entertained for his speedy and complete recovery. Dr. Parker predicts Mr. Huber's recovery within four weeks. "He received, at the hands of his physicians, very correct treatment, but the only successful results have been gained by operations where a patient is a victim of appendicitis The majority recover under this treatment and cases are rarely lost where inflammation is local and the system not generally impregnated and Mr, Huber has the benefit of these circumstances."

## BOARD OF EDUCATION.

**A Number of Small Matters Receive Attention.**

The members of the board of education want to spend their Thanksgiving evening at home so they met Tuesday night. On account of illness President Huber was unable to be present, and Mr. Corns officiated in his stead.

The report of the committee to which the matter of purchasing a furnace for the Richville avenue school was referred was accepted. It recommended the purchase of a Hess, Snyder & Co. furnace at an expense of $200 to be placed in operation on trial for three months and accepted or rejected at the expiration of that time.

Then it was decided to increase the salary of Janitor Llewelyn Williams, of the State street building, to $25 a month to take effect from Sept 1 in accordance with a previous agreement, and the board adjourned to meet again Dec. 10.

**To make "a Social Call."**

CLEVELAND, Nov. 25.—[By Associated Press]—Mark A. Hanna, ex-Governor Merriam, of Minnesota, Gen. Samuel Thomas, of New York, and others, went by special car to Canton today, to make a social call on McKinley.


# PARTIAL PARALYSIS

## Existing for Years, Successfully Treated and Cured by

### DR. WHEELER'S NERVE VITALIZER

DORA, Ind. (Special.) The following statement from Mr. M. Powell is interesting:

"I had been sick for years with nervous prostration and partial paralysis. I tried several specialists and all of the well known patent medicines without receiving any benefit. I was very much discouraged for I thought my days were numbered. Mr. J. B. Kerr, of New Holland, heard of my case and advised Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer. I gave it a trial and was pleased with effect of first dose; and before I had used all of the second bottle I was well—absolutely cured. It seems incredible that such a cure could be effected in so short a time."

Mr. Powell's case created considerable interest in this wonderful preparation. While his case seems to be the most remarkable cure effected yet there has been several other cases of very serious nervous troubles cured by Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer, many of them after the doctors had exhausted their skill and given them up.

Dr. Wheeler has been, without doubt, a benefactor to nerve afflicted humanity and is worthy of the high tribute given his name.

Mr. Powell further states that claims made by manufacturers of other preparations are without foundation and that they are in no way to be compared with Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer, which is a specific for sick nerves

Sold by Z T. Baltzly, Saltsman Drug Store and all other druggists

**The Old Fashioned Style**

Of pill gives you a feeling of horror when you see it and when you feel it. Like the "blunderbuss" of a former decade, it is big and clumsy, but not effective. In this century of enlightenment you have Dr Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, which cure indigestion, constipation, bilious attacks, sick and bilious headache.

**To Los Angeles, Cal.**

In 84 hours via the Queen & Crescent and Southern Pacific (Sunset Limited.) Leave Cincinnati every Wednesday and Sunday 8:30 a. m., arrive Los Angeles Saturday and Wednesday 8:05 p. m., San Francisco, Sunday and Thursday 1:45 p. m.

Additional fast schedules daily. Only one change Cincinnati to the Pacific Coast.

W. C. Rinearson, Gen'l Pass'r Ag't,
Cincinnati, O.

Even in the most severe cases of sprain or bruise, cut or burn, Thomas' Eclectric Oil gives almost instant relief. It is the ideal family liniment.

Others have found health, vigor and vitality in Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it surely has power to help you also. Why not try it?


**Advertised Letters.**

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon Nov. 24, 1896:

LADIES

Harsh, Mrs. Mary — Yantz, Miss Matilda
Brown, Mrs. Theresa Harney

MEN.

Baker, F. B. — Haver, Wm.
Bell, J. Will — Hart, D.
Broughton, Wm. — Rogers, Hiram
Brader & Russell — Smith, John, Jr.,
Wade, Jas.

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised.

FELIX R. SHEPLEY, P. M.


NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

# LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

**Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.**

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Meuser, son.

Dr. Dimon will spend Thanksgiving in Norwalk.

The child of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Fricker is ill with diphtheria.

William Whistler has come up from Sommerdale to visit his parents.

Miss Attilie E. Miller has accepted a position at Ellery's variety store.

Mrs. Edward S. Wright, of Cincinnati, is visiting her mother Mrs. McCue.

Mrs. Ezra Gesaman, who has been ill for several weeks, is now much bett r.

Born, to the Rev. and Mrs. Christiansen, formerly of this city, now of Louisville, Ky., a son.

Judge E. S. Dowell, of Wooster, died Wednesday morning of consumption. He was 50 years of age.

There is no change for the better in Capt. Asa Cutler's condition, and it is feared that he cannot recover.

W. S. Spidle and wife, of 155 East Main street, will spend their Thanksgiving at Wilmot, their former home.

Henry Huber has rested very easy throughout the day and a marked improvement in his condition is apparent.

The Navarre Social Club will give a dance in the rink at Navarre, Thursday evening. Massillonians generally are invited to be present.

Joe Davidson, of Wellsville, was the guest of Miss Mayme Moore over Tuesday at the home of her cousin, Miss Myrtle McGhie in Weltman street.

The high school and the H. C. Baer orchestra will render a musical programme at the lecture in the high school assembly hall, next Friday evening.

Game Warden Andrew Dangeleisen waived examination before Mayor Stahl, of Navarre, Monday afternoon, and gave bond for his appearance in probate court.

Mrs. G. N. Porter has withdrawn the charge of criminal slander she had made before Mayor Schott against Joseph Wisdom, and the case has been dismissed.

The Rev N Carter (colored), superintendent of the Negro Lutheran Orphans' Home, Baltimore, will preach at St. Paul's church, Sunday evening. Colored people, of course, will be welcome.

Those who wish to take the street cars from the Armory have only to follow the path on the north side of the building, which leads directly to Erie street. Cars are held there after the conclusion of every performance.

Mrs. Hicks Brown, Miss Lila Kartbaus and the former's brother, Mr. Oliver Jacobs, are expected home next Sunday. They sailed on the North German Lloyd steamer Havel on the 18th, after spending two months abroad, and will spend Thanksgiving in New York.

The Massillon Lodge of the Grand United Order of Odd Fellows won its replevin suit against R. Powell, before Justice McMillan, Tuesday, and is again in possession of its property. The attachment case, in which Mr Powell was the plaintiff, has also been amicably adjusted.

The Thanksgiving foot ball game between the M. A. C.'s and the C. A. C.'s is to be played in Canton, after all. Manager Gove was over there yesterday, and after a long talk with the Canton men he saw that the game must be played there or not at all, and rather than disappoint the public entirely, he signed articles accordingly.

Some of the clothing stolen a week ago from the residence of F. L. Baldwin has been recovered from New Philadelphia. The same thieves entered a clotning store in that town last week, and exchanged garments again, leaving Mr. Baldwin's behind. They were frightened off without stealing anything of consequence. The tags inside of the clothing led to their restoration today.

The funeral services over the body of the late Thomas B. Davis were held at the Reformed church, Sunday afternoon, the Rev. Mr. Davidson, of North Lawrence, officiating. The pallbearers were: Joseph Thomas and William Carmichael, of Dalton, R. A. Pollock, of North Lawrence, and Edward Davies and the two Urban brothers, of this city.

George Cloud, formerly the property of Mr. Charles Webb, of Canton, was sold, Tuesday afternoon, to Frank Hemperly, of Massillon. George Cloud is one of the best pacers on the turf, having scored a record of 2:19¼ as a four-year-old in a hotly contested race at Rockport, O., during the season of '95. The animal will not be tracked in the future by the new owner, but used as a road horse.

Mrs. Sophia Shaidnagle, wife of Max Shaidnagle, died at her home in Richville avenue Monday. She had been ill for five weeks with typhoid fever and a few days before death inflammation of the bowels set in which proved fatal. Mrs. Shaidnagle was 54 years of age, and leaves a husband and seven children. The funeral services will be held at St. Mary's church tomorrow morning at 8:30 o'clock.

Frank Welsh, president of the subdistrict branch of the United Mine Workers of America, said yesterday, while in town, that he did not think that the reduction of the price of mining in some sections would affect the Massillon district. He said the local operators are running their mines every day, and apparently find a ready market for their coal. If, however, a reduction in the price should be attempted, he expects a bitter struggle.

Attention is hereby called to the institute that is to be held in this city on Friday and Saturday of this week. The executive committee has secured the services of two of the best instructors in this state, and a very interesting programme has been arranged. Prof. Warren Darst has for a long time been prominently identified with the Normal School at Ada, and Dr. Gordy is well known through his writings and lectures. Dr. Gordy's lecture upon Thomas Jefferson, on Friday evening, will be especially interesting. The meetings will be held in the high school hall and will be free to all citizens. A cordial invitation is extended to the public.

# ATTEMPT OF WRECKERS

## Bolivar's Catholic Church Partly Destroyed.

### ONE CORNER BLOWN OUT.

**Unknown Miscreants Bore Holes in the Structure and Charge Them With Powder—Only One of the Charges Goes Off, But it Tears Out a Corner.**

BOLIVAR, Nov. 24.—Last night some one tried to wreck the Catholic church at this place. Two holes were bored, one at the southwest corner and the other about ten feet from the northwest corner. The one at the northwest corner did not explode. The southwest corner is badly wrecked. Some of the work inside was damaged. People living near the church heard the explosion, and heard the parties going away, but did not find out until this morning what had been done. The one cartridge that failed to go off is in the possession of one of the members of the church.

TO MEET TONIGHT.

EAST GREENVILLE, Nov. 24.—The literati of the town will meet tonight to organize for the winter. There is every indication that the society will be as successful as in former years.

DIED SUDDENLY.

WEST LEBANON, Nov. 24.—Mrs. Isaac Gerber, a widow, whose fine farm lies just west of town, entertained some guests at her home, Sunday afternoon. She excused herself for a moment and stepped into the yard. Her dead body was found a few minutes later lying near the door step. Heart failure was the cause of death. She is survived by several children.

Alfred Howenstein fell while doing some carpenter work at the farm of Robert Klingel, Saturday, and fractured three ribs.

NO CHANCE FOR A TEETOTALER.

STANWOOD, Nov. 25.—This is a rural locality situated about six miles west of Massillon. A new church was erected at this place within the last year, and a postoffice established.

There will be a spelling contest held at the school house on Wednesday evening, December 2. The ladies will spell against the gentlemen. An admittance fee of 5 and 10 cents will be charged; 5 cents for those under 14 years of age. Proceeds to be used toward liquidating a debt pledged by some of the young ladies of the church. Every person will have an equal right to participate, young and old.

Election of 1896 is past, and never before did we realize so forcibly that the women of our country should have the right of franchise. Since the foreigners are coming into this country by the thousands and they only need to be here five years until they are on the level with men that are born and raised here. I know that we have boys of 10 years and upward who are more conversant with the affairs of our government, but they must keep a back seat and wait until they are in this country twenty one years, and their mothers work and save to help pay the taxes. Yes! we realize we have the best regulated form of government on earth, but how long will it continue to be, since the foreign element are gaining the ruling power. I mean the beer element, such as take their pipes and their little brown jugs along to bed with them. I know this to be a fact among some of them. I know of some voting this fall that know nothing about the affairs of our government, and who can scarcely read a word of English. And we, the ladies of this land, can't have a voice in the election. Mothers, wake up for the sake of our boys and the unborn boys of this country. A strictly temperate man can scarcely get the nomination any more. What will this country be a hundred years hence?

NO VOTER.

WANTS THE FLAG TO WAVE.

CRYSTAL SPRING, Nov. 26.—Owing to a break in the machinery the Millport mine has been idle for the past few days ...Peter Rosche is confined to his home with a terrible backache...Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Crookston, of Massillon, spent Sunday in town with friends...Joseph Fowles was in Massillon Monday...Wm Klein is taking a course of bookkeeping in the Massillon Business College...A few of our people saw Otis Skinner at the Armory Saturday night. Mrs. Richard Krauser and Mrs. Chas. Bausher were in Canal Fulton last week...On account of Thanksgiving Day our school will dismiss Wednesday for the remainder of the week.

A few years ago our schoolhouse was provided with a beautiful large flag, and it was customary to hoist it from a large pole which had been erected from the belfry in the front part of the building, but of late we have failed to see it floating from the flag staff. Why not let Old Glory wave?

A portion of the water in the Hernbrook mine will hereafter be drained by means of another pump which is soon to be placed in the bank. Pipe has been driven in the ground to the works on the Logan Butler farm, a distance of about one mile and a half from the shaft. A boiler has also been erected on the farm, which will produce the power for the pump to act in its capacity.

ONLY PARTLY SUCCESSFUL.

BOLIVAR, Nov. 26.—W. C. Keefer had his right foot badly crushed, last evening, while helping to unload stone. The accident will disable him for some time.

The attempt to wreck the Catholic church at this place was only a partial success, owing to the failure of one of the cartridges to explode. A light was seen at the church at a late hour, but parties seeing it supposed that some one connected with the church had business there and consequently they paid no attention to it. Some of the congregation seem to be in possession of a clew and we sincerely hope they will find the parties and have them punished.

T. S. Peters and Miss Smith, both of this place, were married at the Lutheran parsonage on Monday evening, by the Rev. Mr. Summers. We do not know where they intend to locate, but for the present they will remain here.

Quite a little shooting affray took place last week, at the home of George Pinkstock, southwest of town. Louis Lenarz got into a dispute over some wages coming to one of his boys, who had been working for Pinkstock. Several shots were exchanged, but no one was hurt. We are told that hard cider figured extensively in the affair.

Mr. and Mrs. Christ. Keis started for their home, in Missouri, yesterday morning.

Peter Streb, son of John G. Streb, started to attend the Bolivar high school on Monday last.

M'KINLEY RESPONSIBLE.

NEWMAN, Nov. 25.—Miss Hattie Stanford returned to her home in East Greenville last Tuesday, after spending several days with her aunt, Mrs. Jennie Reese...The young people held a husking bee in the form of a surprise at the pleasant home of Mr. and Mrs. August Peters on Wednesday evening of last week. An enjoyable time was had by all...Quite a number of our people attended the funeral of the late Thomas B. Davis, in Massillon, last Sunday afternoon. The deceased was born in this village and had a large circle of friends, who were shocked to learn of his sudden death. He was looked upon by his associates as a model young man...The election of McKinley brings us the good news that our brick plant company is contemplating erecting additions to its works, in which the labor alone will amount to $3,000... Mrs. James F. Miller was 50 years old last Sunday, and while she accompanied Mrs. Wm Forrest, jr., to church in the morning the family and a few of the neighbors prepared an elegant surprise dinner for her on her return. Mrs. F. H. Currie and Mrs. D. Naysmith, sisters of Mrs. Miller, came over and enjoyed the occasion, bringing with them a handsome present. The occasion was one long to be remembered by Mrs. Miller and friends...Prof. J. H. Thomas, of Navarre, has arranged for a course of lectures on phrenology in our schoolhouse, beginning next Monday evening.

A NEWSY LETTER.

GREENEOWN, Nov. 25.—Miss York, of Randolph, spent Sunday with Miss Belle Rettig...Misses Leila Smith and Anna Hitchcock were in Akron Saturday... There will be Thanksgiving services in M. E. church on Thanksgiving morning conducted by the Rev. O. B. Jones... Mr. Durant, photographer, of Akron, was in town, Monday, taking pictures of the schools...Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Hine and Miss Eva Miller, of Akron, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Wm Miller. ...Mr. Elmer Kissinger, who for the past three years has been working in Akron, has returned home to assist his father, Mr. Cyrus Kissinger, in his meat market.

The social held at the home of the Rev. and Mrs. O. B. Jones, last Friday evening, under the auspices of the Epworth League of the M. E. church, was a success in every particular. Foremost among these particulars is the collection which amounted to $8 01. The evening was spent in social chat and a few parlor games. Music, both instrumental and vocal, was furnished by Mrs. O. B. Jones, Mrs. A. H. Syler, Miss Raber, Misses Pheobe Wise and Josie Miller, and Mr. Louis Smith recited a humorous selection entitled "The Elder's Donation." Lunch was served at 9 o'clock, and at 10 the guests departed for their homes.

The citizens of Greentown, or rather all those whose principles in the late political campaign permitted, celebrated the victory of McKinley and sound money in a very fitting manner on last Thursday evening. There were bonfires, tin horns and whirligigs galore. The principal feature, however, was the parade, was headed by the Salt River boat. Next came boys with torches and following them came quite a fine appearing cavalcade.

KILLED NEAR CANAL DOVER.

CANAL DOVER, Nov. 25.—John Penrod, a coal miner, while working in the Schilling mine, one and one half miles east of this place, met with a fatal accident, caused by falling top, on November 22. Mr. Penrod was 21 years of age and unmarried.

## LOTS OF LITIGATION.

**Massillon Stockholders Sued—Mr. Raff Charged With Slander.**

CANTON, Nov. 25.—In the case of John Buss against the Standard Medicine Company and others, answers and cross petitions have been filed by three defendants by Lawyers Eggert and McLaughlin. In the first C. B. Arthur admits that he was a subscriber for 20 shares of stock in said company amounting to $200, but $160 remains unpaid. He denies that he is liable for payment of said stock as he was to contribute his services for the balance. Mr. Arthur avers that he was employed by the Standard Medicine Company as advertising agent, but was discharged in June, 1896 without cause. He claims to have suffered in consequence to the extent of $675, and prays for judgment against the Standard Medicine Company in that sum, also $183, a judgment previously secured in Justice Folger's court.

Defendant Edward Spindler, employed by the Standard Medicine Company as traveling salesman, petitions for judgment in the sum of $675.

George B. Eggert, who subscribed $50 for five shares in the said company, of which $45 was paid, denies being indebted to the company in the sum of $45, and claims $271 due him for services rendered. He also prays for judgment.

John Buss operates a hotel in Navarre and brings suit against the Standard Medicine Comprny and its stockholders to recover an unpaid board bill.

Lawyer John E. Palmer brings suit against Edward S. Raff for $10,000 damages for slander, charging that on October 12, 1896, Mr. Raff said: "He is incompetent as an attorney and is not deserving of the patronage of the people nor the title of an attorney at-law."

Marriage licenses have been granted to F. J. Dillon and Matilda McGreal, of Massillon; Robert A. Beck and Emma Hartstrom, of Alliance; David Johnson and Orpha Ackerman, of Beach City; Alvin Hill, jr., and Myrtle M. Whistler, of Massillon; George S. Fullerton and Elizabeth Moore, of Alliance.

# A $14,000,000 ESTATE.

## Several Sad Cases of Accidental Burning.

### A VERY ANCIENT EGG EXHIBITED

**Paris Green Poisons an Entire Family—A Fatal Dose of Carbolic Acid—The Terrible Trial of a Sick Mother—An Interesting Case at Zanesville.**

Henry Kelley, a plasterer living at Salem, is one of the heirs to an estate which is claimed to be worth $14,000,000. The Moser heirs, a large number of whom live in Northumberland county, Pa., say that they have discovered evidence proving their right to a tract of valuable coal land. A trunk with a secret door was found, and in the drawer was the deed. It is to be hoped, for Kelley's sake, that the heirs are not like those of the famous Anneke Jans estate—as the sands of the sea in number.

A German school has been opened in Salem by the German residents. The methods of the school will be like those governing schools in Germany.

Four-year-old Clara Snyder, the daughter of William Snyder, of Clyde, O., was playing near a bonfire, when her clothing became ignited and she was in a moment enveloped in flames. The father picked her up and threw her into an open cistern, but the child was so badly burned that her recovery is impossible.

Dr C. D. McCoy, of Kenton, is exhibiting an egg to his friends which he says is forty years of age. This ancient relic was brought to him by Mrs. Norman Wall, of Silver Creek, who tells the following story: Her husband built their home forty years ago, and last week a piece of plastering fell from the wall and a nest full of eggs was discovered. The egg in Dr. McCoy's possession weighs 281 grains, while a sound one usually weighs 1,100 grains.

John Wright and his family, of Aberdeen, O., are dangerously ill as a result of Paris green poisoning. They were all taken violently sick after eating pumpkin pie. Paris green had been sprinkled in the cellar where pumpkins were kept and it must have been in some way transferred to the inside of the pumpkin. The two youngest children cannot recover.

Ed. J Adams, ward master at the Soldiers' Home at Dayton, died on Sunday night from the effects of carbolic acid, which it is believed he took by mistake. Adams had in his possession a solution of morphine and one of carbolic acid, and it is supposed he mistook the latter for the former.

Several years ago a boy named Walter Snyder of Zanesville, swallowed, by mistake, a large quantity of concentrated lye, which produced a stricture of the aesophagus. As he grew older the member became so contracted that he could not swallow any solid food, and he was slowly starving to death, until driven to desperation by the pangs of hunger, he besought a Zanesville doctor to perform an operation. The doctor told him that the chances were about equal for his recovery or death, but he said he wanted one square meal before he died, and the operation was performed. An opening was made through his stomach and he is now being fed through a tube. The indications are that he will recover. Zanesville physicians are greatly interested in the case.

The 10 year old daughter of Thomas Brown, living near Salineville, had her dress caught in the flame of an open grate fire. Her mother, sick in bed in the same room, was powerless to help the child, who was fatally burned.


Boston Private School of Shorthand, advertises at its own expense for positions for graduates. Terms monthly in advance. No scholarships. 606 Arcade, (Superior street elevator), Cleveland, O.

# Merit Talks

"Merit talks" the intrinsic value of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Merit in medicine means the power to cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses actual and unequalled curative power and therefore it has true merit. When you buy Hood's Sarsaparilla, and take it according to directions, to purify your blood, or cure any of the many blood diseases, you are morally certain to receive benefit. The power to cure is there. You are not trying an experiment. It will make your blood pure, rich and nourishing, and thus drive out the germs of disease, strengthen the nerves and build up the whole system.

# Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best, in fact—the One True Blood Purifier. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

**Hood's Pills** Do not purge, pain or gripe. All druggists. 25c.



Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

# Royal Baking Powder

**ABSOLUTELY PURE**


# THANKFUL THOUGHTS.

## Massilloninns State Their Cause for Gratitude.

### NO LACK OF GOOD REASONS.

**The Result of the Election—the State of Business—The Health of the Public—These and Other Causes for Thanksgiving Mentioned by Well Known People.**

Thanksgiving thoughts are in the public mind today, and these are some of the reasons given by well known people for celebrating the day in proper spirit.

Superintendent Jones, of the public schools, says: "I am thankful for continued good health, a pleasant home, kind friends and plenty of work; for a prosperous beginning of another school year, and especially for the fact that we have passed safely through a critical period in our nation's history, and that we have a hopeful lookout for the future."

When Edward M. Shufelt reflects that he is rich in friends, neighbors and good health, he asks himself what more can mortal man desire? It is particularly gratifying to Mr Shufelt to realize that while not an aspirant to office, he is still able to work in the interests of protection and sound money in opposition to W. J. Bryan and others who have announced their intention of again attempting to overthrow the country's honor in years to come.

John Otto feels indebted to a kind Providence for many things, and hopes that the next Thanksgiving will find him as well physically and spiritually as this one.

Harry J. Meyers, trustee of the Twentieth Century Club, derives his Thanksgiving Day satisfaction from the fact that his club has been successful in many respects beyond all expectations.

Jacob Walls is thankful that he eats well and sleeps well and can enjoy life.

Policeman Ed Ertle congratulates himself on his existence and thinks that that is enough for one time.

C. M. Whitman says that business is not what it ought to be, but that he is glad it is no worse.

Democratic Central Committeeman Charles Frantz did not say anything about the election, only murmuring, "Grateful that the wind is tempered to the shorn lamb."

Fireman Chris. Baatz will sit down to his Thanksgiving turkey with a glad heart and consciousness that the fire department is in better condition than ever before, and that the work of the firemen in the past year will compare favorably with that of any of the surrounding towns.

Marshal Harry Markel is happy and grateful because he has good health, plenty to eat, a cheerful evening fire, and that crime in Massillon is not on the increase.

City Clerk Haring enjoys good health for which he is duly thankful.

Walter H. McLain is thankful that he has had his bachelor dinner and wishes that Thanksgiving dinners may bring him as much thankfulness and happiness as that.

Robert Harrison Day is thankful under the shadow of coming events, and looks joyously forward to March 4th to complete his satisfaction. P. S.—Anything not under an assistant cabinet secretaryship will do.

I. M. Taggart rejoices that he is still among us and that his health remains unimpaired.

Dr. T. C. Miller feels that in contemplation of the health of the town any citizen will find cause for thanksgiving, himself among them.

E. B. Bayliss is thankful that the Hotel Sailer continues to do an excellent business.

Joseph Coleman, president of the Union National Bank, is still trying to think of something to be thankful for.

Frank H. Snyder, of Hess, Snyder & Co., is thankful that, in spite of hard times and financial depressions, their works have been operated steadily during the past year.

Edward R. Albrecht is thankful that he has had his bachelor dinner, too.

Prof. Charles Huber is pleased with business prospects, also that his bark tosses so lightly on matrimony's sunny seas.

"I do not mean to say that I have nothing to be thankful for," said R. W. McCaughey, "but I do not like the idea of being interviewed."

"I am busy in my office and besides I do not regard that as a matter which the public has any interest in knowing," said Justice Folger, "and you may just tell them that."

Mr. Bryant, of the Hotel Conrad, finds consolation in the fact that he is still with us and able to eat three meals a day.

When City Solicitor Willison was asked whether he had anything to be thankful for, he said: "I do not know whether I have or not."

Peffer must digest.

TOPEKA, Nov. 24.—[By Associated Press]—Breidenthal will contest with Peffer for election to the United States senate.


# Having Made up our Minds

to reduce stock, we quote you CASH PRICES on some of our leading staples, which are bound to move them.

The prices quoted below will hold good for

## 15 Days, Commencing Saturday, Nov. 21.

| | |
|---|---|
| 10 bars Gloss, Star, Cresent or Santa Claus Soap for | 25c |
| Potatoes per bushel | 25c |
| BEST Parlor Matches per Bundle | 14c |
| 3 lbs. Best Raisins for | 25c |
| 6 lbs Muscatel Raisins for | 25c |
| 12 bars Beacon Soap | 25c |
| 6 bars Dingman Soap for | 25c |
| 1½ lb. package of Ivorine | 9c |
| 4 cans good Tomatoes | 25c |
| Fish Hook Plug Tobacco, former price 35c., now | 20c |

We are also Sole Agents for the celebrated F. Schumaker Fancy Patent flour, nothing better made at $1.45 per ½ bbl sack.

Also the celebrated Gilt Edge flour per ½ bbl. sack $1.25.

The above brands are guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded. Take advantage of the above bargains while they last.

## ..ALBRIGHT & BRECKEL..

The Cash Grocers, 19 E. Main Street.



# "Breathes There a Man with Soul so Dead"

**Special Prices**

**$6.00,**
**$8.00,**
**$10.00.**

Any Suit or Overcoat is worth double.

That he cannot appreciate the kind of Clothing we sell? We think not. Most every man thinks the best is good enough, especially when the best is the cheapest. Every man who wants a new Suit or Overcoat (and what man does not?) will find at Whitman's a better selection, a better fit, better styles of clothes and more patterns to pick from than he can find at any other place in the county—tailor shop or clothing store. . . . . .

## C. M. WHITMAN.

ONE PRICE AND CASH ONLY.



# A Little Advice From Our Ad. Writer

Nothing more pathetic or melancholy in life to glance over the daily papers regarding the death and burial of merchants who deserved a kinder fate. Many of these splendid fellows began life under the same ill-fated system as their fathers before them —

## Favor, Friendship, Big Profits, Long Time.

All scratched on the pages of the ledger. Many of these noble citizens would be on top today, but for their adherence to a system which saves but six out of a hundred.

When the time comes, you need a Hat, Shirt, Tie or anything in our line, avoid the road that takes you to Journals, Ledgers and BIG PROFITS, take the rite hand; where our Gattling gun is loaded to the muzzle with BARGAINS, got with that omnipotent Bulion, CASH.

## Spangler & Co., Cash Hatters and Men's Furnishers.

Sole agents for Knox, Youman, Roelof and Stetson Fine Hats.


NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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# IN THE WEST INDIES.

## THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF JAMAICA AND HIS ROMANTIC CAREER.

**A Knight Commander of St. Michael and St. George—How He Won His Titles. Interests of Jamaica and Those of the United States.**

[Special Correspondence.]

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Nov. 10.—Although the dissatisfied West Indian is not slow to accuse the home government of making the colonial possessions of her majesty a general "dumping ground for the broken down hacks of Downing street," yet he will not allow it to be true when it comes to individual application.

It is doubtless true that many offices are created here for the benefit of an idle aristocracy—in other words, that they are in the enjoyment of lots of "soft jobs." But when one comes to review the various officials he has met in a cruise through these tropical islands pertaining to Britain he has only a pleasant recollection of their well bred and courteous rulers.

Particularly will this be true of my reminiscences of Jamaica when I shall have come to depart—of this island where, owing to its size and importance, the position of governor in chief is second to none other in the West Indies, and it is doubtful if, during the 200 years and more of British rule, Jamaica has had a captain general who so nearly approaches the ideal as the present incumbent of the gubernatorial chair, Sir Henry Arthur Blake. He comes of good old Irish stock, belonging to the famous Blakes of Ireland, but is the first of his time to have achieved prominence in colonial affairs and to have been knighted by Queen Victoria. As knight commander of the "most distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George" he is entitled to write "K. C. M. G." after his name, and it is predicted that, if present signs fail not, he will not rest his laurels on a comparatively insignificant order like this.

The motto of the order, which is "Auspicium melioris ævi" (a pledge of better times), may well be quoted in connection with his appointment to Jamaica, for he has been all this and more to the island. It was he who encouraged the building of hotels for winter visitors, the improvement of roads and construction of railways, and it was he who strenuously advocated and carried to a triumphant conclusion, in the face of great opposition, the brilliant exposition of 1891.

As an author, using clear cut phrases and limpid English, he is not unknown to American readers; as a man of affairs, possessing executive ability of a high order, he is best known to his insular subjects. Jamaica, to be sure, does

SIR HENRY BLAKE.

not rank highest among English colonial possessions, but that is not the fault of the governor, whose salary of £6,000 a year, with an additional allowance of £1,000 for entertaining, enables him to dispense a princely hospitality. And that he does it I can humbly testify, having sat at his board at King's House, as the royal residence is termed, and enjoyed the flow thereat of wine, wit and conversation. It is not accorded to every visitor to the island to sit at the governor's table, and my several invitations were owing to the semidiplomatic nature of my mission here, but every one who calls at King's House and leaves his card is sure of an official invitation to the next ensuing reception or government ball. These invitations are taken to your hotel by the governor's aid-de-camp, and, though no written acknowledgment is demanded, you are supposed to pay your respects to Sir Henry and Lady Blake at the reception.

You will find them, as I have always, affable and courteous, genial and unassuming. Both are very much interested in the United States and are well acquainted with our country, through repeated visits. In fact, Sir Henry was at one time governor general of Newfoundland and at another of the Bahama isles, both territories in a measure contiguous to the United States.

Fortunate as the Jamaicans are in having this sagacious ruler over them, they are equally to be congratulated in his talented consort, Lady Edith Blake, whose time and accomplishments are given to the people without stint. She is an artist of more than local repute, and when she and her husband were in Newfoundland she painted a complete series of the plants of that country in water colors. In the Bahamas she did the same for that historic chain of islands, and now here in this island she is busily engaged in depicting the beauties of the flora, with her whole heart in the work.

There is a pretty rumor current about the first acquaintance of Sir Henry and Lady Edith when they first met in Ireland. He was not then possessed of a title, but she belonged to one of the highest families, and might have boasted of being "the daughter of a hundred earls" if she had cared to, though her modest nature never would suggest such a boast. But while he was a member of the Irish constabulary merely he met her. They fell in love at sight, and his application for her hand was promptly refused. There was only one other thing to do, and he did it. He ran away with her, or they ran away together—it does not matter which so long as they were married. The old folks had to forgive them, and the queen had to raise him to an equality with her, the papers say, and so he was knighted. But this was no case of unmerited knighthood, as Sir Henry has since shown, having really won his spurs in repeated contests. That they are a handsome couple—tall, stately and charming—every one who has had the pleasure of their acquaintance will join me in saying.

I wish I could give the purport of my conversations with Sir Henry respecting the present and future commercial relations of his dominion with the United States if only for the fact that he represents the highest type of English officialdom and holds many things as truths which seem antagonistic to our cherished beliefs. But I fear I might tread on some one's toes by enunciating facts which might offend people of different political faiths. One thing I may say—that is, that while Jamaica depends almost solely upon us for her very life, while we offer her the only market for her products of sugar, molasses and tropical fruits, she still clings to England, the so called mother country, like death to a defunct Ethiopian. While we take two-thirds her produce and England only one-fourth, yet more than half her imports come from England and but one-fourth from the United States. There is food for thought in this statement of an actual condition, and this was the substance of frequent conversations. If we are good enough to sell to, then why aren't we good enough to buy of? But here, as I said, the question of reciprocity comes in, and one is in danger of treading debatable ground.

One thing I am moved to regret—that is, that the ruler of Jamaica is not, like this island, American. Every interest of Jamaica, with its half million inhabitants, centers in the United States. The bulk of its sales are to us. It prospers or languishes according to our markets. It is only one-fourth the distance from us that it is from England. It only lacks closer sympathy with us as a people to become really as great as its governor and as prosperous as it deserves.

O. A. FURBER.

## EPIGRAMMATIC SLANG.

**Phrases That Are Common In Cheap New York Restaurants.**

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—The recent epidemic of Trilbyism has even penetrated the recesses of the Bowery. Today in the "beaneries," or cheap restaurants, along that noted thoroughfare the up to date form of order for pigs' feet and mashed potatoes is, "Trilby for one; Little Billee on the side." Thus a graceful tribute is paid to the dreamy model's pedal extremities, while the memory of her sweetheart, or "mash," is also sympathetically kept green. These humble hostelries have always, however, been famous for the quaint and picturesque language of their servitors, and the expression quoted above is not the wisest or wittiest of their flights of fancy.

For example, a foreigner, or, for that matter, almost any Gothamite residing out of the lower wards of the city, would be greatly perplexed at hearing an order given for "a cup of coffee on stilts." But it merely means that a generous portion of the beverage is to be permitted to overflow into the saucer after the cup is filled. Again, when poached eggs, with their bulging yellow centers, are sought for a customer, the request to "blind both eyes" seems to convey the requisite information to the cook.

"Fry two, rock two to sleep and turn two over" expresses in a light and playful manner the fact that two eggs are to be fried on one side, two more to be scrambled and still another two to be cooked on both sides. A fried beefsteak with onions is designated by this rather startling formula: "Slaughter in the pan. Shipwreck it." Thereby due and proper cognizance is taken of the sanguinary color of the meat, while a halo of high poetic fancy hovers around the curled up edges of the sliced onions which are made to suggest the tumbling breakers on the shore.

Of course it would be an almost endless task to follow up these verbal vagaries of the "beanery" waiters. It is sufficient to remark that they are always original and amusing, sooner or later making their way from one end of the country to the other. In fact, this class is as much a New York institution as Central park or the Bowery itself, and in their way are perhaps the most prolific coiners of epigrammatic slang phrases in the world.

E. W. POTTER.

**Disposal of Sewage In Birmingham.**

One of the worst features under the old management was the disposal of the sewage. By way of remedy two systems have found adoption. Under one the health committee collects the offal of houses and either destroys it or turns it into fertilizers. This is more offensive and less successful than it might be made, but is apparently a necessity until the pan system has been abandoned. A sewage farm of nearly 1,300 acres has been developed several miles from the city, some 400 feet lower in elevation. The sewage, first mixed with lime to prevent too rapid decomposition and to assist in the precipitation of the solid matter, is passed through a series of depositing tanks, during which process the mud is removed. The remainder is dug into the land, one-third of which is dealt with each year, the effluent being discharged in a harmless state into the river Tame. Upon the other two-thirds are grown early vegetables, and grain and hay for cows kept for milk and market. The net annual cost to the city is about £24,000.—George F. Parker in Century.

# GENTEEL FOOTBALL.

## MAURICE BARRYMORE, THE ACTOR, DOES NOT FAVOR IT.

**He Disapproves of the Effort to Revise It. Rough Work and Manly Sport — The "Dash of Danger"—A Nation of Athletes.**

[Special Correspondence.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—The football season is on, and the welkin soon will ring with the applauding shouts of myriad partisans as their favorite teams score a touchdown or make a goal.

Football deservedly has long been one of the most popular games with the English speaking races, for it brings out all the qualities of head and heart that a lad may possess. This year an experiment is to be tried, and it remains to be seen if the game as revised will retain its hold upon the popular affection. As I understand it, representative players of the leading American colleges, at the urgent request, if not positive demands, of President Eliot of Harvard and the official heads of other universities, have so amended the rules of the grand old game as to render it quite harmless. Mass plays, I am told, are to be avoided in the future and "interference" so regulated that "rudeness" of any sort, as boxers term rough work, will be an utter impossibility. Other minor changes there are, too, which will insure genteel action upon the part of the rival players.

I have always believed in keeping all kinds of games within the limits of decorum. Rank brutality should never be permitted, but when you eliminate entirely the element of danger from any game, be it football, baseball, boxing or field sports, you render it insipid. In fact, you emasculate it. I trust the rules as modified in the present game of football have not gone so far as that. Experimental plays between Harvard, Yale, Princeton, Columbia, Cornell, Dartmouth and the University of Pennsylvania teams the coming month will determine the question.

Football is essentially a rough, manly sport, as much so as boxing, and calls for those qualities of strength, swiftness of foot, quickness of hand and eye, activity of brain and unfaltering courage that the majority of men or boys do not possess. You do not expect to see lads on the gridiron act after the manner of croquet, lawn tennis or even golf players. You look for and confidently expect to see aggressive, courageous, skillful action, a manly struggle for the mastery, the culminating triumph of those possessing the superior attributes of head and heart.

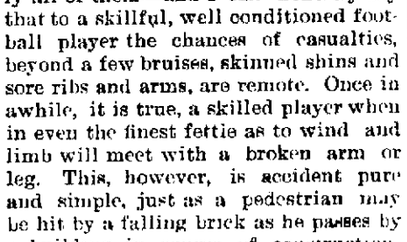
In all kinds of manly sport one must expect to see some bit of rough work. Football, baseball, cricket, boxing and wrestling would not be worth a picayune without it. If you wish to turn football into a real nice game, like lawn tennis, you will have no more intrepid rushers like Heffelfinger and Hickok to hold the line or daring strategists like Walter Camp or Snake Ames to bring a ball to goal. Instead you will have a real nice, genteel, pretty lot of boys, who will play as gently as ladies and look about as well upon the field.

No, do not emasculate any game. Do not take from it the elements which make boys and men bold, confident, courageous. They will need all these qualities in the great battle of life They are needful in times of peace; in the dread event of war they are a prime requisite. The immortal Wellington said that Waterloo was the football field of Eton, Harrow and Rugby fought over again, only lead took the place of leather. Lawn tennis players could never have conquered Napoleon's victorious legions.

Now as to real danger. I have seen almost every kind of a game played, from croquet to a fistic contest—indeed have taken an active part in pretty nearly all of them—and I can honestly say that to a skillful, well conditioned football player the chances of casualties, beyond a few bruises, skinned shins and sore ribs and arms, are remote. Once in awhile, it is true, a skilled player when in even the finest fettle as to wind and limb will meet with a broken arm or leg. This, however, is accident pure and simple, just as a pedestrian may be hit by a falling brick as he passes by a building in course of construction. It is rarely such a player is killed in a game.

You will notice the same casualties happen in other games, generally in boxing The ill conditioned man is frequently knocked out for all time, the trained man seldom if ever. In rowing, too, you will see it occasionally, the most notable instance I can recall being that of Renforth, champion of England and the greatest oarsman of his time. He dropped dead in his boat while rowing with three of his comrades in a race with the celebrated Halifax four in Halifax harbor, 26 years ago. He had been ailing for a few days, and despite the advice of his friends determined to go on with the race. He paid for his rashness with his life, poor fellow, and a game, grand fellow he was, more's the pity!

As I have said before, I would like to see all brutality, not to say chances of fatal casualties, eliminated from every game. But I do not like to see any game made effeminate. It should have manly points to it. A dash of danger only renders it more interesting, and a few bruises hurt nobody. The boy or man who can't stand a few of them is unfit to be a husband or a father, for his offspring would be almost sure to be like him, and in another generation or two we would have a poor, puny lot of chaps to represent a great nation.



**Home Cooking.**

Brown—Do you eat pie with a knife?

Jones—I did before I was married, but now I eat it with an ax.—New York Sunday Journal.

## PITH OF THE NEWS

The discoveries of silver and gold ore in Newfoundland have led to a great speculation in mining

A bedroom mirror, which belonged to Nicholas I, czar of Russia, has been in the possession of Dr Patterson Bridge of Allan for about 40 years

The comptroller of the currency has ordered Bank Examiner Caldwell to close up the First National bank of Saginaw Mich No wrongdoing was alleged

William R Nelson, editor of the Kansas City Star who has been spending two years in Paris, has just presented to Kansas City a large collection of works of art which he gathered in Paris

Rev Dr F C Porter, who for over a third of a century has been professor of botany, zoology, and geology in Lafayette college, is to retire from that position at the end of the present collegiate year

The famous brigand, Thurzet of Italy, who was recently killed by the police had been a brigand for 40 years . For a long time he was the real ruler of a large district He imposed taxes on the population and in return guaranteed public order

The governor of Massachusetts has notified the navy department of the completion of the bronze image of history the state will present to the battleship Massachusetts The Massachusetts will be sent to the New York navyyard to receive the image

**Chinatown High.**

Parties doing Chinatown are advised that the fee to the guide will be no small matter. Four of us once found that one of the resident toughs whose services we had secured for a couple of hours valued them at $10. We compromised with him, I believe, but the slumming expedition, including admissions to the theater, suppers which could not be eaten, tributes to joss and Chinese curios that we bought, was rather expensive. One of the men confided it to his sister.—New York Press.


# JUDGE FOR YOURSELF.

**Which is Better, Try an Experiment or Profit by a Massillon Citizen's Experience?**

Something new is an experiment.
Must be proven to be represented.
Be successful at home or you doubt it
The statement of a manufacturer is not convincing proof of merit.
But the endorsement of friends is.
Now, supposing you had a bad back,
A lame, weak or aching one.
Would you experiment on it.
You will read of many so-called cures.
But they come from faraway places.
It's different when the indorsement comes from home
Easy to prove that it is so.
Home endorsement is the proof that backs every box of Doan's Kidney Pills?
Read this case:

Mrs. Thomas Leahy, mother of Mrs. Thos. Hagan No 328 S Erie street with whom she makes her home, says:- "I am now going on 72 years of age and have lived in the city the greater part of my life. I had La Grippe five years ago and it affected my kidneys, causing backache a good part of the time pain in the sides over the hips and up to the shoulders, particularly when I stooped over. It was more severe in changeable weather, or when I took a slight cold, and it became so bad that when the doctors found they could not relieve me they said, 'Oh you are too old we can't help you" My daughter got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills at Baltzly's drug store thinking they would do me some good. They have done so, and that in a very short time I have found them so beneficial that I can commend them with great pleasure. If Doan's Kidney Pills will help a person of my age I am quite sure they will help any one

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold for 50 cents per box, or six boxes $2 50, by all dealers, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Foster-Milburn Co , sole agents for the United States, Buffalo, N. Y.

# JOS. HORNE & CO.

## A SILK SLASH

We are going to have a succession of sensations in **Silk** and **Dress Goods**. We have done some wonderfully lucky buying in the last few days, and we can consequently do some selling which will astonish you.

To start with, we offer a lot of **Rich Novelty Silks**, in 24 inch widths, in highly colored Broche effects, also in very desirable checked Moire Antique Poplins of the better grade which were $2.25, $2 50, $2 75 a yard, now

**$1.38 a yard.**

This is not advertising exaggeration It is the actual fact that we are cutting from 85c to $1 45 off the price of each yard. The Broches are exactly what you want for waists There are some beautiful patterns among them.

In **Dress Goods** we have another surprise for you.

**ALL-WOOL SUITINGS** in an endless variety of patterns and shades, 50 inches wide—mind that, 50 inches wide—

**35c a yard.**

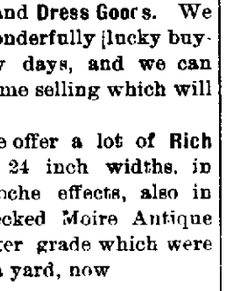
You can have samples as often as you write for them. Have you our Catalogue?

**Penn Ave. & Fifth St.,**

**PITTSBURG.**

**For Your Protection** we positively state that this remedy does not contain mercury or any other injurious drug.

**CATARRH**

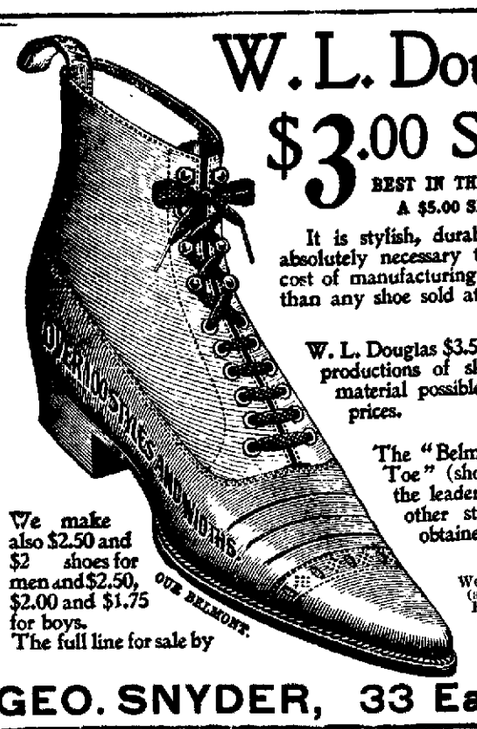



**ELY'S CREAM BALM**

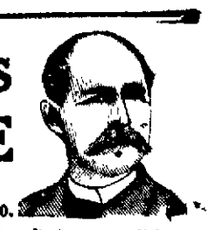
Cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Protects the Membrane from Colds, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

**IT WILL CURE COLD IN HEAD**

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.




# W. L. Douglas $3.00 SHOE



BEST IN THE WORLD.
A $5.00 SHOE FOR $3.00.

It is stylish, durable and perfect-fitting, qualities absolutely necessary to make a finished shoe. The cost of manufacturing allows a smaller profit to dealers than any shoe sold at $3.00.

W. L. Douglas $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00 Shoes are the productions of skilled workmen, from the best material possible to put into shoes sold at these prices.

The "Belmont" and "Pointed Toe" (shown in cuts) will be the leaders this season, but any other style desired may be obtained from our agents.

We use only the best Calf, Russia Calf (all colors), French Patent Calf, French Enamel, Vici Kid, etc., graded to correspond with prices of the shoes.
If dealer cannot supply you, write
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass
CATALOGUE FREE.

We make also $2.50 and $2 shoes for men and $2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 for boys.
The full line for sale by

**GEO. SNYDER, 33 East Main Street.**

**AMERICAN BALL BLUE**

MEDAL AWARDED BY CENTENNIAL COMMISSION

**THE BEST WASH BLUE IN USE.**

## THE AMERICAN BALL BLUE

is not poisonous or injurious to health or fabrics. It is the delight of the laundress, aids in bleaching and gives the washing a rich and elegant hue. Beware of imitations. Ask your grocer for the

**AMERICAN BALL BLUE**

and be sure you get the genuine article, which has a red stripe in the middle of the package.

**$2.50 CLEVELAND TO BUFFALO.**

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

**Cleveland and Toledo.**

Via "C. & B. LINE"

Steamers "City of Buffalo," (new) "State of Ohio" and "State of New York."

DAILY TIME TABLE, SUNDAY INCLUDED AFTER MAY 30.

Lv Cleveland, 7:30 P. M. | Lv Buffalo, 7:30 P.M.
Ar. Dunkirk, 8 A. M | Ar Cleveland, 7:30AM.

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME.

Take the "C. & B. Line" steamers and enjoy a refreshing night's rest when enroute to Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Toronto, New York, Boston, Albany, 1,000 Islands, or any Eastern or Canadian point.

**Cheap Excursions Weekly to Niagra Falls.**

Send 4 cents postage four tourist pamphlet.

W. F. HERMAN, Gen'l Pass. Agt. T. F. NEWMAN, Gen'l Manager.
CLEVELAND, O.


# TRAVELER'S REGISTER.

**Trains Arrive and Depart on Central Standard Time.**

**Wheeling & Lake Erie R. R.**
Taking effect May 10, 1895.

| Going East. | No. 1* | No. 3† | No. 5* | No 7 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | a. m. | p. m. | p. m | ..... |
| Toledo.....Lv | 8 00 | 1 50 | 7 45 | ..... |
| Oak Harbor ..... | 9 03 | 2 51 | 8 44 | ..... |
| Fremont..... | 9 26 | 3 16 | 9 07 | ..... |
| Clyde..... | 9 42 | 3 33 | 9 25 | ..... |
| Bellevue ..... | 9 57 | 3 49 | 9 40 | ..... |
| Monroeville..... | 10 12 | 4 05 | 10 05 | ..... |
| Norwalk..... | 10 23 | 4 16 | 10 16 | ..... |
| Wellington,..... | 11 07 | 5 09 | 11 02 | ..... |
| Spencer ..... | 11 20 | 5 17 | 11 11 | ..... |
| Lodi ..... | 11 37 | 5 38 | 11 31 | ..... |
| Creston..... | 11 53 | 5 48 | 11 47 | ..... |
| Orrville,..... | 12 24 p | 6 17 | 12 17 a | a. m. |
| Massillon..... | 1 00 | 6 50 | 12 50 | 6 25 |
| Navarre..... | 1 42 | ..... | ..... | 6 42 |
| Valley Jct..... | 2 18 | ..... | ..... | 7 12 |
| Canal Dover..... | 2 40 | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Marietta ..... | 7 05 | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Sherrodsville..... | 2 38 | ..... | ..... | 7 35 |
| Bowerston,..... | 2 51 | ..... | ..... | 7 50 |
| Scio..... | 3 05 | ..... | ..... | 8 03 |
| Jewett..... | 3 18 | ..... | ..... | 8 15 |
| Dillonvale..... | 4 15 | ..... | ..... | 9 12 |
| Warrenton..... | 4 33 | ..... | ..... | 9 30 |
| Brilliant ..... | 4 52 | ..... | ..... | 9 52 |
| Mingo Jct..... | 5 00 | ..... | ..... | 10 00 |
| Steubenville..... | 5 10 | ..... | ..... | 10 10 |
| Martin's Ferry.. | 4 58 | ..... | ..... | 9 58 |
| Wheeling,..... | 5 10 | ..... | ..... | 10 10 |

| Going West. | No. 6* | No. 8* | No. 2* | No 4† |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | a m. | p. m, | ... | ..... |
| Wheeling ..... | 9 00 | 3 55 | ..... | ..... |
| Martin's Ferry... | 9 12 | 07 | ..... | ..... |
| Steubenville,..... | 8 55 | 3 5 | ..... | ..... |
| Mingo Jct..... | 9 05 | 4 05 | ..... | ..... |
| Brilliant ..... | 9 13 | 1 1 | ..... | ..... |
| Warrenton,..... | 9 40 | 4 5 | ..... | ..... |
| Dillonvale ..... | 9 59 | 54 | ..... | ..... |
| Jewett..... | 10 55 | 5 50 | ..... | ..... |
| Scio ..... | 11 07 | 0 | ..... | ..... |
| Bowerston,..... | 11 19 | 15 | ..... | ..... |
| Leesville ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Sherrodsville..... | 11 31 | 6 29 | ..... | ..... |
| N. Cumberland... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Valley Jct..... | 11 50 | 6 52 | ..... | ..... |
| Navarre..... | 12 26 p | 7 24 | a. m. | a. m. |
| Massillon..... | 1 10 | 7 40 | 4 45 | 9 40 |
| Orrville,..... | 1 45 | ..... | 5 18 | 10 16 |
| Creston..... | 2 16 | ..... | 5 47 | 10 47 |
| Lodi ..... | 2 32 | ..... | 6 03 | 11 03 |
| Spencer ..... | 2 49 | ..... | 6 19 | 11 20 |
| Wellington,..... | 3 04 | ..... | 6 32 | 11 36 |
| Norwalk ..... | 3 54 | ..... | 7 19 | 12 15 p |
| Monroeville,.. | 4 05 | ..... | 7 30 | 12 26 |
| Bellevue,..... | 4 21 | ..... | 7 46 | 12 40 |
| Clyde ..... | 4 37 | ..... | 8 01 | 1 06 |
| Fremont..... | 4 55 | ..... | 8 18 | 1 24 |
| Oak Harbor ..... | 5 19 | ..... | 8 42 | 1 49 |
| Toledo .....Ar | 6 20 | ..... | 9 45 | 2 50 |

**Huron Division.**

| From Norwalk | No 10 | From Huron,... | No. 9 |
|---|---|---|---|
| | a. m. | | p. m. |
| Norwalk .....Lv | 5 35 | Huron,..... ..Lv | 5 30 |
| Milan ..... | 6 00 | Milan,..... ..... | 6 00 |
| Huron... .. Ar | 6 30 | Norwalk.....Ar | 6 26 |

*Daily.—(Trains Nos. 1, 6, 2, 5, 7, 8.
†Daily except Sunday.

JAMES M. HALL,
Gen'l Pass. Agt.

**Trains Change Time.**

The time schedule of the C , L. & W. railway will be changed at 12:10 o'clock, Sunday morning, as follows: Going north—No. 2, 6:10 a. m.; No. 4, 9:30 a. m.; No. 6, 3:45 p m.; No 8, 7:12 p m , (stops here). Going south—No. 7, 6 30 a. m ; No 1, 9:59 a. m.; No. 3, 3:22 p. m.; No 5, 7:04 p. m.

**A Wife Equal to a Gold Mine.**

Will some of your readers give me a good recipe for making a cold starch? I am selling self-heating flat irons and iron a little at every house and have to use some starch every place and want to know how to make good cold starch. My husband was in debt and I being anxious to help him thought I would sell self heating flat irons and I am doing splendidly. A cent's worth of fuel will heat the iron for 3 hours, so you have a perfect even heat. You can iron in half the time and no danger of scorching the clothes, as with the old iron and you can get the most beautiful gloss. I sell at nearly every house, as the iron saves so much fuel every body wants one. I make $1 50 on each iron and have not sold less than ten any day I worked. My brother is doing well and I think anyone can make lots of money anywhere selling irons. J. F. Casey & Co , St. Louis, Mo , will start anyone in the business, as they did me, if you will address them.

MRS. A RUSSELL.

**Boston Private School of Shorthand, advertises at its own expense for positions for graduates. Terms monthly in advance. No scholarships. 606 Arcade, (Superior street elevator), Cleveland, O.**

**Pittsb'gh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Div.**

# Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

| Westward. | 9 | 3 | 15 | 31 | 11 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | AM | PM | PM | AM | PM | |
| Pittsb'gh lv. | *7 00 | *1 40 | *6 30 | *5 00 | *5:00 | |
| Beaver Falls " | 8 05 | 2 43 | 7 30 | 6 16 | 5 49 | |
| Columbiana " | | 3 45 | | 7 28 | | |
| Leetonia .. " | 9 12 | 3 52 | | 7 35 | | |
| Salem ..... " | 9 25 | 4 06 | 8 24 | 7 50 | 6 37 | |
| Alliance { ar. | 9 50 | 4 35 | 8 55 | 8 20 | 6 55 | |
| Alliance { lv. | 9 55 | 4 40 | 8 55 | 8 20 | PM | |
| Maximo .. " | | 4 55 | | 8 37 | | |
| Louisville .. " | | 5 06 | | 8 49 | | |
| Canton .... " | 10 26 | 5 21 | 9 27 | 9 05 | | |
| Massillon .. " | 10 38 | 5 40 | 9 40 | 9 22 | | |
| Lawrence .. " | | 5 52 | | 9 37 | | |
| Burton City . " | | f6 00 | | 9 44 | | |
| Orrville .... " | 11 01 | 6 08 | 10 08 | 9 55 | | |
| Smithville... " | | 6 20 | | 10 10 | | |
| Wooster .... " | 11 18 | 6 31 | 10 26 | 10 22 | | |
| Shreve ..... " | .. | 6 50 | | 10 44 | | |
| Big Prairie .. " | | 6 59 | | 10 54 | | |
| Lakeville .... " | | 7 03 | | 10 57 | | |
| Loudonville .. " | | 7 16 | | 11 10 | | |
| Perrysville .. " | | 7 25 | | 11 20 | 39 | |
| Lucas ..... " | | 7 40 | | 11 34 | AM | |
| Mansfield .... " | 12 25 | 7 53 | 11 30 | 11 50 | 6 20 | |
| Crestline ar | 12 50 | 8 25 | 11 59 | 12 25 | 6 54 | |
| Bucyrus ... lv | 1 16 | PM | 12 25 | 2 06 | 6 4 | |
| Lima ..... " | 2 50 | | 2 00 | 3 14 | 3 20 | |
| Van Wert .. " | 3 54 | | *2 44 | 4 33 | 10 1 | |
| Ft. Wayne ar. | 4 25 | | 3 35 | 5 30 | 11 2 | |
| Warsaw ... lv | 5 31 | | 4 46 | 6 51 | 1 03 | |
| Plymouth .. " | 6 06 | | 5 20 | 7 33 | 1 55 | |
| Valparaiso .. " | 7 24 | | 6 30 | 8 34 | 3 10 | |
| Chicago.. ar. | 9 00 | | 8 00 | 9 55 | 4 55 | |
| | PM | | | AM | PM | PM |

| Eastward. | 20 | 8 | 4 | 6 | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | AM | PM | PM | AM | | |
| Chicago lv | 17 30 | *3 00 | *11 30 | *2 45 | | |
| Valparaiso " | 9 15 | 4 32 | 1 35 | 4 01 | | |
| Plymouth .. " | 10 38 | 5 45 | 2 58 | 5 00 | | |
| Warsaw .... " | 11 30 | 6 26 | 3 56 | 5 39 | | |
| Ft. Wayne ar | 12 50 | 7 35 | 5 23 | 6 52 | | |
| Van Wert lv. | 2 18 | 8 43 | 6 46 | ..... | | |
| Lima ..... " | 3 15 | 9 30 | 7 45 | 8 30 | 32 | |
| Bucyrus ... " | 5 13 | 11 19 | 9 55 | 10 09 | AM | |
| Crestline .. " | 6 10 | 11 55 | 10 35 | 10 50 | 5 20 | |
| Mansfield .. " | 6 40 | 12 20 | 11 00 | 11 15 | 5 45 | |
| Lucas ..... " | 6 54 | .. | .. | 11 28 | 5 58 | |
| Perrysville . " | 7 09 | .. | .. | 11 41 | 6 11 | |
| Loudonville " | 7 18 | .. | .. | 11 51 | 6 17 | |
| Lakeville .. " | 7 30 | .. | .. | 12 03 | 6 27 | |
| Big Prairie .. " | 7 33 | .. | .. | 12 12 | 6 31 | |
| Shreve ..... " | 7 41 | .. | .. | 12 20 | 6 39 | |
| Wooster .... " | 8 03 | 1 30 | 12 14 | 12 42 | 7 00 | |
| Smithville .. " | 8 15 | .. | .. | 12 55 | 7 11 | |
| Orrville .... " | 8 30 | 1 51 | 12 38 | 1 10 | 7 25 | |
| Burton City.. " | 8 37 | .. | .. | .. | 7 32 | |
| Lawrence .. " | 8 45 | .. | .. | 1 30 | 7 40 | |
| Massillon .. " | 9 03 | 2 18 | 1 03 | 1 46 | 7 55 | |
| Canton ..... " | 9 20 | 2 34 | 1 21 | 2 05 | 8 12 | |
| Louisville .. " | 9 35 | .. | .. | 2 20 | 8 25 | |
| Maximo ..... " | 9 45 | .. | .. | 2 32 | 8 36 | |
| Alliance { ar | 10 00 | 3 10 | 1 55 | 2 45 | 8 50 | 10 |
| Alliance { lv. | 10 00 | 3 10 | 2 00 | 3 15 | 9 40 | 9 35 |
| Salem ..... " | 10 30 | 3 34 | 2 31 | 3 40 | 10 10 | 9 53 |
| Leetonia .. " | 10 45 | .. | 2 47 | 3 50 | 10 25 | |
| Columbiana " | 10 54 | .. | 2 55 | .. | 10 34 | |
| Beaver Falls " | 11 58 | 4 45 | 4 00 | 4 45 | 11 45 | 10 41 |
| Pittsb'gh ar | 1 15 | 5 50 | 5 10 | 5 45 | 1 15 | 11 30 |
| | A M | AM | PM | PM | PM | AM |

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 8 and 15; Pullman Vestibule Dining and Sleeping Cars on No. 9 to Chicago, No. 4 to Pittsburgh where Nos. 4, 6, 8, 20 and 32 connect in Union Station for Car on Trains Nos. 10 and 11.

Dark Faced Type denotes time from 12 noon to 12 midnight. Light faced, from 12 midnight to 12 noon.

*Daily †Except Sunday. ‖Meals ¶Flag Stop.

At Orrville connection is made with C., A. & C. Ry. train for Cleveland by Nos. 6, 8, 32 and for Columbus by Nos. 4, 6, 9, 15, 20, 31 and 32. Nos. 3 and 9 connect at Mansfield with trains over the Toledo Division for Lima and Toledo. Nos 4 and 8 connect at Alliance for Niles and Youngstown.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager, E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent.

8-17-96-C PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

**The Cleveland Terminal & Valley R. R**

"B. & O. System."
Taking Effect November 24, 1895

| NORTH BOUND. | * No. 14. | * No. 4. | † No. 6. | * No.10. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Massillon.. | A. M. | A.M 7 20 | A M 11 30 | P.M. 8 35 |
| Canton .... | 5 38 | 8 15 | PM 12 38 | 4 14 |
| Akron ..... | 6 22 | 9 03 | 1 38 | 5 04 |
| Cleveland. | 8 10 | 10 10 | 3 05 | 6 36 |

| SOUTH BOUND | * No. 1 | * No. 3 | † No. 5 | * No 15 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cleveland | A.M 7 10 | A.M 11 00 | P.M 3 15 | P.M. 6 35 |
| Akron..... | 8 27 | P M 12 08 | 4 25 | 7 31 |
| Canton .... | 9 41 | 1 06 | 5 35 | 8 46 |
| Massillon.. | 11 10 | 2 10 | 6 10 | 9 15 |

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.
Ticket office, C. H. Rudolph's Jewelry Store No. 21 East Main street.

**CANTON-MASSILLON ELECTRIC R. R**

INTERURBAN DIVISION.

On and after Sunday, Oct 11, 1896, Interurban trains will leave the Public Square, Canton, for Massillon, and the City Park, Massillon, for Canton, on schedule time, as follows: STANDARD TIME.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| *5 30 a. m. | 12 30 a. m. | 6 30 p. m |
| 6 30 a. m. | 1 18 p. m. | 7 06 p. m |
| 7 06 a. m. | 1 54 p. m. | 7 42 p. m |
| 7 42 a. m. | 2 30 p. m. | 8 30 p. m |
| 8 30 a. m. | 3 30 p. m. | 9 30 p. m |
| 9 30 a. m. | 4 30 p. m. | 10 30 p. m. |
| 10 30 a. m. | 5 06 p. m. | |
| 11 30 a. m. | 5 42 p. m. | |

*Daily, except Sunday.

All Massillon trains after 8 a. m. connect for the Lake.

For special service, rates and information, apply to F. H. Killinger, Gen. Agt., Massillon

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

## GEORGIA CAYVAN.

**Popular Ex-Leading Lady Who Has Developed Into a Star.**

Among the many new stars of the present season it is doubtful if any one of them has a larger personal following than Miss Georgia Cayvan, for so many years the leading lady of the eminently proper Lyceum Theater Stock company of New York city. There are those who aver that Miss Cayvan is not a fine actress, that her methods are artificial and that in scenes of deep intensity she never even approaches the point of conviction. Despite these carpers, however, there are hundreds of thou-

GEORGIA CAYVAN.

sands of persons in this country who consider her head and shoulders above any leading woman of the present day. Be that as it may, it cannot be denied that her loss was a serious one to the Lyceum company. Her place has never been satisfactorily filled, and it is exceedingly likely that it will not be for a long time to come, if the opinions of the patrons of that unique little theater were to be consulted.

Miss Cayvan's starring tour, so far as it has gone, is said to have been attended with more than a fair modicum of success, and most of the theatrical managerial lights are of the opinion that she will continue to twinkle luminously for many years.

Miss Cayvan has had a long career on the stage and one which should have adapted her admirably for the condition of starhood. According to a presumably authoritative biographer, she was born in the state of Maine in the year 1858.

Originally she was a reader professionally and as such appeared in various New England cities under the auspices of "literary bureaus." Her first experience behind the footlights was on April 14, 1879, when "Pinafore" was first presented at the Boston theater. She was in such goodly musical company as M. W. Whitney, H. C. Barnabee, George B. Frothingham, Tom Karl, Mary Bebee and the late Isabella McCullough, had an audience of about 3,000 persons and as Hebe acquitted herself quite creditably. Her first appearance on the dramatic stage was in a line to which those who have seen her later would naturally set her down as totally unfitted. It was in the low comedy part of Sally Scrags in "Sketches In India" on May 10, 1879, in the Boston theater. Her first appearance in New York was made May 7, 1880, when, as Dolly Dutton, she took the place of Miss Gabrielle Du Sauld in "Hazel Kirke" in the Madison Square theater. Early in the following year she was elevated to the part of Hazel, and in it she traveled through the country.

Early in 1882, when classical "Œdipus Tyrannus," with George Riddle speaking Greek in behalf of Harvard college and the others in the cast commanding the best English they possibly could under circumstances so highly aggravating, was brought out, Miss Cayvan suffered patiently with the rest. She was the original Lisa in "The White Slave" at Haverly's Fourteenth Street theater, New York, and looked the character admirably, as she also did that of the gypsy girl Lura in "The Romany Rye," of which she was the original representative in America. She afterward played for a long while at the Madison Square theater, New York, where she gained great experience under the care of Steele Mackaye and David Belasco. In 1887 she became leading lady of the Lyceum theater, under the management of Daniel Frohman, and was identified with the many notable productions at that house until about two years ago, when she resigned and went abroad for rest and recuperation. She returned to the stage a few weeks ago as a star, and having completed a four weeks' engagement at Palmer's theater, New York, has started upon her tour.

**A Good Joke on Campanini.**

"When I was at Harrow," says J. E. Dodson, "Campanini, then in the height of his fame as a tenor, sang for the first time in that city in Italian opera. If I mistake not it was 'Trovatore.' At the end of Campanini's great aria in the third act there was a storm of applause. All the front seats in the balcony were occupied by students, and it was noticed an almost invisible wire was strung from the middle point of the gallery to the prompter's box at the middle of the stage. What caused most people to notice the wire was the sudden appearance on it of a floral car of huge dimensions, over which hovered on spirals several stuffed doves. The car rode gradually down over the wire until it was in full view of everybody. Campanini's face was wreathed in smiles. He bowed, now with his right and again with his left hand on his chest. As the car approached the prompter's box the singer moved forward to remove it from its trolley. Then was the keen zest of the occasion. Not only was there one wire. There were two. The second was attached to the hand of a particularly stalwart undergraduate. With marvelous rapidity the car suddenly shot back to the balcony. The smiles, I may add, did not tarry on Campanini's face."

**A Marvelous Pianist.**

Martimus Selveking, the Dutch pianist, is the youngest among living adult virtuosi. He is the child of musical parents, his father having been an expert, practical musician and scholar, and his mother a celebrated opera singer. His father gave the boy his first lessons, bringing him to a point where, at the age of 10, he could play well and without effort the first concerto of Beethoven. He was then placed under Julius Rontgen of the Leipsic conservatory for piano and under Franz Coenen for harmony, counterpoint, composition and orchestration. After eight years' arduous study these masters declared that there was no more technically which they could teach him. Selveking went from Leipsic to Paris, and within two years had the proud satisfaction of hearing his own compositions played by the Lamoureux orchestra.

## NINE HUNDRED AND ONE.

**There Are That Many Parts In the High Grade Bicycle.**

Few people, perhaps, among those who are waiting for the $5 bicycle would probably have thought that there are 901 distinct pieces in a modern machine. Of course, a great many of these are trifling and apparently insignificant, but, all the same, they probably require the same thought, the same labor and skill as if they were large and important. These 901 parts have to be designed, patterns made for most, special machinery adapted for some, and on all skilled labor expended, before they are fit for absorption in the machine. Then, further labor of the highest class, spreading over many departments, is required to build these 901 parts into a bicycle.

Despite all that is said on the subject, a bicycle is not comparable, as an industrial product, to a sewing machine. People who instance the present prices of sewing machines compared with those which ruled some half dozen years ago and apply the contrast to cycles are speaking without their book. Automatic machinery in itself can almost turn out a complete sewing machine, but when the automatic machine is finished with the cycle components there still remains a considerable amount of skilled labor to be expended, and on the character of this labor, quite as much as the quality of the material, the status of the cycle depends.

It is in this peculiarity that the cycle differs from the rifle and almost every other sporting machine. Taken as a whole, the bicycle is one of the cheapest sporting instruments made.—New York Advertiser.

## THE BICYCLE ABROAD.

Cycle racing for women is going out of favor in France.

More than two machines abreast are not permitted under any circumstances in Germany.

A writer for The Sketch saw a shocking sight recently—namely, a man in a black frock coat and a tall hat cycling down Glencoe.

Preaching to a cyclist church parade one Sunday, a Church of England pastor chose the text, "Bodily exercise profiteth little."

In France, where the number of bicycles is known because of the collection of a tax, the proportion is only 1 wheel to each 250 of the population.

A bicycle dealer's strike is said to prevail in Madrid. The strikers are protesting against the heavy taxes imposed on them by the Spanish government.

The authorities of Brussels have asked for estimates on 22,000 white enamel plates to be attached to the bicycles of that city in connection with the 1897 tax.

Jerome K. Jerome, the English author, pronounces the product of American bicycle factories to be "utter trash." Americans have the same opinion of his books.

Cycling in Saxony is subject to minute and carefully enforced police regulations, which in many places prohibit altogether the use of brakeless machines.

Scorching is forbidden on all German highways. At very steep down grades the cycler must dismount and guide his wheel until the descent is passed before remounting.

England is beginning to think that bicycling cabinet ministers may have to be restrained. Mr. Ritchie, president of the board of trade, was lately unable to attend an important debate in the commons concerning his department because he was laid up from the results of a fall from his bicycle.

**Folding Bicycle For Army Work.**

A new form of the folding bicycle has been designed by an army officer with a view of making the military cyclist a combatant. The machine is of ordinary low pneumatic type, with a chain gear, but it folds on itself, so as to bring both wheels together. Mounted on such a wheel, the soldier can approach the enemy, dismount and within a minute have the machine on his back, with his arms free to shoot, to scale or any other duty. It weighs about 30 pounds. In view of the high opinion of the possibilities of the bicycle in war which has been expressed by the leading military authorities in this country, together with the active steps that have been taken toward the formation of military wheel corps, the new bicycle specially commends itself to army experts, as well as to cyclists in general. It has been tried in the French army and is said to have astonished the commanders with its potential value in war for surprising the enemy by unexpected attacks. —Exchange.

**Mrs. Parkhurst on Cycling.**

Mrs. Parkhurst, wife of the noted New York clergyman and reformer, says: "Of course I do not believe that bicycling is immoral. I am a wheelwoman myself and believe that the wheel is beneficial from every point of view. The bicycle is a very active agent in the advance of morality. A girl who rides the wheel is lifted out of herself and her surroundings. She is made to breathe purer air, see fresher and more beautiful scenes and get an amount of exercise she would not otherwise get. All this is highly beneficial. I think we can trust to the majority of the girls to come out all right. Only those with naturally immoral tendencies will become immoral while using the wheel."

**A New Bicycle Race.**

A new kind of bicycle race recently took place at Norway, Me. A board track 100 feet long and 8 inches wide was built, and electric wires strung, with 21 buttons scattered along the length of the path. The contestants rode the narrow track, and in passing ran over the buttons wherever possible. The winner managed to ring 11 of the 21 bells.—New York Post.

## JOHN BAIRD, FULL BACK.

**He Is the Star Player of Princeton's Football Team.**

John Baird, the full back who has been accorded large credit for many of the victories won by the Princeton team this season, took his place in the eleven last year. His home is in Haverford, Pa. He prepared for college at St. Paul's school, Concord, N. H., where he played full back

JOHN BAIRD.

with the school eleven. When he entered Princeton, he was given a trial at the same post. Here he showed what was in him and played the position for all there was in it. His work was brilliant, and when the end of the season came he was acknowledged to be one of the best full backs that the Tigers ever had. This year his performances have been even more notable, and he has been pronounced by competent critics the best full back on any American gridiron.

Young Baird is 5 feet 10 inches in height. He weighs 163 pounds and is 19 years old.

## AT THE RINGSIDE.

Young Corbett (George Green) is making arrangements to go to England to meet Dick Burge.

Sammy Kelly, who is matched to box Billy Plimmer in Birmingham, is in England training for the event. The match is for $2,500 and $1,000 a side.

Professor Mike Donovan's boxing class at the New York Athletic club has grown so large that the athletic committee of the club has allowed the professor an assistant.

The Olympic club of London has offered a purse of $2,000 for Tommy White and Solly Smith, or $2,500 for George Dixon and Solly Smith, fight to take place in January.

**Why He Desires Re-election.**

In the statement which he recently gave out to the public President Elliott of the L. A. W. sets forth very lucidly his reasons for desiring to be re-elected. Says he: "I am a candidate for re-election to the L. A. W. presidency for the reason that I have found it impossible to accomplish in one year all that I have hoped for, even though the growth in membership has been phenomenal. The gain for the past nine months is more than 31,000 members, and the gain in treasury is more than $13,000. In view of these facts, I trust that my request for a re-election may not seem presumptuous to those who have only the welfare of the L. A. W. at heart.

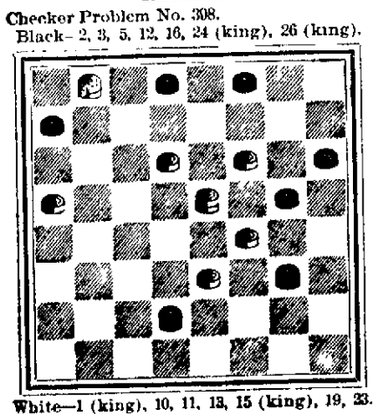
"I have plans already in process, to be explained shortly, which I fully believe will place the league membership at 150,000 by Jan. 1, and being more or less human I naturally desire to have the satisfaction and credit incident to the fulfillment of this prediction, assuming, of course, that present results and indications would justify the assembly in trusting me with the office for another year."

**For Cold Weather Cycling.**

When the weather gets too cold for comfortable riding in the ordinary cycling costume, a newspaper placed between the sweater and undergarment will be found an excellent chest protector, and one will be astonished how warm and comfortable he is with his newspaper.

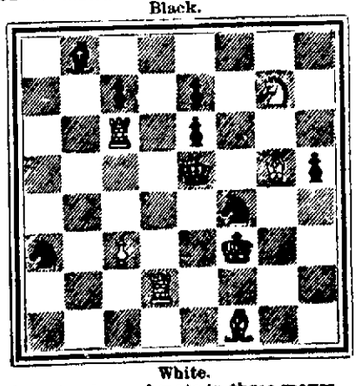
## CHECKERS AND CHESS.

Checker Problem No. 398.
Black—2, 3, 5, 12, 16, 24 (king), 26 (king).



White—1 (king), 10, 11, 13, 15 (king), 19, 23.
White to move and win.

Chess Problem No. 398.
Black.



White.
White to play and mate in three moves.

SOLUTIONS.

Checker problem No. 397:

| Black. | White. |
|---|---|
| 1..23 to 26 | 1..10 to 19 |
| 2.. 1 to 6 | 2..29 to 16 |
| 3.. 6 to 10 | 3..16 to 11 |
| 4..18 to 23 | 4..19 to 16 |
| 5..23 to 18 | 5..28 to 24 |
| 6..26 to 30 | 6 24 to 19 |
| 7..18 to 15 | 7..11 to 7 |
| 8..15 to 24 | 8.. 7 to 2 |
| 9..30 to 25 | 9..16 to 20 |
| 10..24 to 19 | 10.. 2 to 7 |
| 11..10 to 15 | 11..17 to 14 |
| | Drawn |

Chess problem No. 397:

| White. | Black. |
|---|---|
| 1..B to K B 2 | 1. Moves |
| 2. Kt to Q 2 ch | 2..Kt x Kt and mate |


**HIS IS THE TIME**

of year .. .. when men .. and women .. become weakened by .. the weather, and run down generally. .. .. The first parts that the weather affects are the kidneys. The urea is not thrown off, but is forced back upon the lungs, and disease results—caused by weakness of the kidneys.

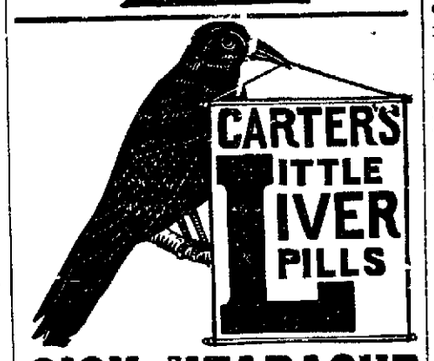
Large bottle, or new style, smaller one at your druggists.

**HERE IS ONLY ONE SURE WAY**

known to medical men for promptly checking troubles of the kidneys and restoring these great organs to health and strength, and that is by the use of

**Warner's Safe Cure**

It has stood the test of time; it has saved thousands of lives; it has restored millions of sufferers to health; it has done what was never done, never attempted before; it has made men stronger and healthier; it has made .. women brighter and happier; .. it stands alone in all these qualities. Do you not think it would be wise for you to use it and thus avoid the dangers of the season? Insist upon having it.




**SICK HEADACHE**

**Positively cured by these Little Pills.**

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

**Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.**

Substitution

the fraud of the day.

See you get Carter's,

Ask for Carter's,

Insist and demand

Carter's Little Liver Pills


**Musical African Warriors.**

Kisawa volunteered to send two men with me to Kasembi's; did not suggest any pay; told off two of his young warriors and gave them instructions. They clapped their hands after each sentence to signify their acceptance of his instructions. Two others have come of their own accord. The only baggage of one is two sticks, upon each of which are threaded four dry rows of fruit, which rattle. The youth owning this property has long hair plaited into ropes, which fall to his neck and form a screen to his eyes. He is constantly keeping the rattle going and singing (principally about me) in a most flattering manner, in which performance his friend joins, but the latter confines himself to singing. He has other use for his hands, which carry two baskets full of manioc flour, a banghi pipe and spare rattles. For the first hour they staid at my heels. All the time they kept up the rattling and singing and told me it was what they came for, and that they would thus entertain me until we reached Kasembi, four or five days off. I spoke to them firmly, but kindly; told them their music was excellent, but must be heard at a distance to be properly enjoyed. The distance I pointed out was about ten miles away. My musical friends took the hint good naturedly, but at times they break out into their boisterous entertainment.—"Glave In the Heart of Africa" in Century.

**His Idea.**

"I want to see Mr. Yerkes," he declared as he entered the North Side office of the street railway magnate.

"Mr. Yerkes is very busy just now," answered the clerk.

"Yes, but this is of the greatest importance. I have an idea that in a certain contingency will add thousands of dollars to the revenues from his business."

"Suppose you tell me about it."

"Well, I don't know about that. You might steal the idea and get the credit for it. Then where would I be?"

"There is no danger of that."

"I can't see Mr. Yerkes?"

"Not today."

After a pause:

"You seem to be a pretty honest looking chap. I will tell you about it if you will come over in the corner and promise not to steal the idea."

The conditions having been complied with, the stranger unfolded his scheme.

"You know those tunnels under the river which are used by the cars?"

"Yes; what of them?"

"Well, my idea is exactly this: If a cyclone should strike Chicago, there wouldn't be any other place where the people could go and be safe. If there should be a cyclone, Mr. Yerkes could charge the people admission to go in the tunnel and stay until it was over."—Chicago Times-Herald.

**Independence of Character.**

Mudge—If there is one thing I do pride myself on it is my independence of character.

Wickfire—Well, a man who lives in the way you do doesn't have to depend on his character.—Indianapolis Journal.


## ONE GREAT DISCOVERY

**Follows Another, Read and Keep Posted.**

The advance in medical science is greater than in any other branch. The discovery of the X rays and the finding of malaria in the blood by analysis are the most recent discoveries, but not the greatest by any means. The discovery of a remedy or medicine that will instantly bring relief to almost any from of disease we think is beyond conception. A remedy that does not require hours of patience and pain before relief comes has been discovered. Pooh! you say. Would you have believed a few years ago that the telephone is such a great invention as it is? Just so it is with the great discovery of Lightning Hot Drops, a remedy that stands today without an equal, without a parallel for the cure of all stomach and bowel troubles, caused by over-eating, indigestion, dyspepsia. Relief comes so quickly you will be astonished, and the fact that it leaves no bad results is the beauty of it. The action of Lightning Hot Drops is marvelous, yet harmless, and you will be surprised to know how many different kinds of ailments you will find it good for, and if you once use it you will have no occasion to keep a cupboard full of different kinds of bottles, for Lightning Hot Drops will do the work of plasters, pills, ointments, tonics, etc., and save you lots of money, for it costs only 25c and the 50c. size holds 2½ times as much as the 25c size, and it is sold with the positive understanding that if it gives no relief your druggist will give your money back. Made by Herb Medicine Co only, Springfield, O.

**Music School of Harmony.**

Room and hours for a few more students in thorough-base, harmony and arranging, call soon. Only a limited number will be taken. Over forty years' experience in playing, teaching, writing and arranging music. Music rooms, 22 N. Mill street. H. C. Baer.

Now is the time to subscribe.

## FOR YOUR OUTING GO TO PICTURESQUE MACKINAC ISLAND.

**ONE THOUSAND MILES OF LAKE RIDE AT SMALL EXPENSE.**

Visit this Historical Island, which is the grandest summer resort on the Great Lakes. It only costs about $13 from Detroit; $15 from Toledo; $18 from Cleveland, for the round trip, including meals and berths. Avoid the heat and dust by traveling on the D. & C. floating palaces. The attractions of a trip to the Mackinac region are unsurpassed. The island itself is a grand romantic spot, its climate most invigorating. Two new steel passenger steamers have just been built for the upper lake route, costing $300,000 each. They are equipped with every modern convenience, annunciators, bath rooms, etc., illuminated throughout by electricity, and are guaranteed to be the grandest, largest and safest steamers on fresh water. These steamers favorably compare with the great ocean liners in construction and speed. Four trips per week between Toledo, Detroit, Alpena, Mackinac, St. Ignace, Petoskey, Chicago, "Soo," Marquette and Duluth. Daily between Cleveland and Detroit, and Cleveland and Put-in-Bay. The palatial equipment makes traveling on these steamers thoroughly enjoyable. Send for illustrated descriptive pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., D. & C., Detroit, Mich.

## Reading Their Doom

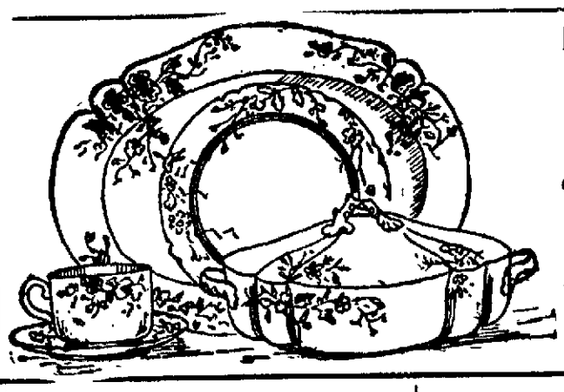
In our Special Bargains for Furniture, for they will be all gone, like the turkey when Thanksgiving arrives.

# Prepare Ye Thankful People!

Attend Our Special Sale.

## DINING-ROOM FURNITURE.

Prices quoted good until the 26th, at 10 a. m. Sideboards, Dining Tables, Chairs, China-Closets, Dishes, 20% Discount.



100 Piece

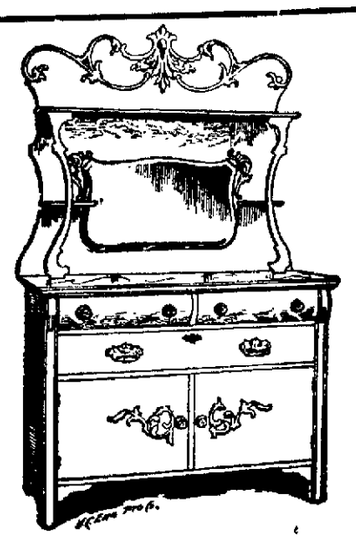
Porcelain underglazed

Dinner Sets

Gold Bands, Hand Decorated,

**$11.50.**

Porcelain China in open stock; any piece you desire.



Regular price $30.00

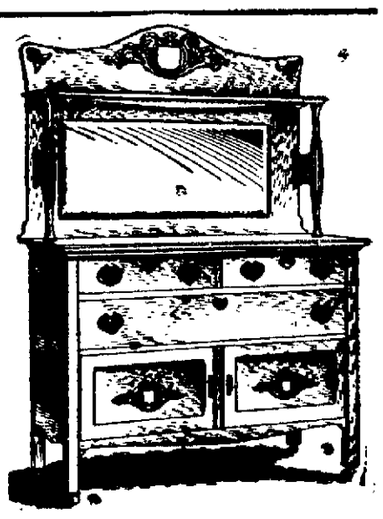
Thanksgiving Price $24.

Handsome polished Oak Sideboards Only $15.00

China Closets

Regular Price $20 00.

Thanksgiving Price, $16.



Worth $18 50

Thanksgiving Price Only $15

## AS WELL EAT IN THE KITCHEN

as in an illy furnished Dining Room. Come and let us show you the finest and largest assortment of Dining Room Furniture in Stark County. Prices will tempt you sure.

IT PAYS TO TRADE AT

# ..Benedict's White Palace..


NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

# CAUCUS MAY BE HELD.

## Differences of Opinion on Tariff Require It.

### WILL BE AGAINST DINGLEY BILL.

**Senator Chandler Thinks the Coming Congress Should Make Provision For a Short Time Loan—Senator Roach Will Not Boelk Tariff Legislation.**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—There is such a diversity of opinion among Republican senators in the city as to the course to be pursued at the next session with reference to the tariff that it is considered quite probable a caucus will be held very early in the session to decide upon a line of action. Senator Sherman is still understood to hold to the opinion that the Dingley bill should and could be passed at the approaching session, while other Republican senators disagree with him, some as to the wisdom of the measure and others as to the possibility of getting it through. It is believed that a line of action can be agreed upon in a party conference, which will be satisfactory to all and which, when it is once decided upon, will render unnecessary such useless agitation. The indications now are that the decision of the caucus, when held, will be against taking up the Dingley bill.

Senator Chandler said that he thought congress should make provision for a short time loan at the coming session.

"I believe," he said, "we can authorize a short time loan, limited to $50,000,000 or $100,000,000. Provision may be made for such a loan to be paid off within a few years. If we have not the money it has to be borrowed and it is offensive to every one to have the government to resort to the roundabout and evasive methods adopted by Mr. Cleveland in the loans he has negotiated. Authority should be given at once for short time loans, so that the government may be gotten out when it finds itself in a hole."

"Would you make any provision for the redemption and retirement of the greenbacks?" asked the reporter.

"No, I am not in favor of the retirement of the greenbacks at this time. At present the banks need them in their reserves. If they did not have them they would have to hold their reserves in gold.

"The thing to do now is to provide means for getting money until we can put revenue legislation into effect. There will have to be an extra session of the Fifty-fifth congress, in my judgment, and we shall then enact both revenue and financial legislation. I do not see how we can accomplish anything as to either of these questions at the coming session."

The senator expressed the opinion that the next session would be a quiet one. "The Republicans are not disposed to crow," he said, "and I see no opening for a rumpus, except between the silver Democrats and the gold Democrats."

He expressed the opinion that the silver Republicans would be admitted to the Republican caucus if they wanted to go in. "We shall not exclude any senator who wants to come in," he said.

"Speaking for myself, as a Democrat," said Senator Roach of North Dakota, "I would not interpose any factious objection to such tariff legislation as the Republican majority might desire to undertake. They say that prosperity is to follow Republican supremacy and I am willing to let them have a trial and if it is successful to give them credit for it. I do not know what general policy the Democrats in the senate may decide upon in this regard, but those with whom I have talked have not expressed any intention of opposing the program of the majority."

### THANK D BY MCKINLEY.

**He Writes to Woodmansee Praising the Work of Republican Clubs.**

CLEVELAND, Nov. 25.—President-elect McKinley has sent to D. D. Woodman see of this city, president of the National Republican League, a letter of acknowledgement in which he says:

"I take occasion to renew to you my oft expressed sentiments of appreciation of the effective and unselfish work of the national and various state leagues."

**A Preacher Murdered and Robbed.**

BLOOMINGTON, Ills., Nov. 25.—Rev. James Miller, pastor of Grace M. E. church of Bloomington, has been found murdered and robbed in an alley at Decatur, Ills., where he had started to visit a son. The revolver with which the crime had been committed was lying by the dead man's side.

**Bayard to Dine With the Queen.**

LONDON, Nov. 25.—Mr. Thomas F. Bayard, the United States ambassador and Mrs. Bayard, have been "commanded" to visit Widsor Castle on Thursday next and dine with the queen. Mr. and Mrs. Bayard will also sleep at the castle that night.

**Labor Riot Near Hamburg.**

HAMBURG, Nov. 25.—While the employes of Thiels enamel factory at Luebeck were going to work a body of strikers attacked them. A number of shots were fired, several persons were seriously wounded and many arrests were made.

**Changes In Chinese Ministers.**

PUKIN, Nov. 25.—Lo Sengle, Wu Ting Fang and Hwang Tsum Hsien have been appointed respectively Chinese ministers to London, Washington and Berlin. Yang Yu, the Chinese minister at Washington, has been transferred to St. Petersburg.

**Pettus Formally Elected.**

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Nov. 25.—General E. W. Pettus of Dallas has been elected United States senator to succeed Senator Pugh on March 4 next. He received 21 votes in the senate and 68 votes in the house.

**Crisp's Son to Succeed Him.**

ATLANTA, Nov. 25.—The Democratic congressional convention has nominated Charles R. Crisp to succeed to the unexpired term of his late father, Hon. Charles F. Crisp.

## TODAY'S MARKETS.

**Latest Reports From the Centers of Trade.**

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—Interest tried to rally, but was only moderately successful. The clique are unwilling to help along the advance as they think the time is not ripe. They can tell better what to do after the meeting of congress or some light is shed on the Cuban question. Sugar opened weak but soon gained strength. The Havemeyers sugar refineries (so says the Tribune) in Kentucky, Williamsport and the Brooklyn refineries controlled by the American Company, shut down last night, throwing 4,000 men out of employment. Chicago Gas sold 1½ ex dividend and opened 74⅛, equal to ¼ up, after dividend being declared, but could not hold, and sold off 1%.

U. S. Leather is very weak; also St. Paul; they had very little support from England. Market in general very quiet and waiting.

CHICAGO, Nov. 25.—Wheat opened very mild and two cents over the close of yesterday, caused by higher cables and reports of over 600,000 bushels exported at San Francisco yesterday. The primary receipts were only 508,000 bushels, against 1,340,000 last year, and the shipments 593,000 against 427,000 bushels. Minneapolis received 160 cars and Duluth 185, making a total of 445 cars, against 754 last year. The receipts here were 40,000 bushels and the shipments 86,900. Cash wheat closed at 86⅜, ½ cent over December, which shows that the wheat situation is very strong, and we advise its purchase. Oats are very dull and a trifle stronger, but trade is very light and the market very narrow. Corn opened stronger, but closed about the same. Provisions were dull and stronger.

| | Opening | Highest | Lowest | Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Wheat.** | | | | |
| May | 84 | 84 | 82¾ | 83¼ |
| Dec. | 80½ | 80⅝ | 79⅛ | 79⅝ |
| **Oats.** | | | | |
| Dec. | 19⅛ | 19¼ | 19⅛ | 19¼ |
| May | 22¼ | 22⅜ | 22⅛ | 22⅜ |
| **Corn.** | | | | |
| Dec. | 23⅞ | 24 | 23¾ | 23⅞ |
| May | 27⅜ | 27½ | 27¼ | 27¼ |
| **Pork** | | | | |
| Dec | 6 57 | 6 65 | 6 57 | 6 65 |
| Jan. | 7 60 | 7 70 | 7 50 | 7 70 |
| May | 7 90 | 7 95 | 7 85 | 7 95 |
| **Lard.** | | | | |
| Dec | 3 77 | 3 77 | 3 77 | 3 77 |
| Jan. | 3 97 | 3 97 | 3 95 | 3 97 |
| May | 4 17 | 4 20 | 4 17 | 4 20 |

Cash Wheat, 80⅜.
" Corn 23⅞.
" Oats 19
" Pork 6 65.
" Lard 3 77.

TOLEDO, Nov. 25.—[By Associated Press]—Wheat 96⅛.

**The following figures show fluctuations of stocks as furnished by T. B. Arnold's exchange:**

| | opening | high | low | close |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| American sugar | 117 | 117⅝ | 116⅝ | 117⅛ |
| American Tobacco | 76 | 76¼ | 75⅞ | 75⅞ |
| Chicago gas | 74½ | 74½ | 73⅜ | 73⅞ |
| C. B. & Q. | 78¾ | 79½ | 78¾ | 79⅛ |
| General electric | 33 | 33 | 32⅞ | 32⅞ |
| Lake Shore | | | | 152½ |
| Louisville & Nashville | 50 | 50⅜ | 49½ | 50 |
| Manhattan | 95½ | 97 | 95½ | 96¾ |
| Northwest | 104 | 104¼ | 10-¾ | 103¾ |
| St Paul | 75⅜ | 75½ | 74¾ | 74⅞ |
| E. S. Leather | 62½ | 62¾ | 59½ | 60⅜ |
| Western Union | 86¾ | 87¾ | 86¾ | 87⅛ |

**The Massillon Markets.**

**The following prices are being paid in the Massillon markets for grain and produce on this date, November 24. 1896**

**GRAIN MARKET.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Wheat, per bushel | 88 |
| Rye, per bushel | 34-35 |
| Oats | 16-18 |
| Corn | 25 26 |
| Barley | 45 |
| Wool | 8-12-15 |
| Flax Seed | $1 00 |
| Clover Seed | $4 00 |
| Timothy Seed | $1 10-$1 35 |
| Bran, per 100 lbs | 70 |
| Middlings, per 100 lbs | 75 |
| Hay, (old) | $10 00-12 00 |
| Hay, (new) | $6 00-$8 00 |

**PRODUCE.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Choice Butter, per lb | 13 15 |
| Eggs, per dozen | 16 |
| Lard, per pound | 5 |
| Hams, per lb | 10 |
| Shoulders | 06 |
| Sides | 8 |
| Cheese, per lb | 9 |
| White beans, per bushel | $1 25-1 50 |
| Potatoes, new | 20 |
| Onions | 35-40 |
| Apples, new | 20 25 |
| Peaches per bu | 50-75 |
| Evaporated Apples, choice | 8-10 |
| Chickens, live | 18-20 apiece |
| Chickens, spring, dressed | 10 |
| Dried Peaches, peeled | 17-18 |
| Dried Peaches, unpeeled | 4- 5 |
| Salt, per barrel | 90-$1 20 |

**Bucklen's Arnica Salve.**

**The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25c. per box. For sale by Z. T. Baltzly.**

**When women are afflicted with nervousness, irritability, nervous prostration or exhaustion and sleeplessness, in nine cases out of ten the source of the trouble is some displacement, irregularity or derangement of the distinctly seminine organs. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures permanently such cases as well as that distressing internal discharge from the mucous membrane, inflammation and ulceration. One of the principal uses of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the preparation of prospective mothers for the time of trial and danger that comes when a child is born. The "Prescription" is strengthening and invigorating and lessens pain and danger. It insures the perfect well-being and the perfect health of both mother and child. Every woman should know these things before she really needs to know them. There are many things in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, that every woman ought to know. This celebrated work has reached a sale of 680,000 copies at $1.50 each. The expense of production having thus been covered, 500,000 copies are now being given away. A copy will be sent to any address on receipt of twenty-one (21) one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.**

**Blood is Life.**

**It is the medium which carries to every nerve, muscle, organ and fibre its nourishment and strength. If the blood is pure, rich and healthy you will be well; if impure, disease will soon overtake you. Hood's Sarsaparilla has power to keep you in health by making your blood rich and pure.**

**Hood's Pills are easy to take, easy to operate. Cure indigestion, biliousness. 25c.**

## THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 24.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 90@91c; No. 2 red, 88@89c; spring wheat, 88@89c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 31@32c; No. 2 shelled, 31½@33c; high mixed shelled, 30@31c; mixed car, 30@30½c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 24½@25c; No. 2 do, 23½@24c; extra No. 3 white, 23@23½c; light mixed, 20@21c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $11.50@11.75; No. 2, $9.50@10.50; packing, $6.50@7.00; No. 1 feeding prairie, $8.50@9.00; wagon hay, $14.00@15.00 for timothy.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 55@60c per pair; live chickens, small, 40@50c; dressed, 10@11c per pound; live ducks, 60@75c per pair; dressed, 13@14c; live turkeys, 8@9c per pound; dressed, 12@13c per pound; live geese, $1.00@1.25 per pair.

GAME—Pheasants, $4.50@5.00 per dozen; quail, $1 50@1.75 per dozen; rabbits, 20@25c. per pair; squirrels, 15@20c; wild turkeys, $1.50; whole deer, 13@15c per pound.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 24½@25½c; do. creamery, 24@25c; Ohio fancy creamery, 20@21c; fancy country roll, 15@16c; low grade and cooking, 8@10c.

CHEESE—Fancy New York, full cream, 11¼@11½c; new Ohios, full cream, 8@8½c; late make, 9¾@10c; Wisconsin Swiss, in tubs, 11½@12c; limburger, new, 9@10c; Ohio Swiss, in tubs, 11½c; Swiss, in square blocks, 11½@12c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh, Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 21@22c; seconds, 19@20c; storage, 16@18c.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 24.

CATTLE—Receipts on Monday light; 80 cars on sale, against 120 cars last week; market steady; prices unchanged from last week's closing prices. Receipts today light; market steady. We quote the following prices: Prime, $4.40@4.60; good, $4.15@4.30; tidy, $3.80@4.00; good butchers, $3.65@3.90; fair, $3.25@3.60; feeders, $3.50@3.90; bulls, stags and cows, $2.00@3.40; bologna cows, $5.00@15.00; fresh cows and springers, $20.00@45.00.

HOGS—Receipts fair on Monday; market ruled shade higher than the close of last week. Today's receipts light; market ruling very slow on medium and heavy hogs; light Yorkers and pigs steady. We would quote: Prime pigs, $3 75@3.80; light Yorkers, $3.65@3.70; best mediums, $3.60@3.65; common to fair Yorkers, $3.55@3.60; heavy, $3.30@3.40; roughs, $2.25@3.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply light on Monday, eight cars on sale; market steady. Receipts today fair; market steady. We would quote prices as follows: Prime, $3.40@3.50; good, $3.10@3.25; fair, $2.60@3.00; common, $2.00@2.50; culls, $1.00@1.50. Lambs—Choice, $4.40@4.70; common to good, $3.25@4.25; veal calves, $5.50@6.00; heavy and thin calves, $3.00@3.50.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 24.

HOGS—Market steady at $2.60@3.40. Receipts, 3,600 head; shipments, 1,900 head.

CATTLE—Market steady at $2.25@4.50. Receipts, 600 head; shipments, 600 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market steady for sheep at $2.00@3.50. Receipts, 900 head; shipments, 300 head. Lambs—Market steady at $3.00@4.40.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24

WHEAT—Spot market strong; No. 1 hard, 94⅞c.

CORN—Spot market dull; No. 2, 29½c.

OATS—Spot market quiet, but firm; No. 2, 23¼@23½c.

CATTLE—No trading. European cables quote American steers at 10@10¾c per pound dressed weight; sheep at 8@8¾c per pound dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 7@7¾c per pound.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market very quiet and steady for sheep. Sheep, $2.50@3.50; lambs, $4.00@5.00.

HOGS—Market firm at $3.70@4.15.

## Notice.

Charles L. McLain, Plaintiff, vs. DeWitt C. Bunnell and Jesse H. Bunnell, Defendants.

Jesse H. Bunnell, residing in New York City, N. Y., and doing business at No. 77 Cortland street, will take notice that on the 17th day of November, 1896, Charles L. McLain filed his petition in the court of common pleas of Stark county, Ohio, in case No. ——, against the above named parties, praying for the foreclosure of two certain mortgages made by DeWitt C. Bunnell to Charles L. McLain and Mary McLain Russell and Charles E. Jarvis and consigned to plaintiff, on the following described premises: Situated in the city of Massillon, county of Stark, and State of Ohio, and known as and being lots numbered one (1), two (2), three (3), nineteen (19), twenty (20) and twenty-one (21) in Thomas B. George's addition to said city, according to the map or plat thereof recorded Jan. 2nd, 1875, in the plat record of said county, book 2, page 79; and also that part of lot seventy-seven (77) of the amicable division or partition of certain lands in said township made Oct. 17, 1848, by and between William S. Wetmore, Richard S. Fay and the executors of Amos Binney, deceased, received in the records of said county, which is bounded as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of lot number nineteen (19) in Woodlawn addition to said city, and running thence along the north line of said lot, easterly, three hundred and two (302) feet, more or less, to the west line of Kent street; thence north on the west line of Kent street to the point of intersection of that line with a continuation of the north line of lots number three (3) and nineteen (19) in said T. B. George's addition; thence west along said continued line, three hundred and two (302) feet, more or less, to west line of said lot number seventy-seven (77), and thence southerly along said west line of said lot number seventy-seven (77), in said amicable partition, to the place of beginning; and also Woodlawn addition to said city of Massillon, as recorded May 22nd, 1873, in said plat records, book 2, page seventy-one (71), containing twenty acres of land, more or less; and also that tract of land situated in said county of Stark and township of Perry, known and described as lot number eighty-five (85), in the amicable division or partition aforesaid and known also as all that part of the northeast quarter of section number seventeen (17) in said township, bounded on its north and east sides by the north and east lines respectively of said quarter, on its south side by the middle line of the Richville road, and on its west side by the east line of lot number eighty-four (84) in said amicable partition, containing thirty-seven and seventy-two one-hundredths (37 72-100) acres of land, excepting therefrom the one and fifty-eight one-hundredths (1 58-100) acres now occupied and used by the Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railway Company, and a strip conveyed off from the east side thereof by M. Witt and wife to Peter Welker, reference being here made to the deed of conveyance for terms and description, leaving in said lot number eighty-five (85) thirty-six (36) acres of land. Given to secure notes on which the balance of $4,433.85 is due with interest at 7% on $4,304.91 from August 11th, 1894, and interest on $68.94 at 6% from February 9th, 1895. Said Jesse H. Bunnell is required to answer on or before the 2nd day of January, 1897, or judgment may be taken against him.

CHARLES L. MCLAIN.
By WILLISON & DAY, his Attorneys.

**What a woman Can do.**

**Last week I cleared, after paying all expenses, $355.85, the month previous $260 and have at the same time attended to other duties. I believe any energetic person can do equally as well, as I have had very little experience. The Dish Washer is just lovely and every family wants one, which makes selling very easy. I do no canvassing. People hear about the Dish Washer and come or send for one. It is strange that a good, cheap Dish Washer has never before been put on the market. The Mound City Dish Washer fills this bill. With it you can wash and dry the dishes for a family of ten in two minutes without wetting your hands. As soon as the people see the Washer work they want one. You can make more money and make it quicker than with any household article on the market. I feel convinced that any lady or gentleman can make from $10 to $14 per day around home. You can get full particulars by addressing The Mound City Dish Washer Co., St. Louis, Mo. They help you get started, then you can make money awful fast.** A. L. C.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**Ely's Cream Balm has completely cured me of catarrh when everything else failed. Many acquaintances have used it with excellent results.—Alfred W. Stevens, Caldwell, O.**


# COMING to CANTON

## ARTHUR LEWIS PAYNE, M. D.,

OCULIST and AURIST.

—AT—

## The Hurford House, One Week,

Beginning, Monday, Nov. 30.

## Deafness & Catarrh no Longer Incurable

ARTHUR LEWIS PAYNE, M. D.

**Cross Eyes** straightened in one minute without pain or use of chloroform.

**Granulated Lids,** Inflamed lids, Wild Hairs, Tumors of lids and eye ball cured quickly and permanently, Pergium transplanted the latest discovery and known only to the most advanced men in eye surgery. EYES TESTED for glasses and a perfect fit guaranteed.

**Deafness.** Ninety per cent of the people suffering from deafness can be cured or materially benefitted. It is not the length of time, but the changes in the ear that makes it incurable.

**Catarrh.** Treatment gives immediate relief and absolutely cures in from one to three months. POLYPUS TUMORS of the nose, throat or ear removed Running ears and noises in the ears cured in every case treated. Under no conditions will incurable cases be taken for treatment.

Consultation Free at the Hurford House one week beginning Monday, November 30.


## Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Martha Barnett, late of Stark county, Ohio, deceased.
Dated the 16th day of November, 1896
ROBERT W. MCCAUGHEY,
Administrator.

## Sheriff's Sale.

THE STATE OF OHIO, } ss.
STARK COUNTY, }

ORDER OF SALE: Waldeutter, Steim & Co. vs. Sylvester Higerd, et al.

By virtue of an order of sale issued by the clerk of the court of common pleas of Stark county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction, at the door of the court house, in the city of Canton, on

**Saturday, December 26, 1896,**

the following described real estate, to-wit:

Tract No. 1.—Situate in the township of Perry, Stark county, Ohio, and being all that part of the northwest quarter of section sixteen (16), township ten (10), and range nine (9), in said county, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a stone in the road running from Massillon to Richville at the corner of lands owned by Sarah Marshall, Agnes Kepler and Dwight Jarvis in 1868, and running thence north 2 degrees, east 5 chains and 60 links, to a stone; thence south 88 degrees, east 5 chains, to a stone; thence north 57 degrees, east 7 14-100 chains, to a stone in the west line of lands owned by Jacob Jacoby in 1868; thence with the meanderings of said last line in a southerly direction 16 1-2 chains to a stone in the Richville road; thence north 56 degrees, west along said Richville road 13 1-10 chains, to the place of beginning, and containing 10 1-10 acres of land.

Appraised at $1,800.

Tract No. 2.—Situate in the township of Perry, Stark county, Ohio, and being all that other part of the same section 16 in said Perry township bounded as follows: Beginning at a point in the center of the road leading from Massillon to Richville one (1) rod in an easterly direction from a certain stone, which stone is or was the corner of Sarah Marshall's land, and running thence north on a line parallel with said Sarah Marshall's east line to the south line of land belonging to the estate of Thomas Marshall, deceased; thence east on said north line, with the boundaries hereinafter described, until the whole shall include one acre of land and no more; thence south on a line parallel with said Sarah Marshall's east line to the center of said Richville road; thence west following the center of said road to the place of beginning.

Appraised at $ .200.

Tract No. 3.—Situate in the township of Tuscarawas, Stark county, Ohio, and being the undivided two-ninths part of all that part of the northwest quarter of section eleven (11), township twelve (12), and range ten (10) in said county, which is bounded as follows: Beginning at a post in the north line of said quarter section 58 perches and 66 links east of the northwest corner of the same, and running thence south parallel with the west line of said quarter 160 perches to the south line of said quarter; thence east along said line 59 perches and 36 links to a post at the southwest corner of lands owned by John Higerd; thence north along said Higerd's west line 160 perches to the north line of said quarter; thence west along said 58 perches and 36 links to the place of beginning, and containing 58 acres and 57 perches of land, except 10 acres heretofore sold off the northeast corner of the samt to John Higerd, subject to the rights of B. G. Krause & Co., under coal leases for mining coal under said land, said leases being recorded in lease records of said county in Vol. 4, on pane ——, and in volume 4, on pages 465, 476 and 477, but excepting and reserving to Bina Higerd, her heirs and assigns, the full ninth part of all rent, rights, roalties, interest of and belonging her under said coal leases.

Appraised at $600.

Tract No. 4.—Situate in the township of Tuscarawas, Stark county, Ohio, and being all that part of the southeast quarter of section eleven (11), township twelve (12), and range ten (10) of said Stark county, and bounded as follows: Beginning at a stone on the north side of the state road in the village of West Brookfield, 15 chains and 14½ links west of the east line of said quarter section, and 2 chains 12 ½ links west of the southeast corner of Victor Kern's land, and running thence north one degree, east 5 15-100 chains, to a stone 20 links east of the center of an elm tree on the north line of said tract; thence west 1 chain and 40 links to the northeast corner of lands of Samuel Lyons, deceased; thence south 2 1-2 degrees, west 3 chains and 15 links; thence south 84 1-2 degrees, east 88 links; thence south 1 chain and 75 links, to the north side of the State road; thence east along the north line of said road north 85 1-2 degrees, east 1 chain and 6 1-2 links, to the place of beginning, containing 64-100 acres of land. Appraised at $2,000.

Tract No. 5.—Situate in the township of Tuscarawas, Stark county, Ohio, and being the undivided one-ninth part of all that part of section eleven (11), township twelve (12), and range ten (10), and bounded as follows: Beginning at a point on the south side of the state road in the village of West Brookfield, 56 rods and 19 links west of the east line of said quarter section, and running thence south 18 perches; thence south 85 degrees, west 3 1-2 perches, along lands of William Henry; thence north 18 perches, to the State road; thence north 85 degrees, east 3 1-2 perches, to the place of beginning, containing 63 perches of land. Appraised at $40.

Tract No. 6.—Situated in the township of Tuscarawas, Stark county, Ohio, and being the undivided one-ninth part of all that part of the south-east quarter of section eleven (11), township twelve (12), and range nine (9), and bounded as follows: Begining at a point 80 1-3 perches east of the south-west corner of said quarter section and running thence 54 15-100 perches north of the south line of said quarter section to a post at the place of beginning; thence south 85 1-4 degrees, west 66 feet; thence north 274 feet; thence south 85 1-4 degrees, west 20 feet; thence north 50 feet to the State road; thence north 85 1-4 degrees, east 86 feet; thence 297 feet to the place of beginning containing 1-2 acre of land. Appraised at $40.

Terms, cash. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m. HIRAM DOLL, Sheriff.
PEASE, BALDWIN & YOUNG, Attorneys.

## Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

In pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Stark county, I will offer for sale at public auction, on

**Saturday, the 19th Day of December, 1896,**

at one o'clock p. m., upon the premises, the following described real estate, situated in the city of Massillon, county of Stark, and State of Ohio, to-wit:

West part of lot "T" of the town, now city, of Massillon, in said county, and being a strip of land bounded as follows: On the south by the north line of Main street, on the east by the west line of the Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago railroad, and on the north and west by the Tuscarawas river, and being the same premises conveyed to George Louis Albright and Otto E. Young by deed, dated Dec. 5th, 1881, from Isaac M. Miller and wife, and recorded in Vol. 128, pages 139 and 140, Stark county records. Appraised at twenty-nine hundred dollars ($2,900.00). Terms of sale: One-half (½) cash on day of sale, one-half (½) in one year from the day of sale with interest, preferred payment to be secured by mortgage upon the premises sold.

Massillon, O., Nov. 18th, 1896.
E. G. WILLISON,
Administrator of David Clark, deceased.


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**C. C. MILLER, Graduate Optician**


## Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of Philip Morganthaler, late of Stark County, O., deceased
Dated the 9th day of November, 1896.
ROBERT H. DAY,
Administrator.

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